ZONING REGULATIONS

Jefferson County, Kansas

Jefferson County Planning Commission

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ARTICLE I

TITLE, PURPOSE, DEFINITIONS, DISTRICT AND GENERAL REGULATIONS

Sections:
1-101 Title
1-102 Purpose
1-103 Jurisdiction
1-104 Definitions
1-105 Districts
1-106 General Regulations Governing All Zoning Districts
1-107 Vesting of Development Rights

1-101 Title: These regulations, including the Zoning District maps and overlays made a part thereof, shall be known and may be cited as the "Zoning Regulations of Jefferson County, Kansas", and shall hereinafter be referred to as "these Regulations."

1-102 Purpose: These Regulations are intended to serve the following purposes:

1. To promote the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the citizens of Jefferson County, Kansas.

2. To create a variety of zoning districts sensitive to the peculiarities of the various permitted uses and designed to protect and enhance the values inherent in each zone; while encouraging the redevelopment and revitalization of the cities within the County.

3. To conserve good agricultural land and protect it from the intrusion of incompatible uses, but not to regulate or restrict the primary use of land for agricultural uses.

4. To regulate and restrict the height, number of stories, and size of buildings; the percentage of lots that may be occupied by buildings and other structures; size of yards, courts, and other open spaces.

5. To provide for adequate light and air, and acceptable noise levels.

6. To avoid the undue concentration of populations and to prevent overcrowding in the use of land and community facilities.

7. To provide adequate notice on subsequent changes to these regulations and an opportunity for interested parties to be heard.

8. To provide information regarding possible flood hazards.

9. To facilitate the adequate provisions of transportation, water, sewage, schools, parks, and other public improvements and services, and to carry out the goals and objectives as set forth in applicable laws of the State of Kansas and the Comprehensive Plan for Jefferson County, Kansas.

10. To promote the achievement of the Future Land Use Plan for Jefferson County, Kansas.

11. To inform the public regarding future development in Jefferson County, Kansas, thereby providing a basis for wise decisions with respect to such development.
1-103 Jurisdiction: These Regulations shall apply to all lands within Jefferson County, Kansas, lying outside the corporate limits of any city.

1-104 Definitions: For the purpose of these Regulations, certain terms and words are hereby defined. Words used in the present tense shall include both the past and the future, and words used in the future tense shall include the present; words in the singular number shall include the plural and words in the plural number shall include the singular; the word "building" shall include the word "structure"; the word "dwelling" shall include the word "residence"; the word "lot" shall include the word "plot"; the word "person" shall include individuals, firms, corporations, associations, governmental bodies and agencies, and all other legal entities; the word "shall" is mandatory and not directory while the word "may" is permissive; and the phrase "used for" shall include the phrases "arranged for", "designed for", "intended for", "maintained for", and "occupied for". Words or terms not herein defined shall have their ordinary and customary meaning in relation to the context.

1. ABANDONED VEHICLE: Any inoperable motor vehicle to which the last registered owner of record thereof has relinquished all further dominion and control.

2. ABUTTING: Adjoining or bordering.

3. ACCESS: The right to cross between public and private property allowing pedestrians and vehicles to enter and leave property.

4. ACCESSORY BUILDING: A subordinate building or portion of the main building, located on the same lot, the use of which is clearly incidental to that of the main building or to the use of the land on which it is located. Customary accessory buildings include, but are not limited to, garages, carports, garden houses, small storage sheds and children's playhouses. On properties zoned other than Agricultural, and especially on properties zoned Rural Residential and Suburban Residential, agricultural buildings shall be considered an accessory building.

5. ACCESSORY USE: A subordinate use which serves an incidental function to that of the principal use of the premises. Customary accessory uses include, but are not limited to, tennis courts, swimming pools, air conditioners, barbecue grills, fireplaces, and satellite dish antennas. On properties zoned other than Agricultural, and especially on properties zoned Rural Residential and Suburban Residential, agricultural uses shall be considered an accessory use.

6. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER: See Zoning Administrator.

7. AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES, LAND USED FOR: The use of a tract of land for the production of plants, animals or horticultural products, including but not limited to: Forages; grains and feed crops; dairy animals and dairy products; beef cattle, sheep, swine and horses; bees and apiary products; trees and forest products; fruits, nuts and berries; vegetables; or nursery, floral, ornamental or greenhouse products. Land used for agricultural purposes shall not include the following:

   a. Lands which are used for recreational purposes, even though such properties may produce or maintain some of the plants or animals listed herein.

   b. Lands which are used for rural residential and/or suburban residential home sites and yard plots, whose primary function is for residential purposes even though such properties may produce or maintain some of the plants or animals listed herein.
c. Wholesale or retail sales as an accessory use unless the same are permitted by these Regulations.

d. The operation or maintenance of greenhouses, nurseries or hydroponic farms operated at retail.

e. The operation of a riding stable, as defined in these Regulations.

f. The operation of an auction sales yard.

g. The operation of a junk yard.

h. The operation or maintenance of a commercial stockyard, feedlot or other confined animal feeding operation.

i. The operation of a boarding or breeder kennel.

j. The keeping of exotic birds and/or animals.

k. The operation of an airport or landing strip.

l. Quarrying or mining activities, even though the reclamation of same may be for water impoundments that support agricultural activities.

8. AIRCRAFT: A weight-carrying structure for navigation of the air that is supported either by its own buoyancy or by the dynamic action of the air against its surfaces. Aircraft includes, but is not limited to, airplanes, helicopters, gliders, ultra-light airplanes, hot-air balloons, and the like.

9. AIRPORT OR AIRCRAFT LANDING FIELD: Any landing area, runway or other facility designed, used, or intended to be used either publicly or by any person or persons for the landing and taking off of aircraft, including all necessary taxiways, aircraft storage, and tie down areas, hangars, and other necessary buildings and open spaces whether owned publicly or privately. Private airstrips or landing fields means those which are available for use by the owner only or by the owner and other persons authorized by the owner.

10. ALLEY: A public or private thoroughfare which provides only a secondary means of access to abutting property.

11. ALTERATION: A change or rearrangement in the structural parts of an existing building or structure. Enlargement or other adjustment to a building, whether by extending a side, increasing the height, or the moving from one location or position to another, shall be considered as an alteration.

12. AMENDMENT: The process of change or alteration to the Zoning Regulations in one of the following forms:

a. A comprehensive revision or modification of the zoning text and/or maps.

b. A text change in the zone requirements.

c. The approval of a Conditional Use Permit as provided within these Regulations.

d. A change in the maps, i.e., the zoning designation of a particular parcel or parcels. This form is also known as "rezoning."

13. ANIMAL HOSPITAL OR CLINIC: An establishment where animals are admitted principally for examination, treatment, board or care by a Doctor of Veterinary Medicine. This does not include open kennels or runs.

14. APARTMENT: A room or a suite of rooms within an apartment house or complex arranged, intended or designed for a place of residence of a family.
15. **APARTMENT HOUSE:** A building or buildings containing apartments used as a place of residence for more than two (2) families.

16. **APPLICANT:** The owner of a tract of land, or his duly designated representative, for which an amendment has been requested. Consent shall be required from the record owner of the premises if the applicant is other than the owner.

17. **ATTENDANT CARE FACILITY:** A facility licensed by the State of Kansas as a non-secure care not to exceed 24 hours excluding weekends and holidays for children 10 years of age and older, or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency.

18. **AUCTION SALES YARD:** A tract of land and accompanying buildings and/or other structures, if any, arranged or designed to be used for the sale by auction of merchandise offered on consignment.

19. **AUTOMOTIVE AND MACHINERY REPAIR SHOPS:** A building used for the repair of motor vehicles or machinery. This shall include, but not be limited to, body and paint shops, glass service shops and auto service centers.

20. **AUTOMOTIVE SALES AREA:** An open area, other than a street, used for display or sale of new or used motor vehicles, and where no repair work is done except minor incidental repair of motor vehicles to be displayed and sold on the premises.

21. **AUTOMOTIVE SERVICE STATION:** Any building, structure or land used for the dispensing, sale or offering for sale at retail any motor vehicle fuels, oils, or accessories, including lubrication of motor vehicles and replacement or installation of minor parts and accessories, but not including tire recapping, major repair work such as motor replacement, body and fender repair or spray painting, provision of rental equipment, or open motor vehicle sales lots.

22. **BASEMENT:** The lowermost portion of a structure partly or wholly below ground level. The term shall not include berm homes or other similar structures.

23. **BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS:** That board created herein which has the statutory authority to hear and determine appeals, exceptions and variances to these Regulations.

24. **BOARDING OR ROOMING HOUSE:** A dwelling in which roomers, lodgers and/or boarders are housed but individual cooking facilities are not provided.

25. **BUFFER AREA:** Open and unobstructed ground area of a plot in addition to any required yards or road widenings around the perimeter of any plot.

26. **BUILDABLE WIDTH:** The width of that part of a lot not included within any required open space.

27. **BUILDING:** Any site-built structure built for the support, shelter, or enclosure of persons, animals, chattels or movable property of any kind, and which is affixed to the land, exclusive of fences.
28. **BUILDING, COMMUNITY**: A building used for noncommercial social, educational, or recreational activities of a neighborhood or community.

29. **BUILDING, COMPLETELY ENCLOSED**: Any building having no outside openings other than ordinary doors, windows and ventilators.

30. **BUILDING HEIGHT**: The vertical distance from the established grade to the highest point on the roof or parapet wall.

31. **BUILDING LINE**: A line, usually fixed parallel to the lot line, beyond which a building cannot extend under the terms of these Regulations. The building line is equivalent to the setback or yard line.

32. **BUILDING, PRINCIPAL**: A building in which is conducted the main or principal use of the plot on which said building is situated. In any residential district, any dwelling shall be deemed to be a main or principal building on the plot on which it is located.

33. **BUILDING, PUBLIC**: A publicly-owned building used or occupied for a public purpose. Public buildings include, but are not limited to: fire stations, police stations, auditoriums, gymnasiums, natatoriums, community halls, maintenance buildings, park shelters, jails or penal institutions, and schools. This shall include privately owned buildings used for the same public-type purposes.

34. **BULKY WASTE**: Discarded or stored inoperative household appliances, disused furniture, disused equipment, junk lumber and other building debris, parts of machinery and equipment, and similar waste not ordinarily collected with compactor equipment; provided that bulky waste shall not mean abandoned or inoperable vehicles in whole or in part.

35. **CAMP**: Any plot, including its area of land and/or water, on which are located cabins, shelters, houseboats or other accommodations of the design or character suitable for seasonal or other more or less temporary living purposes; but not including a day camp, trailer camp, rooming house, tourist home, hotel, summer colony, hospital, place of detention, school of general instruction, or nursery school.

36. **CANOPY**: Any structure, movable or stationary, attached to and deriving its support from framework, posts or other means independent of a connected structure for the purpose of shielding a platform, stoop or sidewalk from the elements; or a roof-like structure of a permanent nature which projects from the wall of a structure and overhangs the public way.

37. **CAR WASH**: An establishment having facilities designed or used exclusively for washing or cleaning motor vehicles.

38. **CEMETERY**: Land used for burial and dedicated for cemetery purposes, including columbaria, crematories, mausoleums, and mortuaries when operated in conjunction with and within the boundaries of such cemetery.

39. **CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY**: A document signed by the Zoning Administrator which acknowledges that a use, structure, building or lot is completed and ready for occupancy based on the information submitted with the application for a Zoning Certificate.

40. **CHILD CARE CENTER**: A facility which:
a. Provides care and educational activities for 13 or more children two weeks to 16 years of age for more than three hours and less than 24 hours per day including day time, evening, and nighttime care; or
b. Provides before and after school care for school-age children. A facility may have fewer than 13 children and be licensed as a center if the program and building meet child care center regulations.

41. **CHILD PLACEMENT AGENCY:** A social service agency licensed by the State of Kansas which receives children for services including placement in residential programs or in foster family homes, or for adoption; or as defined by the state child care licensing agency.

42. **CHURCH:** An establishment, the principal purpose of which is religious worship, but which may include such accessory uses in the main structure or in separate buildings, as Sunday School rooms, assembly rooms, kitchen, recreational facilities and/or library.

43. **CIRCUS AND/OR CARNIVAL:** A temporary outdoor amusement center, bazaar or fair, either involving use of special purpose equipment or conducted by professional operators, or both, and where activities include such things as rides, exhibitions, food services, sales, or small scale games.

44. **CLINIC:** A building designed and used for the medical, dental or surgical diagnosis or treatment of patients under the care of doctors and/or nurses, with no overnight boarding.

45. **CLUB:** Buildings and facilities owned or operated by a corporation, association, person or persons for social, educational, or recreational purposes, but not primarily for profit which inures to any individual and not primarily to render a service which is customarily carried on as a business.

46. **CLUB, MEMBERSHIP:** Membership clubs as defined by K.S.A. 41-2601 et seq. and succeeding amendments, including but not limited to such clubs as the American Legion, VFW, and the Elks, including private clubs operating under the above statutes.

47. **CLUSTER HOUSING:** The site planning technique of grouping dwelling units around courts, parking areas, common open spaces and private drives as opposed to fronting all on a public street.

48. **COMMON OPEN SPACE:** An area of land, water or combination thereof, planned for active or passive recreation, but not including areas utilized for streets, alleys, driveways or private roads, off-street parking or loading areas, or required yards. The area of recreational activities such as swimming pools, tennis courts, shuffleboard courts, etc., may be included as common open space.

49. **COMPREHENSIVE PLAN:** The currently adopted Comprehensive Plan for the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County, Kansas, and amendments thereto.

50. **CONDITIONAL USE:** A use of any building, structure or parcel of land that, by its nature, is perceived to require special care and attention in siting so as to assure compatibility with surrounding properties and uses. Conditional uses are allowed only after public notice, hearing, and approval as prescribed in these Regulations and may have special conditions and safeguards attached to assure that the public interest is served.
51. **CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT**: A written document of certification issued by the Zoning Administrator permitting the construction, alteration or establishment of a Conditional Use.

52. **CONDOMINIUM**: A building containing two (2) or more dwelling units which are designed and intended to be separately owned in fee under the Townhouse Ownership Act (K.S.A. 58-3710 et seq.) of the State of Kansas.

53. **Confined Feeding Facility**: A confined feeding facility, also known as Confined Animal Feeding Operations or CAFO, means any lot, pen, pool or pond: (A) Which is used for the confined feeding of animals or fowl for food, fur or pleasure purposes; (B) which is not normally used for raising crops; and (C) in which no vegetation intended for animal food is growing as defined under K.S.A 65-171d.

54. **CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION LANDFILL**: A permitted solid waste disposal area used exclusively for the disposal on land of construction and/or demolition waste.

55. **CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION WASTE**: Waste building materials and rubble resulting from construction, remodeling, repair or demolition operations on houses, commercial buildings, other structures, pavements, curbing, bridges, and trees and brush; but not asbestos or other hazardous materials.

56. **COUNTY**: The Board of County Commissioners of Jefferson County, Kansas, or its delegated staff, boards or agencies.

57. **COUNTY ATTORNEY**: The County Attorney, or such licensed attorney designated by the County Attorney, responsible for the prosecution of all violations of these Regulations in accordance with the provisions contained herein, and as established by law.

58. **COUNTY COUNSELOR**: The County Counselor, or such licensed attorney designated by the County Counselor or Governing Body, to furnish legal assistance for the administration of these Regulations.

59. **COUNTY ENGINEER**: The County Engineer, or such licensed engineer designated by the County Engineer or Governing Body, to provide engineering assistance in administering these and other Regulations governing areas of normal responsibilities assigned to the County Engineer.

60. **COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER**: The Administrator of the County Health Department, or such person designated by the Board of County Commissioners to administer the Health Regulations of the County or the State of Kansas.

61. **COURT**: An unobstructed open area bounded on three or more sides by the walls of a building or buildings; an **OUTER COURT** extends to a street or yard, and an **INNER COURT** does not.

62. **DAY CARE FACILITY**: A child care facility that includes a day care home, group day care home, preschool, child care center, school-age program, and is further construed to include similar units operated under other names, or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency.

63. **DAY CARE HOME, GROUP**: A premises in which care is provided for a maximum of
twelve (12) children under sixteen (16) years of age with a limited number of children under kindergarten age in accordance with K.A.R. 28-4-114(f)(1). This total includes children under eleven (11) years of age related to the provider.
64. **DAY CARE HOME, LICENSED**: A facility licensed by the State of Kansas to provide for the care of not more than ten (10) children under fourteen (14) years of ages, not more than six (6) of whom are under kindergarten age, between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. This term is further construed to include similar units operated under other names, or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency.

65. **DENSITY**: The average number of dwelling units per acre of land, expressed in terms of "per acre." (Example: 300 dwelling units occupying 40 acres of land is 7.5 units per acre.)

66. **DETENTION CENTER**: A secure public or private facility licensed by the State of Kansas, designed specifically for children who require secure custody and which provides temporary living accommodations for alleged delinquent, miscreant, wayward, truant or deprived children, accused or adjudicated juvenile offenders under 16 years of age pending court disposition or placement in an appropriate program, or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency.

67. **DISTANCE**: Horizontal distances unless otherwise designated.

68. **DISTRICT**: A section or sections of the zoning jurisdiction for which the regulations governing permitted use of buildings and land, the height of buildings, the size of yards, and the intensity of use are uniform.

69. **DOG**: Any canine specie over one (1) year of age.

70. **DRINKING ESTABLISHMENT**: A premises, which may be open to the general public, where alcoholic liquor by the individual drink is served.

71. **DRIVE-IN ESTABLISHMENT**: An enterprise which accommodates the patrons automobile and from which occupants of the automobile may make purchases, transact business or view motion pictures or other entertainment.

72. **DRIVE-THROUGH ESTABLISHMENT**: Any restaurant, financial institution, or product vending enterprise where the patron does not necessarily enter and remain within a building during the transaction of his business. Food vending establishments where the food is not normally consumed within a building or where facilities are provided for eating outside a building are included in this definition.

73. **DWELLING**: Any building, or portion thereof, designed or used primarily for residential purposes, including residential-design manufactured homes and modular homes.

74. **DWELLING, MULTI-FAMILY**: A building or portion thereof, arranged, intended or designed for occupancy by three or more families.

75. **DWELLING, SEASONAL**: A residence intended for occasional, but not permanent, occupancy.

76. **DWELLING, SINGLE-FAMILY**: A building having accommodations for and occupied exclusively by one family. A residential-design manufactured home shall be considered a single-family dwelling.
77. **DWELLING, TWO-FAMILY:** A building or portion thereof, arranged, intended or designed for occupancy by two families.

78. **DWELLING UNIT:** A building, or part thereof, containing complete housekeeping facilities for one family.

79. **EASEMENT:** A grant by a property owner to specific persons or to the public to use land for a specific purpose or purposes. Also, a right acquired by prescription.

80. **EFFICIENCY UNIT:** A dwelling unit, constructed as a part of a residential complex, having a living area of at least 220 square feet; an additional 100 square feet of living area for each occupant of such unit in excess of two (2); a separate closet; a separate bathroom containing a water closet, lavatory and bathtub or shower; and, a kitchen sink, cooking appliance and refrigeration facilities, each having a clear working space of not less than 30 inches in front.

81. **ESTABLISHED SETBACK:** The average setback on each street on which a lot fronts established by three (3) or more buildings; provided, only those properties that are within the same district and within 300 feet on each side of said lot along the same side of the street, but not beyond any intersecting street, are used in determining the established setback.

82. **EXOTIC BIRDS OR ANIMALS:** Birds or animals not commonly kept domestically or that are not native to Jefferson County and/or the United States. Exotic birds or animals includes, but are not limited to: bears, lions, tigers, wolves, and snakes.

83. **FAMILY:** One (1) or more persons related by blood or marriage or adoption, living together as a single housekeeping unit plus usual domestic servants; or a group of not more than four (4) unrelated persons living together as a single housekeeping unit.

84. **FAMILY FOSTER HOME:** A facility licensed by the State of Kansas for the twenty-four (24) hour care of four (4) or less children between the ages of infancy to 16 years of age and unrelated to the operator(s), or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency. Children in foster care have been found by the Court to be in need of care.

85. **FARMERS MARKET:** The seasonal selling or offering for sale at retail of home-grown vegetables or produce, occurring in a pre-designated area, where the vendors are generally individuals who have raised the vegetables or produce, or have taken the same on consignment for retail sale.

86. **FEED LOT, COMMERCIAL:** A livestock feedlot or feed yard as defined by K.S.A. 47-1501 et seq., licensed by and operated under standards set forth by the Kansas Livestock Commission.

87. **FENCE:** An unroofed barrier or unroofed enclosing structure, including retaining walls.

88. **FLOODPLAIN:** That area of land subject to inundation of water as a result of what is commonly known as the 100-year flood.
89. **FLOOR AREA:** The square foot area of all space within the outside line of a wall, including the total area of all floor levels, but excluding porches, garages, or unfinished space in a basement or cellar.

90. **FRONT:** The part or side of any building or structure facing the street or frontage road.

91. **FRONTAGE:**
   a. **Street Frontage:** All of the property on one side of a street between two intersecting streets (crossing or terminating), measured along the line of the street; or if the street is dead-ended, then all of the property abutting on one side between an intersecting street and the dead-end of the street.
   b. **Lot Frontage:** The distance for which the front boundary line of the lot and the right-of-way are coincident.

92. **GARAGE, PRIVATE:** An accessory building designed or used for the storage of motor vehicles owned and used by the occupants of the building to which it is accessory.

93. **GARAGE, PUBLIC:** A building, or portion thereof, other than a private garage, designed or used for equipping, repairing, hiring, servicing, selling or storing motor vehicles.

94. **GARAGE, STORAGE:** A building, or portion thereof, designed or used exclusively for housing motor vehicles, other than trucks and commercial vehicles, pursuant to previous contract or arrangement.

95. **GARDEN APARTMENT BUILDING:** An apartment building located on a lot either singly or together with other similar apartment buildings, such buildings generally being one or two stories in height and having grounds completely landscaped.

96. **GOVERNING BODY:** The Board of County Commissioners of Jefferson County, Kansas.

97. **GREENHOUSE:** A translucent enclosure used for the cultivation or protection of tender plants.

98. **GROUP BOARDING HOME OR RESIDENTIAL CENTER FOR CHILDREN:** A facility licensed by the State of Kansas to provide twenty-four (24) hour non-secure care for not less than five (5) nor more than ten (10) persons between the ages or infancy to 16 years of age, or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency.

99. **GUEST HOUSE:** Living quarters within a detached accessory building located on the same premises as the principle or main residential building for use by temporary guests of the occupants of the premises and which shall not be used as a boarding house, bed and breakfast, or other similar use in which guests pay for their stay. Said living quarters shall not have separate utility services from the principle or main residential building.

100. **HAZARDOUS WASTE:** Any waste meeting the definition of K.S.A. 65-3430 and amendments thereto.

101. **HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY:** Any facility which meets the requirements as defined in K.S.A. 65-3430, as amended.
102. **HIGHWAY**: A road or street designated as a highway by an appropriate local, state or federal agency.

103. **HIGHWAY, LIMITED ACCESS**: A freeway or expressway providing for through traffic in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting property or lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from the same, except at such points and in such manner as may be determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over such trafficway.

104. **HOME OCCUPATION**: Any occupation or activity which is clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the premises for dwelling.

105. **HOSPITAL**: A building or group of buildings having room facilities for one or more abiding patients, used for providing services for the in-patient medical and surgical care of sick or injured humans, and which may include related facilities such as laboratories, out-patient department, training facilities, central service facilities, and staff offices; provided, however, that such related facilities must be incidental and subordinate to the main use and must be an integral part of the hospital operation.

106. **HOTEL**: A building, or portion thereof, or a group of buildings, which provides sleeping accommodations for transients with or without meals, whether such establishments are designated as a hotel, inn, automobile court, motel, motor inn, motor lodge, tourist cabin, tourist court, or otherwise.

107. **INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL**: A permitted solid waste disposal area used exclusively for the disposal on land of industrial solid waste.

108. **INDUSTRIAL PARK**: A special or exclusive type of planned industrial area designated and equipped to accommodate a community of industries, providing them with all necessary facilities and services in attractive surroundings among compatible neighbors. Industrial parks may be promoted or sponsored by private developers, community organizations, or governmental organizations.

109. **INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE**: Non-toxic, non-hazardous solid waste generated from industrial processing and acceptable as material for disposal in an industrial landfill as determined by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment.

110. **INTENSITY**: The degree or level of concentration to which land is used for commercial, industrial or any other nonresidential purpose.

111. **JUNK**: Old or scrap copper, brass, rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber debris, waste, or junked, dismantled, or wrecked motor vehicles, or parts thereof, iron, steel and other old or scrap ferrous or nonferrous material.

112. **JUNKYARD**: An establishment which is maintained, operated, or used for storing, keeping, buying, or selling junk, or for the maintenance or operation of a motor vehicle graveyard. This term shall include salvage yards.

113. **KENNEL, BOARDING**: Any place, area, building or structure where dogs (including those under one year of age) are boarded, housed, cared for, fed or trained by other than the owner.
114. **KENNEL, BREEDER:** Any place, area, lot, building or structure where more than four dogs are kept for any purposes.

115. **KINDERGARTEN:** A facility licensed by the State of Kansas to provide educational programs for children during the school year immediately preceding their entrance into First Grade, and connected with a public, private or parochial elementary school system.

116. **LABORATORY, MEDICAL:** An establishment which provides bacteriological, biological, medical, x-ray, pathological and other similar analytical or diagnostic services.

117. **LANDSCAPING:** The improvement of a lot, parcel or tract of land with grass, shrubs and/or trees. Landscaping may include pedestrian walks, flowerbeds, ornamental features such as fountains, statuary, and other similar natural and artificial objects designed and arranged to produce an aesthetically pleasing effect.

118. **LAUNDRY:** An establishment where commercial laundry and dry cleaning work is undertaken.

119. **LAUNDRY, SELF-SERVICE:** An establishment equipped with individual coin-operated washing, drying and/or dry cleaning machines.

120. **LIVESTOCK SALES YARD:** An enclosure or structure designed or used for holding livestock for purpose of sale or transfer by auction, consignment, or other means.

121. **LOADING SPACE OR LOADING BERTH:** A space within the main building or on the same lot as the main building providing for the standing, loading, or unloading of motor vehicles.

122. **LONG TERM CARE FACILITY:** An institution or agency licensed by the State for the reception, board, care or treatment of five (5) or more unrelated individuals, but not including group boarding homes for minors or group homes for adults.

123. **LOT:** A parcel of land occupied or intended for occupancy by a use permitted in these regulations, including one (1) main building or unit group of buildings together with permitted accessory buildings and required yard areas and parking spaces, having its principal frontage upon a public street. A lot may include one (1) or more platted lots or metes and bounds described tracts, but must be under single ownership and, when more than one (1) parcel, be contiguous.

124. **LOT AREA:** The area of a horizontal plane bounded by the front, side and rear lot lines, excluding any road right-of-way or road easements.

125. **LOT, CORNER:** A lot abutting upon two or more streets at their intersection.

126. **LOT COVERAGE:** The percentage of a lot which, when viewed directly from above, would be covered by a structure or structures or any part thereof, excluding projecting roof eaves.

127. **LOT, DEPTH OF:** The horizontal distance between the front and rear lot lines measured in the mean direction of the side lot lines.

128. **LOT, DOUBLE FRONTAGE:** A lot having a frontage on two non-intersecting streets, as distinguished from a corner lot.
129. **LOT INTERIOR:** A lot whose side line or lines do not abut upon any street.

130. **LOT LINES:** The lines bounding a lot as defined herein.

131. **LOT OF RECORD:** A lot which is part of a subdivision, the plat of which has been recorded in the office of the County Register of Deeds, or a parcel of land, the deed of which was recorded prior to the adoption of these Regulations.

132. **LOT, WIDTH OF:** The distance, measured on a horizontal plane, between the side lot lines, measured at right angles to the lot depth at the established front building line.

133. **LOT, ZONING:** A parcel or tract of land used, developed, or built as a unit under single ownership or control. Said zoning lot may consist of one or more lots of record, one or more portions of a lot or lots of record, or any combination thereof.

134. **MANUFACTURE:** Any method of processing, developing, fabricating or assembling either raw material, semi-finished materials or parts into semi-finished or finished products.

135. **MANUFACTURED HOME:** A dwelling unit substantially assembled in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the dwelling site, bearing a label certifying that it was built in compliance with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards (24 CFR 3280 et seq.) promulgated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

136. **MANUFACTURED HOME ACCESSORY BUILDING OR STRUCTURE:** A subordinate building or structure which is an addition to or supplements the facilities provided by a manufactured home, such as awnings, cabanas, storage structures, carports, porches, fences, skirting, or windbreaks.

137. **MANUFACTURED HOME LOT:** A plot of ground within a manufactured home park for the placement of one manufactured home for single-family occupancy and the exclusive use of its occupants, and which provides the necessary utility services for water, sewage and electricity.

138. **MANUFACTURED HOME PAD:** That portion of the manufactured home lot on which the manufactured home unit, and any attached awning, is placed.

139. **MANUFACTURED HOME PARK:** An area, parcel, tract, or plot of ground equipped as required for support of manufactured homes and used or intended to be used by two or more occupied manufactured homes, provided the manufactured home spaces shall not be sold or offered for sale individually. The term "manufactured home park" does not include sale lots on which unoccupied manufactured homes, whether new or used, are parked for the purpose of storage, inspection or sale.

140. **MANUFACTURED HOME PARK PERMIT:** A written document of certification issued by the Zoning Administrator permitting the construction, alteration or extension of a Manufactured Home Park.

141. **MANUFACTURED HOME SALES AREA:** An open space, other than a street, used for display or sale of new or used manufactured homes and where no repair work is done.
142. **MANUFACTURED HOME SKIRTING:** The enclosing of the area between the manufactured home and the ground with a material designed to obscure from view the chassis of a manufactured home.

143. **MANUFACTURED HOME SUBDIVISION:** Any area, piece, parcel, tract or plot of ground used or intended to be used for the purpose of selling lots for occupancy by manufactured homes.

144. **MANUFACTURED HOME, RESIDENTIAL-DESIGN:** A manufactured home on a permanent foundation which has (A) minimum dimensions of 22 body feet in width, (B) a pitched roof, and (C) siding and roofing materials which are customarily used on site-built homes.

145. **MATERNITY CARE:** A residential care facility licensed by the State of Kansas which includes services to females during pregnancy, or as defined by the state licensing agency.

146. **MATERNITY CENTER OR HOSPITAL:** A facility licensed by the state of Kansas but is not licensed as a medical hospital, which provides delivery services for normal, uncomplicated pregnancies, or as defined by the state regulatory agency. Maternity Center or Hospital-A facility licensed by the state of Kansas but is not licensed as a medical hospital, which provides delivery services for normal, uncomplicated pregnancies, or as defined by the state regulatory agency.

147. **MOBILE HOME:** A transportable, factory-built structure designed to be used as a year-round residential dwelling, built prior to enactment of the National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act, which became effective June 15, 1976.

148. **MODULAR HOME:** A dwelling structure located on a permanent foundation and connected to public utilities consisting of preselected, prefabricated units or modules, and transported to and/or assembled on the site of its foundation; in contradistinction to a dwelling structure which is custom-built on the site of its permanent location, and also in contradistinction to a manufactured home or a residential-design manufactured home.

149. **MOTOR HOME:** A portable dwelling designed and constructed as an integral part of a self-propelled vehicle used for recreation.

150. **MOTOR VEHICLE:** A motorized vehicle with rubber tires for use on highways, including passenger cars, pick-ups and trucks.

151. **MOTOR VEHICLE GRAVEYARD:** Any establishment which is maintained, used, or operated for storing, keeping, buying, or selling three (3) or more wrecked, scrapped, ruined, dismantled or inoperative motor vehicles; provided, however, such term shall not include any location where motor vehicle bodies are placed along stream banks for purposes of bank stabilization and soil erosion control, if such placement conforms with guidelines established by the Chief Engineer of the Division of Water Resources of the State Board of Agriculture and has been permitted accordingly.
152. **MOTOR VEHICLE, INOPERABLE:** Any vehicle that is unable to operate or move under its own power. It shall also mean any vehicle that is in an abandoned, wrecked, dismantled, scrapped, junked or partially dismantled condition which includes having uninflated tires, no wheels, or lacking other parts necessary for the normal operation of the vehicle. It shall also mean any vehicle that because of mechanical defects, a wrecked or partially wrecked frame or body or dismantled parts, cannot be operated in a normal, and safe manner. An inoperable vehicle shall not include vehicles needing only the installation of a battery or the addition of fuel in order to operate.

153. **MULTI-FAMILY LAND USE:** The use of any lot or tract of land for two-family and/or multifamily dwellings.

154. **NONCONFORMING BUILDINGS, LAND AND/OR USE:** The use of a building or land which was lawful at the time these Regulations became effective but which, because of the passage of these Regulations, does not conform to the regulations of the district in which it exists.

155. **NONCONFORMING LOT:** An unimproved lot which does not comply with the lot size requirements for any permitted use in the district in which it is located.

156. **NOXIOUS MATTER:** Material which is capable of causing injury to living organisms by chemical reaction or is capable of causing detrimental effects upon the physical or economic well-being of individuals.

157. **NURSERY:** Any land used to raise trees, shrubs, flowers and other plants for sale or for transporting.

158. **OPEN SPACE:** Useable open space designed and intended for use by all residents of a residential area, including publicly dedicated space.

159. **OUTDOOR STORAGE:** The storage of goods and materials outside of any building or structure, but not including storage of a temporary or emergency nature.

160. **OVERLAY DISTRICT:** A district which acts in conjunction with the underlying zoning district or districts.

161. **OWNER:** Any person, group of persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations, or any other legal entity having legal title to or sufficient proprietary interest in a tract of land.

162. **PACKAGE LIQUOR STORE:** An establishment in which alcoholic beverages are sold for consumption off the premises.

163. **PARKING LOT:** An area, other than a private parking area, street or alley, used for parking of motor vehicles and available for public or semi-public use.

164. **PARKING SPACE:** Any area surfaced for all-weather use, including gravel, sand, or comparable materials, used for the purpose of storing one parked motor vehicle.

165. **PERSON:** Any individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or other business or legal entity.
166. **PLANNING COMMISSION:** The Planning Commission of Jefferson County, Kansas.

167. **PRESCHOOL:** A facility which:

   a. Provides learning experiences for children who have not attained the age of eligibility to enter kindergarten as prescribed in K.S.A. 72-1107(c) and any amendments thereto, and who are 30 months of age or older;
   
   b. Conducts sessions not exceeding three hours per session;
   
   c. Does not enroll any child more than one session per day; and
   
   d. Does not serve a meal.

The term “preschool” shall include educational preschools, Montessori schools, nursery schools, church-sponsored preschools, and cooperatives. A facility may have fewer than 13 children and be licensed as a preschool if the program and facility meet preschool regulations.

168. **RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT:** That which an occupant or owner may desire for convenience to store on his lot, but which item is normally and principally transported for use off the lot on a trailer or other vehicle and which is not used by the very nature and utility of the item in connection with customary accessory residential uses on the lot. Included in the meaning of recreational equipment are such large items as slide-in campers, boat trailers, hang gliders, ski jets, houseboats, pontoons, and boats over fourteen (14) feet in length which require a trailer for transportation.

169. **RECREATIONAL OR SPORTS-RELATED ACTIVITIES OR FACILITIES:** Any lot, plot, parcel or tract of land and/or water; and/or any building or structure, or combination thereof; planned, intended or designed for recreational use. Said activities and/or facilities shall include, but not be limited to, such things as: athletic fields, ball diamonds, golf courses, golf driving ranges, miniature golf courses, swimming pools, natatoriums, tennis courts, racquetball courts, recreational lakes, marinas, racetracks, drag strips, gun clubs, hunting reserves, sporting clay ranges, private shooting ranges, and all common appurtenant accessory activities and facilities such as lighting, bleachers, and concession stands, etc.

170. **RECREATIONAL VEHICLE:** A vehicular-type unit built on or for use on a chassis and designed as living quarters, both permanent and temporary, for recreational, camping or travel use, and which has its own motive power, or is mounted on, or which can be drawn by another vehicle. The term recreational vehicle shall include, but not be limited to, motor homes, travel trailers, camper trailers, pickup truck campers, hauling trailers, and camper buses.

171. **RECREATIONAL VEHICLE CAMPGROUND:** A lot, tract or parcel of land designed for occupancy by recreational vehicles for temporary or transient living purposes, including the use of camping spaces for tents.

172. **RESIDENTIAL CENTER:** A twenty-four (24) hour, non-secure facility licensed by the State of Kansas providing residential care for more than ten (10) persons children unrelated to the operator(s), or as defined by the state child care regulatory agency.

173. **RESTAURANT:** A building wherein food is prepared and sold to the public for human consumption. Restaurant includes, but is not limited to, cafe, cafeteria, grill, pizza parlor, diner, snack shop, hamburger shop and steak house.
174. **RIDING STABLES:** A structure in which saddle horses are kept and/or maintained as a commercial operation, and in connection with which saddle horses may be rented to the general public or made available to members of a private club. Exercise rings and show rings shall be considered uses accessory to the use of the premises for a riding stable.

175. **RIGHT-OF-WAY:** A strip of land dedicated or reserved for use as a public way which normally includes streets, sidewalks, or other public utility or service area.

176. **RURAL RESIDENTIAL:** A lot of more than ten (10) but less than forty (40) acres in size created for the purpose of providing a residential building site, notwithstanding the accessory agricultural use of some or all of said lot either prior to or after the construction of the residential dwelling.

177. **SALE, RETAIL:** The sale of goods, merchandise and/or commodities to the ultimate consumer.

178. **SALE, WHOLESALE:** The sale of goods for resale, or the sale of goods produced or processed from raw materials which require bulk delivery of the product.

179. **SANITARY LANDFILL:** A disposal site in which the method of disposing of solid waste and/or industrial solid waste is by landfill, dump or pit and which has a solid waste disposal permit issued under K.S.A. 65-3401 et seq., and amendments thereto.

180. **SCHOOL:** Any public or private elementary, junior high, high school, college, university, post-graduate, technical or vocational school, offering courses in general instruction at least five days per week and seven months per year.

181. **SCREENING:** Fencing or vegetation maintained for the purpose of concealing from view.

182. **SECURE CARE CENTER:** A secure youth residential facility licensed by the State of Kansas, other than a juvenile detention facility, used to provide care and treatment for alleged or adjudicated children in need of care pursuant to the Kansas code for the care of children, or as defined by the state licensing agency.

183. **SECURE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY:** A secure facility licensed by the State of Kansas, operated or structured to provide a therapeutic residential care alternative to psychiatric hospitalization for five or more youth with a diagnosis of a severe emotional, behavioral, or psychiatric condition. “Treatment” means comprehensive, individualized, goal-directed, therapeutic services provided to youth, or as defined by the state licensing agency.

184. **SETBACK:** The distance between a building and the lot line, or road easement line, whichever provides the desired minimum distance.

185. **SEXUALLY ORIENTED BUSINESS:** See Article 23, Section 23-112(3).

186. **SIGN:** See Article 20.

187. **SLIDE-IN CAMPER:** A structure designed to be mounted temporarily or permanently in the bed of a pickup or light truck to provide enclosed storage space for transportation of property or quarters for recreational camping, including shells and truck cabs.
188. **SOLID WASTE:** Garbage, refuse and other discarded materials including, but not limited to solid, semisolid, sludge, liquid and contained gaseous waste materials resulting from commercial, agricultural and domestic activities. Such term shall not include hazardous wastes.

189. **STOCKYARD, COMMERCIAL:** A penned enclosure, or structure, where livestock are maintained temporarily for the purpose of slaughtering, marketing or shipping.

190. **STORE OR STORAGE:** As related to waste tires, means the placing of waste tires in a manner that does not constitute disposal of the waste tires. Storage includes the beneficial use of waste tires as fences, silo covers and erosion control, and such other beneficial uses determined not to create health or environmental risks by the Secretary of Health and Environment of the State of Kansas.

191. **STORY:** That portion of a building, other than a basement, included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor next above it, or if there is no floor above it, then the space between the floor and the ceiling next above it.

192. **STORY, HALF:** A story under a gable, hip or gambrel roof of which the wall plates on at least two opposite exterior walls are not more than 2 feet above the floor of such story.

193. **STREET:** An easement or right-of-way, other than an alley, which provides principal access to adjacent properties.

194. **STRUCTURE:** Anything constructed or erected which requires location on the ground, or attached to something having a location on the ground.

195. **SUBURBAN RESIDENTIAL:** A lot equal to or greater than one (1) acre but less than ten (10) acres in size created for the purpose of providing a residential building site, notwithstanding the accessory agricultural use of some or all of said lot either prior to or after the construction of the residential dwelling.

196. **SWIMMING CLUB:** A pool and accessory building operated for members and their guests, whether or not operated for gain.

197. **SWIMMING POOL, PRIVATE:** A pool which is an accessory use to a residence and for the exclusive use of the occupants of the residential building and their guests.

198. **SWIMMING POOL, PUBLIC:** A pool and accessory buildings, generally owned and operated by a governmental entity, whether open or enclosed, and for use by the general public.

199. **TAVERN:** An establishment in which cereal malt beverages are sold or served to customers.

200. **TOWNHOUSE:** A single-family dwelling constructed as part of a series of dwellings, all of which are either attached to the adjacent dwelling or dwellings by party walls or are located immediately adjacent thereto with no visible separation between walls or roofs.
201. **TRAVEL TRAILER:** A structure, not to exceed nine feet in width, designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel use, constructed with integral wheels to make it mobile and/or towable by a motor vehicle.

202. **TRAILER PARK:** A tract, lot, or parcel of land upon which temporary accommodations are provided for two or more trailers; such park being open to the public either free or for a fee.

203. **USE:** The specific purpose for which land or a building is used.

204. **USEABLE OPEN SPACE:** Land or water which is free of buildings, structures and/or other substantial improvements and which is readily accessible by the public or residents of a residential development. Useable open space does not include streets, alleys, off-street parking or loading areas, roofs, or slopes in excess of 50 percent.

205. **VISIBILITY TRIANGLE:** The triangular area formed by the intersecting street right-of-way lines and a straight line joining said street right-of-way lines at points which are thirty (30) feet distant from the point of intersection, measured along said right-of-way lines.

206. **WASTE TIRE:** A whole tire that is no longer suitable for its original intended purpose because of wear, damage or defect, as defined in K.S.A. 65-3424, et seq., and amendments thereto.

207. **WASTE TIRE ABATEMENT:** The processing or removing to an approved storage site of waste tires which are creating a danger or nuisance.

208. **WASTE TIRE BENEFICIAL USE:** The use or storage of waste tires in a way that creates an on-site economic benefit, other than from processing or recycling, to the owner of the tires. This shall not include the disposal of waste tires on the owners land simply to avoid proper disposal as prescribed by these Regulations and/or state law.

209. **WASTE TIRE COLLECTION CENTER:** A site where used or waste tires are collected from the public prior to being offered for recycling or disposal.

210. **WASTE TIRE PROCESSING FACILITY:** A site where equipment is used to cut, burn or otherwise alter whole waste tires so that they are no longer whole.

211. **WASTE TIRE SITE:** A site at which 500 or more whole tires are accumulated.

212. **WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM:** The combination of mechanical and structural elements used to produce electricity by converting the kinetic energy of wind to electrical energy. Wind Energy Conversion Systems consist of the turbine apparatus and any other buildings, support structures and other related improvements necessary for the generation of electric power from wind.

213. **WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM, COMMERCIAL:** A single Wind Energy Conversion System exceeding 25 kW or exceeding 199 feet in height above grade, or more than one Wind Energy Conversion System of any size proposed and/or constructed by the same person or group of persons on the same or adjoining parcels or as a unified or single generating system.
214. **WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM HEIGHT:** The distance measured from the ground level at the base of the tower structure to the highest point on the Wind Energy Conversion System, including the rotor blades.

215. **WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM, SMALL:** A wind energy conversion system consisting of a wind turbine, a tower, and associated control or conversion electronics, which has a rated capacity of not more than 25 kW, which is less than 199 feet in height above grade and which is intended to primarily reduce on-site consumption of utility power.

216. **YARD:** A required open space, other than a court, unoccupied and unobstructed by any structure or portion of a structure from the general ground level of the graded lot upward; provided, however, that fences, walls, poles, posts and other customary yard accessories, ornaments and furniture may be permitted in any yard, subject to height limitations and requirements limiting obstruction of visibility.

217. **YARD, FRONT:** A yard extending across the full width of the lot, the depth of which is the least distance between the lot line or road easement or right-of-way line and the front building line.

218. **YARD, REAR:** A yard extending across the full width of the lot between the rear building line and the rear lot line, the depth of which is the least distance between the rear lot line and the rear building line.

219. **YARD, SIDE:** A yard between the side building line and the side line of the lot and extending from the front yard to the rear yard and being the least distance between the side lot line and the side building line.

220. **ZONE OR DISTRICT:** A section of the zoning area for which uniform regulations governing the use, height, area, size and intensity of use of buildings, land and open space about buildings are herein established.

221. **ZONING ADMINISTRATOR:** The person or persons authorized and empowered by the Governing Body to administer the requirements of these Regulations.

222. **ZONING CERTIFICATE:** A document signed by the Zoning Administrator which acknowledges that a use, structure, building or lot either complies with or is legally nonconforming to the provisions of these Regulations, or is authorized by a variance or special exception granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals. The issuance of the zoning certificate authorizes the use of the land and/or structure or building. The final establishment of the activity is by the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy as provided in these Regulations.
1-105  **Districts:** In order to regulate and restrict the use of land and the location of buildings erected or altered for specific uses, to regulate and limit the height and bulk of buildings hereafter erected or structurally altered, to regulate and limit population density and the intensity of the use of lot areas, and to regulate and determine the areas of yards, courts, and other open spaces surrounding such buildings, the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County, is hereby divided into districts of which they shall be in number, known as:

"AG"  Agricultural District  
"RR"  Rural Residential District  
"SR"  Suburban Residential District  
"R-1"  Single-Family Residential District  
"LL"  Lake Lot Residential District  
"V-1"  Village District  
"CP-1"  Planned Light Commercial District  
"CP-2"  Planned General Commercial District  
"CP-3"  Planned Highway Service Commercial District  
"IP-1"  Planned Light Industrial District  
"IP-2"  Planned Medium Industrial District  
"AO"  Airport Overlay District  
"FP"  Floodplain District  
"FRD"  Floodwater Retarding Dam Breach Impact District

1. Such land, and the district classification thereof, shall be shown on the official maps designated as the "Zoning District Boundary Maps of Jefferson County, Kansas." Such Zoning District Boundary Maps, and all symbols, notations, dimensions, and references shown thereon pertaining to such districts shall be as much a part of these Regulations as if fully they were described herein, and shall be filed as part of these Regulations with the Zoning Administrator of Jefferson County. Said Maps shall be available for inspection in the office of the Zoning Administrator and any later alterations of these Maps, adopted by amendment as provided by these Regulations, shall be filed and made available for public reference. The above stated maps shall hereinafter be referred to as the "maps" in this document.

2. When uncertainty exists with respect to the boundaries of the various districts as shown on the maps accompanying and made a part of these Regulations, the following rules shall apply:

a. In cases where a boundary line is given a position within a street or alley, or navigable or non-navigable stream, it shall be deemed to be in the center of the street, alley, or stream; and if the actual location of such street, alley, or stream varies slightly from the location as shown on the maps, then the actual location shall control.

b. In cases where a boundary line is shown as being located a specific distance from a street line or other physical feature, this distance shall control.

c. In cases where a boundary line is shown adjoining or coincident with a railroad, it shall be deemed to be in the center of the railroad right-of-way and distances measured from a railroad shall be measured from the center of such right-of-way.

d. Where the district boundaries are not otherwise indicated and where the property has been, or may hereafter be, divided into blocks and lots, the district boundaries shall be construed to be the lot lines, and where the districts designated on the maps
accompanying and made a part of these Regulations are bounded approximately by
lot lines, said lot lines shall be construed to be the boundary of such districts unless
said boundaries are otherwise indicated on the maps or by Resolution of the
Governing Body.

e. In unsubdivided property, unless otherwise indicated, the district boundary line on the
maps accompanying and made a part of these Regulations shall be determined by
the use of the scale contained on such maps.

f. When a lot held in one ownership on the effective date of these Regulations is divided
by a district boundary line, the entire lot shall be construed to be within the less
restrictive district; unless otherwise indicated on the maps or by Resolution of the
Governing Body.

3. Where a district boundary follows a street, alley, watercourse or other right-of-way, in case
of the vacation of said street, alley, watercourse or other right-of-way, the abutting zoning
classification of each side thereof shall automatically be extended to the center line of said
vacated street, alley, watercourse or right-of-way. Two districts shall be deemed to adjoin
even though separated by a public way or portion thereof.

4. References to less restrictive, more restrictive, less intensive and more intensive zoning
districts refer to the zoning districts established above and represent a hierarchy with
progression from the “AG” District as the most restrictive (or least intensive) district to the “IP-
2” District as the least restrictive (or most intensive) district. Overlay and special purpose
districts are not included in the zoning district hierarchy.

1-106 General Regulations Governing All Zoning Districts:

1. Except as hereinafter provided:

   a. No land may be used except for a purpose permitted in the district in which it is
      located.
b. No building shall be erected, converted, enlarged, reconstructed, moved or structurally altered, nor shall any building or part thereof be used, except for a use permitted in the district in which the building is located.

c. No building shall be erected, converted, enlarged, reconstructed, moved or structurally altered to exceed the height, area and bulk regulations, the parking regulations, or the off-street loading regulations herein established for the district in which the building is located.

d. If a use in any structure is hereafter changed to another, then the new use must comply with the use regulations of these Regulations.

e. The minimum yards, parking spaces, open spaces, including lot area per family, required by these Regulations for each and every building existing at the time of the passage of these Regulations, or of any building hereafter erected, shall not be encroached upon or considered as required yard or open space for any other building, nor shall any lot area be reduced below the requirements of these Regulations.

f. Every building hereafter erected or structurally altered shall be located on a lot as herein defined and, except as hereinafter provided, in no case shall there be more than one main or principal building on one lot.

g. No structure shall hereafter be built or moved, and no structure or land shall hereafter be used, occupied or designed for use or occupancy unless the minimum off-street parking and loading spaces required by Articles 17 and 18 are provided. No structure or use already established on the effective date of these Regulations shall be enlarged unless the minimum off-street parking and loading spaces which would be required by Articles 17 and 18 are provided for the whole structure or use as enlarged.

h. Nothing contained in these Regulations shall be deemed to be consent, license or permit to use any property: to locate, construct or maintain any structure or facility; or to carry on any trade, industry, occupation or activity.

2. All lands used for agricultural purposes as defined within these Regulations, including those agricultural activities that are designated as accessory uses to rural residential and suburban residential uses, are located within an area where land is used for commercial agricultural production. Owners, residents, and other users of this property or neighboring properties may be subjected to inconvenience, discomfort, and the possibility of injury to property and health arising from normal and accepted agricultural practices and operations, including but not limited to, noise, odors, dust, the operation of machinery of any kind, including aircraft, the storage and disposal of manure, and the application of fertilizers, soil amendments, herbicides and pesticides. Owners, occupants, and users of this property and neighboring properties should be prepared to accept such inconveniences, discomfort, and possibility of injury from normal agricultural operations, and are hereby put on official notice that K.S.A. 2-3201 et seq, the "right-to-farm law", may bar them from obtaining a legal judgment against such normal agricultural operations.
1-107 Vesting of Development Rights: In conformance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-764, and any subsequent amendments, the following shall apply:

1. The rights of landowners of properties platted or subdivided for rural residential or suburban residential development in conformance with the definition of said terms in these Regulations shall be protected for use of said land for the intended rural residential or suburban residential purposes for a period of five (5) years from the time in which such property was first platted or subdivided, provided:

   a. Verifiable evidence is presented showing the date in which said plat or subdivision of land was first created. Acceptable evidence shall be: signed and sealed certificates or plats of survey from a Registered Land Surveyor showing the several lots proposed to be created, either dated or dated and recorded with the Register of Deeds; recorded Restrictive or Protective Covenants for the development; recorded deeds conveying land; or recorded Affidavits of Equitable Interest on contracts for deed for said tracts of land.

   b. Within said five (5) year period actual sales occur resulting in separate owners on the tracts of land.

   c. The division of land was legally done in conformance with the then Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations.

2. Except for lots in a recorded plat, any remaining contiguous tracts of land within the area divided under this rule held in common ownership at the conclusion of said five (5) year period shall be considered an unplatted lot, as defined in these Regulations, and subsequent divisions of said lot shall be in conformance with the Subdivision Regulations then in effect.

3. Properties divided or platted for any use other than agricultural or residential purposes shall not be permitted to develop or further develop except in conformance with these Regulations and the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations. Persons who obtain a validly issued permit under the previous Jefferson County Zoning Regulations shall be permitted to develop the property so long as the permit issued under the previous Jefferson County Zoning Regulations does not expire. Failure to start construction under said permit before the expiration of the permit shall not protect the owner from the provisions of these Regulations or the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations then in effect.
ARTICLE 2  “AG” AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
2-101 Application
2-102 Use Regulations
2-103 Performance Standards
2-104 Parking Regulations
2-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations
2-106 Sign Regulations
2-107 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
2-108 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
2-109 Supplementary Use Regulations

2-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the "AG" Agricultural District. The purpose of this District is to provide for a full range of agricultural activities on land used for agricultural purposes, including processing and sale of agricultural products raised on the premises; and at the same time offer protection to land used for agricultural purposes from the depreciating effect of objectionable, hazardous, incompatible and unsightly uses. The District is also intended to protect watersheds and water supplies; to protect forest and scenic areas; to conserve fish and wildlife habitat; to promote forestry; and to prevent and/or discourage untimely scattering of suburban residential, rural residential, and/or more dense urban development. In this regard, all lands used for agricultural purposes, as defined in these regulations, are and shall be exempt from any and all restrictions or limitations. No administrative interpretation shall be made that results in any restriction or stipulation on land used for agricultural purposes as herein defined; provided, however that consistent with state law, new agricultural buildings shall be subject to floodplain regulations and to setback requirements on that part of agricultural lands fronting on designated major roads and highways. Any proposal for change of land used for agricultural purposes to nonagricultural uses shall be subject to the requirements of these Regulations.

2-102 Use Regulations: In District "AG", no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Agricultural purposes.

2. Grain storage structures.

3. Wellhead stations, well separators, tank batteries or other similar above ground facilities used merely for distribution, transmission or temporary storage of oil or natural gas.

4. Oil and/or gas well drilling operations, and temporary on-site storage of oil and gas field-related equipment and supplies, but not a junk yard.

5. Single-family dwellings.

6. Railroad rights-of-way, including a strip of land with tracks and auxiliary facilities for track operations, but not including passenger stations, freight terminals, switching and classification yards, repair shops, roundhouses, powerhouses, interlocking towers, and fueling, sanding and watering stations.
ARTICLE 2  “AG” AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

7. The creation of one (1) additional lot on lands used for agricultural purposes shall be permitted without requiring a rezoning, including those divisions of agricultural lands because of mortgage or lending requirements; provided said additional lot is created in conformance with the requirements of the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations, Article 3-106; and further provided that the lot so created shall not be permitted to have anything but a single-family dwelling as defined in these Regulations.

8. Sexually oriented businesses, but only within the Commercial/Industrial Area indicated on the Commercial/Industrial Area Map of Appendix D to the Jefferson County Comprehensive Plan, and subject to the provisions set forth in Article 23, Section 23-112 hereof.

2-103 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

2-104 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

2-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

2-106 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

2-107 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the “AG” Agricultural District, the minimum dimensions of yards required along designated major roads and highways in Jefferson County shall be as follows:

1. Lot Area: Every lot shall be a minimum of 40 acres. A lot described as a quarter/quarter (i.e. 1/4 of 1/4 of a section) shall be deemed to meet the lot size requirements even though said lot may net less than a full 40 acres.

2. Lot Dimensions: The minimum width of a lot shall be 660 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 660 feet. There shall not be a lot depth to lot width ratio greater than 4:1 (i.e. the depth of the lot cannot be greater than 4 times the width of the lot). In the event of unusual lot configurations, the Zoning Administrator shall determine whether the lot dimensions meet the spirit and intent of this requirement.

3. Front Yard: The depth of the front yard shall be at least 50 feet.

4. Side Yard: The depth of the side yard shall be at least 30 feet.

5. Rear Yard: The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 30 feet.

The Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

2-108 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

2-109 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 3  "RR" RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
3-101 Application
3-102 Use Regulations
3-103 Performance Standards
3-104 Parking Regulations
3-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations
3-106 Sign Regulations
3-107 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
3-108 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
3-109 Supplementary Use Regulations

3-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the "RR" Rural Residential District. The purpose of this District is to provide for platted rural, low-density developments that retain the character of a rural area with very limited residential development. This District is intended to accommodate low-density rural residential development and to serve as a transition from agricultural lands to more dense, suburban development. Hence, it is suitable in rural locations where adequate roads and services are available, but it is not suitable in all rural locations. It is inappropriate in areas predominately agricultural in character where services are adequate only to meet the needs of farm residences and farm operations.

3-102 Use Regulations: In District "RR," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

2. Wellhead stations, well separators, tank batteries or other similar above ground facilities used merely for distribution, transmission or temporary storage of oil or natural gas.
3. Oil and/or gas well drilling operations, and temporary on-site storage of oil and gas field-related equipment and supplies, but not a junkyard.
4. Railroad rights-of-way, including a strip of land with tracks and auxiliary facilities for track operations, but not including passenger stations, freight terminals, switching and classification yards, repair shops, roundhouses, powerhouses, interlocking towers, and fueling, sanding and watering stations.

3-103 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

3-104 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

3-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

3-106 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.
3-107 **Height, Area and Bulk Regulations:** In the "RR" Rural Residential District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area per family permitted on any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Nonagricultural buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 2-1/2 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 50 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** There shall be a side yard on each side of a dwelling. No side yard shall be less than 20 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 30 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 330 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 330 feet. There shall not be a lot depth to lot width ratio greater than 4:1 (i.e. the depth of the lot cannot be greater than 4 times the width of the lot). In the event of unusual lot configurations, the Zoning Administrator shall determine whether the lot dimensions meet the spirit and intent of this requirement.

6. **Lot Area Per Family:** Every dwelling hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of 435,600 square feet or 10 acres per family.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

3-108 **Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations:** The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

3-109 **Supplementary Use Regulations:** The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 4  “SR” SUBURBAN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
4-101 Application
4-102 Use Regulations
4-103 Performance Standards
4-104 Parking Regulations
4-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations
4-106 Sign Regulations
4-107 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
4-108 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
4-109 Supplementary Use Regulations

4-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the "SR" Suburban Residential District. The purpose of this District is to provide for the platted development of low-density residential neighborhoods that retain the character of the basically rural area and yet allow an influx of residential development. This district is limited to those areas of Jefferson County where adequate water, sewage disposal and other infrastructure presently exists; or may be approved outside such areas only when adequate water, sewage disposal and other infrastructure, as well as the delivery of support services can be demonstrated and proved to the satisfaction of the County. The density of any individual proposed development shall be determined by the adequacy of the site to meet the development standards and policies of these and all other Jefferson County rules and regulations, including but not limited to the Subdivision Regulations, Environmental/Sanitary Code, soil suitability classification, and other such factors that will justify and support such proposed density. The burden of proof for such proposed density shall be on the person proposing the development and the County may require any and all such proof deemed necessary before any approval of the project may be granted.

4-102 Use Regulations: In District "SR," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the more of the following uses:


2. Railroad rights-of-way, including a strip of land with tracks and auxiliary facilities for track operations, but not including passenger stations, freight terminals, switching and classifications yards, repair shops, roundhouses, powerhouses, interlocking towers, and fueling, sanding and watering stations.

3. Temporary buildings, the uses of which are incidental to construction operations or sale of lots during development being conducted on the same or adjoining tract or subdivision, but not for use as a residence; and which shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of such construction, or upon the expiration of a period of one year from the time of erection of such temporary buildings, whichever is sooner.

4-103 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

4-104 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 4  “SR” SUBURBAN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

4-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

4-106 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

4-107 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the “SR” Rural Residential District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area per family permitted on any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 2-1/2 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 25 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** The depth of the side yard shall be at least 10 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 165 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 250 feet. There shall not be a lot width to lot depth ratio greater than 3:1 (i.e. the depth of the lot cannot be greater than 3 times the width of the lot). In the event of unusual lot configurations, the Zoning Administrator shall determine whether the lot dimensions meet the spirit and intent of this requirement.

6. **Lot Area Per Family:** Every dwelling hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of 43,560 square feet or 1 acre per family.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

4-108 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

4-109 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 5  "R-1" SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
5-101 Application
5-102 Use Regulations
5-103 Performance Standards
5-104 Parking Regulations
5-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations
5-106 Sign Regulations
5-107 Height, Area, and Bulk Regulations
5-108 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
5-109 Supplementary Use Regulations

5-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations, when referred to in this Article are the regulations in the "R-1" Single-Family Residential District. The purpose of this District is to provide for platted single-family residential development of a more urban character where public sanitary sewers and water, and other necessary public utilities and services are present to support the development. As such, it is intended to be used only where such public utilities and services are present to serve such development. The District is also designed to protect and preserve existing development of a similar character.

5-102 Use Regulations: In District "R-1," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:


2. Railroad rights-of-way, including a strip of land with tracks and auxiliary facilities for track operations, but not including passenger stations, freight terminals, switching and classifications yards, repair shops, roundhouses, powerhouses, interlocking towers, and fueling, sanding, and watering stations.

3. Temporary buildings, the uses of which are incidental to construction operations or sale of lots during development being conducted on the same or adjoining tract or subdivision, but not for use as a residence; and which shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of such construction, or upon the expiration of a period of one year from the time of erection of such temporary buildings, whichever is sooner.

5-103 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

5-104 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

5-105 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

5-106 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

5-107 Height, Area, and Bulk Regulations: In the "R-1" Single-Family Residential District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area per family permitted on any lot shall be as follows:
1. **Height:** Buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 2-1/2 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 25 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** The depth of the side yard shall be at least 10 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 100 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 150 feet.

6. **Lot Area Per Family:** Every dwelling hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, shall provide a minimum lot area of 20,000 square feet per family.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

5-108 **Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations:** Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

5-109 **Supplementary Use Regulations:** Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 6  “LL” SINGLE-FAMILY LAKE LOT RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
6-101  Application
6-102  Use Regulations
6-103  Performance Standards
6-104  Parking Regulations
6-105  Off-Street Loading Regulations
6-106  Sign Regulations
6-107  Height, Area, and Bulk Regulations
6-108  Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
6-109  Supplementary Use Regulations

6-101  Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations, when referred to in this Article are the regulations in the “LL” Single-Family Lake Lot Residential District. The purpose of this District is to establish a district that recognizes the lake lots previously created and to maintain overall densities and development standards historically contained within those developments. The District is not to be used for the creation of additional lots of a similar nature.

6-102  Use Regulations: In District "LL," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:


2. Railroad rights-of-way, including a strip of land with tracks and auxiliary facilities for track operations, but not including passenger stations, freight terminals, switching and classifications yards, repair shops, roundhouses, powerhouses, interlocking towers, and fueling, sanding, and watering stations.

3. Temporary buildings, the uses of which are incidental to construction operations or sale of lots during development being conducted on the same or adjoining tract or subdivision, but not for use as a residence; and which shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of such construction, or upon the expiration of a period of one year from the time of erection of such temporary buildings, whichever is sooner.

6-103  Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

6-104  Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

6-105  Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

6-106  Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

6-107  Height, Area, and Bulk Regulations: In the "LL" Single-Family Lake Lot Residential District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area per family permitted on any lot shall be as follows:

1. Height: Buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 2-1/2 stories in height.
2. **Front Yard**: The depth of the front yard shall be at least 30 feet.

3. **Side Yard**: There shall be a side yard on each side of a dwelling. No side yard shall be less than 10 feet.

4. **Rear Yard**: The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 30 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions**: The minimum width of a lot shall be 50 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 100 feet.

6. **Lot Area Per Family**: Every dwelling hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, shall provide a minimum lot area of 5,000 square feet per family.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

6-108 **Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations**: Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

6-109 **Supplementary Use Regulations**: Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 7

“V-1” VILLAGE DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
7-101  Application
7-102  Use Regulations
7-103  Performance Standards
7-104  Parking Regulations
7-105  Off-Street Loading Regulations
7-106  Sign Regulations
7-107  Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
7-108  Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
7-109  Supplementary Use Regulations

7-101  Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the “V-1” Village District. This District is designed to encourage the continued existence of small unincorporated "villages" (i.e. town sites platted many years ago and intended to become cities, but which never incorporated or became cities) by placing very narrow restrictions on their use and further development. No development of new "villages" is contemplated under these provisions and only fill-in type development of existing "villages" with low intensity uses is intended.

7-102  Use Regulations: In District "V-1," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Any use permitted in the “R-1” Single-Family Residential District.

2. All other uses, including any proposed commercial and industrial uses, shall require a Conditional Use Permit.

7-103  Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

7-104  Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

7-105  Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

7-106  Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

7-107  Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the "V-1" Village District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area permitted on any lot shall be as follows:

1. Height: Buildings and structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 2-1/2 stories in height.

2. Front Yard: The depth of the front yard shall be at least 15 feet.

3. Side Yard: There shall be a side yard on each side of a building. No side yard shall be less than 10 feet.

4. Rear Yard: The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 15 feet.
5. **Lot Dimensions**: No minimum lot dimensions are established, however, it is anticipated that every lot shall provide sufficient setbacks as specified herein and still provide adequate building area.

6. **Lot Area**: No minimum lot area is established, however, it is expected that sufficient area will be provided to meet the requirements established herein and provide for the proper provision for safe water and the sanitary disposal of sewage in accordance with the Jefferson County Environmental/Sanitary Code.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

7-108 **Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations**: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

7-109 **Supplementary Use Regulations**: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
Sections:
8-101 Application
8-102 Use Regulations
8-103 Plan Approval Guidelines
8-104 Performance Standards
8-105 Parking Regulations
8-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations
8-107 Sign Regulations
8-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
8-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
8-110 Supplementary Use Regulations

8-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the "CP-1" Planned Light Commercial District. The purpose of this District is to provide for limited retail shopping and personal service uses to be developed either as a unit or in individual parcels to serve the needs of nearby residential areas. Such development shall be restricted to those areas of unincorporated Jefferson County that are shown on the Future Commercial/Industrial Development Map in the Jefferson County Comprehensive Plan and should be at or near the intersection of paved roads, accessible to public water, and supportable without major on-site wastewater treatment systems.

8-102 Use Regulations: In District "CP-1," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Convenience food stores, provided the structure shall not exceed 5,000 square feet in area.
2. Offices for insurance agencies, real estate agencies and similar uses; but not for medical clinics or other medical uses.
3. Retail stores and shops which supply the regular and customary needs of the residents of the general area and which are primarily for their convenience, including but not limited to, the following:
   - Antique shop
   - Appliance store and/or repair shops
   - Art school, gallery or museum
   - Artist materials, supply, studio
   - Baby shop
   - Bakery goods store
   - Barber shop
   - Beauty shop
   - Book and stationery store
   - Camera shop
   - Candy shop
   - Cleaning, pressing, laundry collection agency
   - Clothing and apparel store
   - Curio or gift shop
   - Dairy products or ice cream store
   - Florist shop
   - Newspaper or magazine sales
Optical sales and service  
Painting and/or decorating shop  
Pet shops  
Pharmacy  
Shoe store or repair shop  
Tailor shop

4. Sexually oriented businesses, subject to the provisions set forth in Article 23, Section 23-112 hereof.

8-103 **Plan Approval Guidelines:** The Plan Approval Guidelines, including site plan submission and content requirements, are contained in Article 16 of these Regulations.

8-104 **Performance Standards:** The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

8-105 **Parking Regulations:** The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

8-106 **Off-Street Loading Regulations:** The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

8-107 **Sign Regulations:** The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

8-108 **Height, Area and Bulk Regulations:** In the "CP-1" Planned Neighborhood Commercial District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area on any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Buildings or structures shall not exceed 30 feet and/or 2 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 20 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** There shall be a side yard on each side of a building. No side yard shall be less than 20 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be at least 165 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be at least 200 feet.

6. **Lot Area:** Every building hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of one (1) acre or 43,560 square feet.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

8-109 **Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations:** The Supplementary Height, Area
and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

8-110 **Supplementary Use Regulations:** The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
Sections:
9-101 Application
9-102 Use Regulations
9-103 Plan Approval Guidelines
9-104 Performance Standards
9-105 Parking Regulations
9-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations
9-107 Sign Regulations
9-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
9-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
9-110 Supplementary Use Regulations

9-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the "CP-2" Planned General Commercial District. The purpose of this District is to provide sufficient space in appropriate locations for certain commercial and service activities within the County. Such development shall be restricted to those areas of unincorporated Jefferson County that are shown on the Future Commercial/Industrial Development Map in the Jefferson County Comprehensive Plan and shall be at or near the intersection of paved roads, be accessible to public water, and have access to public sewers or advanced on-site wastewater treatment systems.

9-102 Use Regulations: In District "CP-2," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Any use permitted in the "CP-1" Planned Light Commercial District.
2. Lawn and garden supply sales and service, including storage yards.
3. Rental equipment centers, but not including concrete mixing and sales.
4. All other commercial or retail stores and activities not otherwise prohibited or restricted by these Regulations, except those uses enumerated as permitted in the “CP-3” Planned Highway Service District or as requiring a Conditional Use Permit, including but not limited to the following:

   Auto supply store
   Banking and/or financial institutions
   Building materials sales
   Car wash
   Catering establishment
   Department store
   Dry goods store
   Furniture store
   General service and repair establishment
   Grocery store or supermarket
   Hardware store
   Lumber yard
   Meat market, including processing facilities
   Monument engraving, finishing and sales
   Radio and television sales and/or service
Restaurant, including drive-through and drive-up establishments
Sewing machines sales, service and/or instruction
Sporting goods sales
Tire sales and service, but not vulcanizing, manufacture or waste tire collection or processing
Variety store

5. Membership clubs, drinking establishments, taverns, or other places that serve alcohol for consumption on the premises with the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit following the provisions of Article 23.

6. Sexually oriented businesses, subject to the provisions set forth in Article 23, Section 23-112 hereof.

9-103 Plan Approval Guidelines: The Plan Approval Guidelines, including site plan submission and content requirements, are contained in Article 16 of these Regulations.

9-104 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

9-105 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

9-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

9-107 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

9-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the “CP-2” Planned General Commercial District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area on any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 3 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 20 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** There shall be a side yard on each side of a building. No side yard shall be less than 20 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 165 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 200 feet.

6. **Lot Area:** Every building hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of one (1) acre or 43,560 square feet.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.
9-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

9-110 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 10  “CP-3” PLANNED HIGHWAY SERVICE COMMERCIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
10-101  Application
10-102  Use Regulations
10-103  Plan Approval Guidelines
10-104  Performance Standards
10-105  Parking Regulations
10-106  Off-Street Loading Regulations
10-107  Sign Regulations
10-108  Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
10-109  Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
10-110  Supplementary Use Regulations

10-101  Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the “CP-3” Planned Highway Service Commercial District. The purpose of this District is to provide space in appropriate locations, along the existing major highways or major paved county roads for those uses of a more intensive nature that are clearly commercial in nature but which require more land area to function efficiently. Such development shall be restricted to those areas of unincorporated Jefferson County that are shown on the Future Commercial/Industrial Development Map in the Jefferson County Comprehensive Plan and shall be at or near the intersection of paved roads, be accessible to public water, and have access to public sewers or advanced on-site wastewater treatment systems.

10-102  Use Regulations: In District “CP-3,” no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1.  Any use permitted in the "CP-2" Planned General Commercial District.
2.  Boat sales and service, including storage yard.
3.  Farm machinery sales and service, including storage yard.
4.  Hotels, motels, and motor hotels.
5.  Manufactured home and trailer sales and service, including display yard.
6.  Motor vehicle sales, service and/or repair, including used car sales.
7.  Sexually oriented businesses, subject to the provisions set forth in Article 23, Section 23-112 hereof.

10-103  Plan Approval Guidelines: The Plan Approval Guidelines, including site plan submission and content requirements, are contained in Article 16 of these Regulations.

10-104  Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

10-105  Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.
10-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

10-107 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

10-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the "CP-3" Planned Highway Service Commercial District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area on any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet and/or 3 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 20 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** There shall be a side yard on each side of a building. No side yard shall be less than 20 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 250 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 300 feet.

6. **Lot Area:** Every building hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of two (2) acres or 87,120 square feet.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

10-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

10-110 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
### ARTICLE II  “IP-1” PLANNED LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

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**11-101 Application:** The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the “IP-1” Planned Light Industrial District. This District is intended primarily for light manufacturing, fabricating, warehousing, and wholesale distributing in low buildings with off-street loading and off-street parking for employees, and with access by major streets and/or railroads. This district is intended to be established mainly as an Industrial Park and not for use on individual lots or tracts. Such development shall be accessible to public water and have access to public sewers or advanced on-site wastewater treatment systems.

**11-102 Use Regulations:** In District “IP-1,” no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Manufacturing, processing, fabrication and assembling of any commodity except junk or salvage and except the uses enumerated as permitted in District "IP-2" or requiring a Conditional Use Permit.

2. Warehousing, wholesaling and storage of any commodity except junk or salvage and except the uses enumerated as permitted in District "IP-2" or requiring a Conditional Use Permit.

3. Dwellings for resident night watchmen and caretakers employed on the premises.

4. Laboratories, research, experimental, or testing.

5. Offices and office buildings.

6. Restaurants and automatic food and beverage vending machines.

7. Railroad right-of-ways, including a strip of land with tracks and auxiliary facilities for track operations, but not including passenger stations, freight terminals, switching and classifications yards, repair shops, roundhouses, powerhouses, interlocking towers, and fueling, sanding, and watering stations.

8. Sexually oriented businesses with the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit following the provisions of Article 23.

**11-103 Plan Approval Guidelines:** The Plan Approval Guidelines, including site plan submission and content requirements, are contained in Article 16 of these Regulations.
11-104 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

11-105 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.

11-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

11-107 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

11-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the "IP-1" Planned Light Industrial District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area of any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Buildings and structures shall not exceed 30 feet and/or 2 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 20 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** There shall be a side yard on each side of a building. No side yard shall be less than 15 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 250 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 300 feet.

6. **Lot Area:** Every building hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of two (2) acres or 87,120 square feet.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

11-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

11-110 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
Sections:
12-101 Application
12-102 Use Regulations
12-103 Plan Approval Guidelines
12-104 Performance Standards
12-105 Parking Regulations
12-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations
12-107 Sign Regulations
12-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
12-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations
12-110 Supplementary Use Regulations

12-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the "IP-2" Planned Medium Industrial District. This District provides for industrial operations that are more intensive in nature and, as a result, require more consideration in siting, and greater access to major facilities and services such as highways, railroads, utilities, etc. Such development shall be accessible to public water and have access to public sewers or advanced on-site wastewater treatment systems.

12-102 Use Regulations: In District "IP-2," no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Any use permitted in "IP-1" Planned Light Industrial District.
2. Book or publishing plants.
3. Cold storage and ice plants.
4. Furniture refinishing.
5. Industrial machinery sales and service.
7. Metal fabrication.
9. Sexually oriented businesses, subject to the provisions set forth in Article 23, Section 23-112 hereof.

12-103 Plan Approval Guidelines: The Plan Approval Guidelines, including site plan submission and content requirements, are contained in Article 16 of these Regulations.

12-104 Performance Standards: The Performance Standards for permitted uses are contained in Article 17 of these Regulations.

12-105 Parking Regulations: The Parking Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 18 of these Regulations.
12-106 Off-Street Loading Regulations: The Off-Street Loading Regulations for permitted uses are contained in Article 19 of these Regulations.

12-107 Sign Regulations: The Sign Regulations are contained in Article 20 of these Regulations.

12-108 Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: In the "IP-2" Heavy Industrial District, the height of buildings, the minimum dimensions of lots and yards, and the minimum lot area of any lot shall be as follows:

1. **Height:** Buildings or structures shall not exceed 30 feet and/or 2 stories in height.

2. **Front Yard:** The depth of the front yard shall be at least 20 feet.

3. **Side Yard:** There shall be a side yard on each side of a building. No side yard shall be less than 15 feet.

4. **Rear Yard:** The depth of the rear yard shall be at least 20 feet.

5. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 250 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 300 feet.

6. **Lot Area:** Every building hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered shall provide a minimum lot area of two (2) acres or 87,120 square feet.

The Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are also set forth in the chart of Article 21. Said chart, and all notations and requirements shown therein, shall have the same force and effect as if all the notations and requirements were fully set forth or described herein.

12-109 Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations: The Supplementary Height, Area and Bulk Regulations are contained in Article 22 of these Regulations.

12-110 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Use Regulations, including permitted Conditional Uses and Accessory Uses, are contained in Article 23 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 13

“AO” AIRPORT OVERLAY DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
13-101 Application
13-102 Definitions
13-103 Establishment of Airport Zones
13-104 Airport Zone Height Limitations
13-105 Use Restrictions
13-106 Plan Approval Guidelines
13-107 Nonconforming Uses
13-108 Permits
13-109 Enforcement
13-110 Conflicting Regulations

13-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations in the “AO” Airport Overlay District. The Airport Overlay District is designed to establish an airport zone surrounding Philip Billard Airport in Shawnee County and to protect those using the airport from hazards that might be erected or constructed on surrounding properties. To this end, the District establishes additional restrictions on uses of property that may be more strict than those of the underlying district. When this occurs, the more strict requirements apply.

13-102 Definitions: As used in this Article, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words or phrases shall have the meanings herein defined:

1. AIRPORT: Philip Billard Airport.

2. AIRPORT ELEVATION: An elevation of eight hundred eighty (880) feet above mean sea level for Philip Billard Airport.

3. AIRPORT HAZARD: Any structure, tree, or use of land which obstructs the airspace required for the flight of aircraft in landing and taking off at any airport, or is otherwise hazardous to such landing or taking off of aircraft.

4. APPROACH SURFACE: A surface longitudinally centered on the extended runway centerline, extending outward and upward from the end of the primary surface and at the same slope as the approach zone height limitation slope set forth in Section 13-104 hereof. The perimeter of the approach surface coincides with the perimeter of the approach zone.

5. APPROACH, TRANSITIONAL, HORIZONTAL, AND CONICAL ZONES: The zones established in this article.

6. CONICAL SURFACE: A surface extending outward and upward from the periphery of the horizontal surface at a slope of 20 to 1 for a horizontal distance of 4,000 feet.

7. HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION: An obstruction determined to have a substantial adverse effect on the safe and efficient utilization of the navigable airspace.

8. HEIGHT: For the purpose of determining the height limits in all zones set forth in this Article and shown on the Airport Zoning Maps, the datum shall be mean sea level elevation unless otherwise specified.
9. **HORIZONTAL SURFACE:** A horizontal plane 150 feet above the established airport elevation, the perimeter of which coincides with the perimeter of the horizontal zone.

10. **LARGER THAN UTILITY RUNWAY:** A runway that is constructed for and intended to be used by propeller-driven aircraft of greater than 12,500 pounds maximum gross weight, and jet-powered aircraft.

11. **NONCONFORMING USE:** Any pre-existing structure, object of natural growth, or use of land which is inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, or any amendment thereto.

12. **NONPRECISION INSTRUMENT RUNWAY:** A runway having an existing instrument approach procedure utilizing air navigation facilities with only horizontal guidance, or area-type navigation equipment, for which a straight-in nonprecision instrument approach procedure has been approved or planned.

13. **OBSTRUCTION:** Any structure, growth, or other object, including a mobile object, which exceeds a limiting height set forth in Section 13-104 hereof.

14. **PERSON:** Any individual, firm, copartnership, company, association, joint stock association, or government entity, and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, or other similar representative thereof.

15. **PRECISION INSTRUMENT RUNWAY:** A runway having an existing instrument approach procedure utilizing an Instrument Landing System (ILS) or a Precision Approach Radar (PAR). It also means a runway for which a precision approach system is planned and is so indicated on an approved airport layout plan or any other planning document.

16. **PRIMARY SURFACE:** A surface longitudinally centered on a runway. When the runway has a specially prepared hard surface, the primary surface extends 200 feet beyond each end of that runway. The width of the primary surface is set forth in Section 13-103 hereof. The elevation of any point on the primary surface is the same as the elevation of the nearest point on the runway centerline.

17. **RUNWAY:** A defined area on an airport prepared for landing and taking off of aircraft along its length.

18. **STRUCTURE:** Any object, including a mobile object, constructed or installed by man, including, but without limitation, buildings, towers, tanks, cranes, smokestacks, earth formation, and overhead transmission lines.

19. **TRANSITIONAL SURFACES:** These surfaces extend outward at 90 degree angles to the runway centerline and the runway centerline extended at a slope of 7 feet horizontally for each 1 foot vertically from the sides of the primary and approach surfaces to where they intersect the horizontal and conical surfaces. Transitional surfaces for those portions of the precision approach surfaces, which project through and beyond the limits of the conical surface, extend a distance of 5,000 feet measured horizontally from the edge of the approach surface and at 90 degree angles to the extended runway centerline.

20. **TREE:** Any object of natural growth.
21. **UTILITY RUNWAY**: A runway that is constructed for and intended to be used by propeller-driven aircraft of 12,500 pounds maximum gross weight and less.

22. **VISUAL RUNWAY**: A runway intended solely for the operation of aircraft using visual approach procedures.

13-103 Establishment of Airport Zones: In order to carry out the provisions of this section, there are hereby created and established certain zones which include all of the land lying beneath the approach surfaces, transitional surfaces, horizontal surfaces, and conical surfaces as they apply to Billard Municipal Airport. Such zones are shown on the Jefferson County Airport Zoning Maps which are hereby made a part of these Regulations. An area located in more than one of the following zones is considered to be only in the zone with the more restrictive height limitation. The various zones are hereby established and defined as follows:

1. **Utility Runway Visual Approach Zone**: The inner edge of this approach zone coincides with the width of the primary surface and is 250 feet wide. The approach zone expands outward uniformly to a width of 1,250 feet at a horizontal distance of 5,000 feet from the primary surface. Its centerline is the continuation of the centerline of the runway. (This zone applies to Runway 4-22 at Philip Billard Airport.)

2. **Utility Runway Nonprecision Instrument Approach Zone**: The inner edge of this approach zone coincides with the width of the primary surface and is 500 feet wide. The approach zone expands outward uniformly to a width of 2,000 feet at a horizontal distance of 5,000 feet from the primary surface. Its centerline is the continuation of the centerline of the runway. (This zone applies to Runway 4-22 at Philip Billard Airport.)

3. **Runway Larger than Utility with a Visibility Minimum Greater than 3/4 Mile Nonprecision Instrument Approach Zone**: The inner edge of this approach zone coincides with the width of the primary surface and is 500 feet wide. The approach zone expands outward uniformly to a width of 3,500 feet at a horizontal distance of 10,000 feet from the primary surface. Its centerline is the continuation of the centerline of the runway. (This zone applies to Runway 13-31 and Runway 18-36 at Philip Billard Airport.)

4. **Transitional Zones**: The transitional zones are the areas beneath the transitional surfaces.

5. **Horizontal Zone**: The horizontal zone is established by swinging arcs of 5,000 feet radii for all runways designated utility or visual, and 10,000 feet for all others, from the center of each end of the primary surface of each runway and connecting the adjacent arcs by drawing lines tangent to those arcs. The horizontal zone does not include the approach and transitional zones.

6. **Conical Zone**: The conical zone is established as the area that commences at the periphery of the horizontal zone and extends outward therefrom a horizontal distance of 4,000 feet.
13-104 **Airport Zone Height Limitations:** Except as otherwise provided in this Article, no structure shall be erected, altered, or maintained, and no tree shall be allowed to grow in any zone created by this Article to a height in excess of the applicable height herein established for such zone. Such applicable height limitations are hereby established for each of the zones in question as follows:

1. **Utility Runway Visual Approach Zone:** Slopes 20 feet outward for each 1 foot upward beginning at the end of, and at the same elevation as, the primary surface and extending to a horizontal distance of 5,000 feet along the extended runway centerline.

2. **Utility Runway Nonprecision Instrument Approach Zone:** Slopes 20 feet outward for each 1 foot upward beginning at the end of, and at the same elevation as, the primary surface and extending to a horizontal distance of 5,000 feet along the extended runway centerline.

3. **Runway Larger than Utility with a Visibility Minimum Greater than 3/4 Mile Nonprecision Instrument Approach Zone:** Slopes 34 feet outward for each 1 foot upward beginning at the end of, and at the same elevation as, the primary surface and extending to a horizontal distance of 10,000 feet along the extended runway centerline.

4. **Transitional Zones:** Slopes 7 feet outward for each 1 foot upward beginning at the sides of, and at the same elevation as, the primary surface and the approach surface, and extending to a height of 150 feet above the airport elevation. In addition to the foregoing, there are established height limits sloping 7 feet outward for each 1 foot upward beginning at the sides of, and the same elevation as, the approach surface and extending to where they intersect the conical surface or horizontal surface.

5. **Horizontal Zone:** Established at 150 feet above the airport elevation.

6. **Conical Zone:** Slopes 20 feet outward for each 1 foot upward beginning at the periphery of the horizontal zone and at 150 feet above the airport elevation, and extending to a height of 350 feet above the airport elevation.

7. **Excepted Height Limitations:** Except in the Approach Zones, nothing in this Article shall be construed as prohibiting the construction or maintenance of any structure, or growth of any tree, to a height up to 50 feet above the surface of the land.

13-105 **Use Restrictions:** Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Article, no use may be made of land or water within any zone established by this Article in such a manner as to create electrical interference with navigational signals or radio communication between the airport and aircraft, make it difficult for pilots to distinguish between airport lights and others, result in glare in the eyes of pilots using the airport, impair visibility in the vicinity of the airport, create bird strike hazards, or otherwise in any way endanger or interfere with the landing, takeoff or maneuvering of aircraft intending to use the airport. No sanitary landfill may be established, operated, or maintained within 2 miles of any airport boundary.

13-106 **Plan Approval Guidelines:** The Plan Approval Guidelines, including site plan submission and content requirements, are contained in Article 14 of these Regulations.
13-107 Nonconforming Uses:

1. **Regulations Not Retroactive:** The regulations prescribed in this Article shall not be construed to require the removal, lowering, or other change or alteration of any structure or tree not conforming to the regulations at the effective date of these Regulations, or otherwise interfere with the continuation of a nonconforming use. Nothing contained herein shall require any change in the construction, alteration, or intended use of any structure, the construction or alteration of which was begun prior to the effective date of these Regulations and is diligently pursued.

2. **Marking and Lighting:** Notwithstanding the preceding provision of this Article, the owner of any existing nonconforming structure or tree is hereby required to permit the installation, operation, and maintenance thereon of such markers and lights as shall be deemed necessary by the Zoning Administrator to indicate the presence of such airport obstruction. Such markers and lights shall be installed, operated, and maintained at the expense of the airport owner.

13-108 Permits:

1. **Future Uses:** Except as specifically provided in a., b., and c. hereunder, no material change shall be made in the use of land, no structure shall be erected or otherwise established, and no tree shall be planted in any zone herein created unless a permit therefor shall have been applied for and granted. Each application for a permit shall indicate the purpose for which the permit is desired, with sufficient particularity to permit it to be determined whether the resulting use, structure, or tree would conform to the regulations herein prescribed. If such determination is in the affirmative, the permit shall be granted. No permit for a use inconsistent with the provisions of this Article shall be granted unless a variance has been approved in accordance with Section 13-107 (4.) hereof.

Nothing contained in any of the foregoing exceptions shall be construed as permitting or intending to permit any construction, or alteration of any structure, or growth of any tree in excess of any of the height limits established by this Article, except as set forth in Section 13-104 (4.).

a. In the area lying within the limits of the horizontal zone and the conical zone, no permit shall be required for any tree or structure less than 75 feet of vertical height above the ground; except when, because of terrain, land contour, or topographical features, such tree or structure would extend above the height limits prescribed for such zones.

b. In areas lying within the limits of the approach zones but a horizontal distance of not less than 4,200 feet from each end of the runway, no permit shall be required for any tree or structure less than 75 feet height above the ground; except when such tree or structure would extend above the height limit prescribed for such approach zone.
c. In the areas lying within the limits of the transition zones beyond the perimeter of the horizontal zone, no permit shall be required for any tree or structure less than 75 feet of vertical height above the ground; except when such tree or structure, because of terrain, land contour, or topographic features, would extend above the height limit prescribed for such transition zones.

2. **Existing Uses:** No permit shall be granted that would allow the establishment or creation of an obstruction or permit a nonconforming use, structure, or tree to become a greater hazard to air navigation than it was on the effective date of these Regulations or any amendments thereto, or than it is when the application for a permit is made. Except as indicated, all applications for such a permit shall be granted.

3. **Nonconforming Uses Abandoned or Destroyed:** Whenever the Zoning Administrator determines that a nonconforming tree or structure has been abandoned or more than 50 percent torn down, physically deteriorated, or decayed, no permit shall be granted that would allow such structure or tree to exceed the applicable height limit or otherwise deviate from the Zoning Regulations.

4. **Variances:** Any person desiring to erect or increase the height of any structure, or permit the growth of any tree, or use property not in accordance with the regulations prescribed in the Article, may apply to the Board of Zoning Appeals for a variance from such regulations. Each application for variance shall be accompanied by a determination from the Federal Aviation Administration as to the effect of the proposal on the operation of air navigation facilities and the safe, efficient use of navigable airspace. Such variances shall be allowed where it is duly found that a literal application or enforcement of the regulations will result in unnecessary hardship, and relief granted will not be contrary to the public interest, will not create a hazard to air navigation, will do substantial justice, and will be in accordance with the spirit of this Article. Additionally, no application for variance to the requirements of this Article may be considered by the Board of Zoning Appeals unless a copy of the application has been furnished to the airport owner for advice as to the aeronautical effects of the variance. If the airport owner does not respond to the application within 30 days after receipt, the Board of Zoning Appeals may act on its own to grant or deny said application.

5. **Obstruction Marking and Lighting:** Any permit or variance granted may, if such action is deemed advisable to effectuate the purpose of this Article and be reasonable in circumstances, be so conditioned as to require the owner of the structure or tree in question to install, operate, and maintain, at the owner’s expense, such markings and lights as may be necessary. If deemed proper by the Board of Zoning Appeals and approved by the Governing Body, this condition may be modified to require the owner to permit the Airport owner, at its own expense, to install, operate, and maintain the necessary markings and lights.

13-109 **Enforcement:** It shall be the duty of the Zoning Administrator to administer and enforce the regulations prescribed in this Article. Applications for permits and variances shall be made to the Zoning Administrator upon a form published for that purpose. Applications required by this Article to be submitted to the Zoning Administrator shall be promptly considered and granted or denied. Application for action by the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be forthwith transmitted by the Zoning Administrator.
13-110 Conflicting Regulations: Where there exists a conflict between any of the regulations or limitations prescribed in this Article and any other regulations applicable to the same area, whether the conflict be with respect to the height of structures or trees, the use of land, or any other matter, the more stringent limitation or requirement shall govern and prevail.
ARTICLE 14 “FP” FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
14-101 Statutory Authorization, Findings of Fact, Purpose
14-102 General Provisions
14-103 Administration
14-104 Provisions for Flood Hazard Reduction
14-105 Floodplain Management Variance Procedures
14-106 Penalties for Violation
14-107 Amendments
14-108 Definitions


A. Approval of Draft Regulation by Kansas Chief Engineer Prior to Adoption. The following floodplain management resolution, as written, was approved in draft form by the Chief Engineer of the Division of Water Resources of the Kansas Department of Agriculture on July 20, 2010.

B. Kansas Statutory Authorization. The Legislature of the State of Kansas has in K.S.A. 12-741 et seq, and specifically in K.S.A. 12-766, delegated responsibility to local governmental units to adopt floodplain management regulations designed to protect the health, safety, and general welfare. Therefore, the County Commissioners of Jefferson County, Kansas, adopts the following regulations.

2. Findings of Fact.

A. Flood Losses Resulting from Periodic Inundation. The special flood hazard areas of Jefferson County, Kansas, are subject to inundation which results in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base; all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare.

B. General Causes of the Flood Losses. These flood losses are caused by (1) the cumulative effect of development in any delineated floodplain causing increases in flood heights and velocities; and (2) the occupancy of flood hazard areas by uses vulnerable to floods, hazardous to others, inadequately elevated, or otherwise unprotected from flood damages.

C. Methods Used to Analyze Flood Hazards. The Flood Insurance Study (FIS) that is the basis of this Article uses a standard engineering method of analyzing flood hazards, which consist of a series of interrelated steps.

(1) Selection of a base flood that is based upon engineering calculations, which permit a consideration of such flood factors as its expected frequency of occurrence, the area inundated, and the depth of inundation. The base flood selected for this Article is representative of large floods, which are characteristic of what can be expected to occur on the particular streams subject to this Article. It is in the general order of a flood which could be expected to have a one percent chance of occurrence in any one year as delineated on the Federal Insurance Administrator's FIS, and illustrative materials dated December 17, 2010, as
amended, and any future revisions thereto.

(2) Calculation of water surface profiles that are based on a standard hydraulic engineering analysis of the capacity of the stream channel and overbank areas to convey the regulatory flood.

(3) Computation of a floodway required to convey this flood without increasing flood heights more than one (1) foot at any point.

(4) Delineation of floodway encroachment lines within which no development is permitted that would cause any increase in flood height.

(5) Delineation of floodway fringe, i.e., that area outside the floodway encroachment lines, but still subject to inundation by the base flood.

3. **Statement of Purpose.** It is the purpose of this Article to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare; to minimize those losses described in Section 14-101(2)(A); to establish or maintain the community’s eligibility for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) as defined in 44 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 59.22(a)(3); and to meet the requirements of 44 CFR 60.3(d) and K.A.R. 5-44-4 by applying the provisions of this Article to:

   A. Restrict or prohibit uses that are dangerous to health, safety, or property in times of flooding or cause undue increases in flood heights or velocities;

   B. Require uses vulnerable to floods, including public facilities that serve such uses, be provided with flood protection at the time of initial construction; and

   C. Protect individuals from buying lands that are unsuited for the intended development purposes due to the flood hazard.

14-102 **General Provisions.**

1. **Land to which Regulations Apply.** This Article shall apply to all of Jefferson County, Kansas, except those lands within the incorporated cities identified as A zones, AE, AO, and AH on the Index Map dated December 17, 2010 of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) as amended, and any future revisions thereto. In all areas covered by this Article, no development shall be permitted except through the issuance of a floodplain development permit, granted by the County Commissioners or its duly designated representative under such safeguards and restrictions as the County Commissioners or the designated representative may reasonably impose for the promotion and maintenance of the general welfare, health of the inhabitants of the community, and as specifically noted in Section 14-104.

2. **Compliance.** No development located within the special flood hazard areas of this community shall be located, extended, converted, or structurally altered without full compliance with the terms of this Article and other applicable regulations.

3. **Abrogation and Greater Restrictions.** It is not intended by this Article to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing easements, covenants, or deed restrictions. However, where this Article imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this Article shall prevail. All other regulations inconsistent with this Article are hereby repealed to the extent of the inconsistency only.
4. **Interpretation.** In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Article shall be held to be minimum requirements, shall be liberally construed in favor of the governing body, and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other powers granted by Kansas statutes.

5. **Warning and Disclaimer of Liability.** The degree of flood protection required by this Article is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on engineering and scientific methods of study. Larger floods may occur on rare occasions or the flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes, such as ice jams and bridge openings restricted by debris. This Article does not imply that areas outside the floodway and flood fringe or land uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damage. This Article shall not create a liability on the part of Jefferson County, Kansas, any officer or employee thereof, for any flood damages that may result from reliance on this Article or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder.

6. **Severability.** If any section; clause; provision; or portion of this Article are adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of appropriate jurisdiction, the remainder of this Article shall not be affected thereby.

14-103 **Administration.**

1. **Floodplain Development Permit.** A floodplain development permit shall be required for all proposed construction or other development, including the placement of manufactured homes, in the areas described in Section 14-102(1). No person, firm, corporation, or unit of government shall initiate any development or substantial-improvement or cause the same to be done without first obtaining a separate floodplain development permit for each structure or other development.

2. **Designation of Floodplain Administrator.** The Zoning Administrator is hereby appointed to administer and implement the provisions of this Article.

3. **Duties and Responsibilities of Floodplain Administrator.** Duties of the Floodplain Administrator shall include, but not be limited to:

   A. Review of all applications for floodplain development permits to assure that sites are reasonably safe from flooding and that the floodplain development permit requirements of this Article have been satisfied;

   B. Review of all applications for floodplain development permits for proposed development to assure that all necessary permits have been obtained from Federal, State, or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required by Federal, State, or local law;

   C. Review all subdivision proposals and other proposed new development, including manufactured home parks or subdivisions, to determine whether such proposals will be reasonably safe from flooding;

   D. Issue floodplain development permits for all approved applications;

   E. Notify adjacent communities and the Division of Water Resources, Kansas Department of Agriculture, prior to any alteration or relocation of a watercourse, and submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA);
F. Assure that the flood-carrying capacity is not diminished and shall be maintained within the altered or relocated portion of any watercourse; and

G. Verify and maintain a record of the actual elevation (in relation to mean sea level) of the lowest floor, including basement, of all new or substantially improved structures;

H. Verify and maintain a record of the actual elevation (in relation to mean sea level) that the new or substantially improved non-residential structures have been floodproofed;

I. When floodproofing techniques are utilized for a particular non-residential structure, the floodplain administrator shall require certification from a registered professional engineer or architect.

4. **Application for Floodplain Development Permit.** To obtain a floodplain development permit, the applicant shall first file an application in writing on a form furnished for that purpose. Every floodplain development permit application shall:

A. Describe the land on which the proposed work is to be done by lot, block and tract, house and street address, or similar description that will readily identify and specifically locate the proposed structure or work;

B. Identify and describe the work to be covered by the floodplain development permit;

C. Indicate the use or occupancy for which the proposed work is intended;

D. Indicate the assessed value of the structure and the fair market value of the improvement;

E. Specify whether development is located in designated flood fringe or floodway;

F. Identify the existing base flood elevation and the elevation of the proposed development;

G. Give such other information as reasonably may be required by the floodplain administrator;

H. Be accompanied by plans and specifications for proposed construction; and,

I. Be signed by the permittee or his authorized agent who may be required to submit evidence to indicate such authority.

14-104 **Provisions for Flood Hazard Reduction.**

1. **General Standards.**

A. No permit for floodplain development shall be granted for new construction, substantial improvements, and other improvements, including the placement of manufactured homes, within any numbered or unnumbered A zones, AE, AO, and AH zones, unless the conditions of this section are satisfied.

B. All areas identified as unnumbered A zones on the FIRM are subject to inundation of the 100-year flood; however, the base flood elevation is not provided. Development within unnumbered A zones is subject to all provisions of this Article. If Flood Insurance Study
data is not available, the community shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation or floodway data currently available from Federal, State, or other sources.

C. Until a floodway is designated, no new construction, substantial improvements, or other development, including fill, shall be permitted within any unnumbered or numbered A zones, or AE zones on the FIRM, unless it is demonstrated that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any point within the community.

D. All new construction, subdivision proposals, substantial improvements, prefabricated structures, placement of manufactured homes, and other developments shall require:

1. Design or adequate anchorage to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy;

2. Construction with materials resistant to flood damage;

3. Utilization of methods and practices that minimize flood damages;

4. All electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air-conditioning equipment, and other service facilities be elevated a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet above base flood elevation;

5. New or replacement water supply systems and/or sanitary sewage systems be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters, and on-site waste disposal systems be located so as to avoid impairment or contamination; and

6. Subdivision proposals and other proposed new development, including manufactured home parks or subdivisions, located within special flood hazard areas are required to assure that:

   a. All such proposals are consistent with the need to minimize flood damage;

   b. All public utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage;

   c. Adequate drainage is provided so as to reduce exposure to flood hazards; and

   d. All proposals for development, including proposals for manufactured home parks and subdivisions, of five (5) acres or fifty (50) lots, whichever is lesser, include within such proposals base flood elevation data.

E. Storage, Material, and Equipment.
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(1) The storage or processing of materials within the special flood hazard area that are in time of flooding buoyant, flammable, explosive, or could be injurious to human, animal, or plant life is prohibited.

(2) Storage of other material or equipment may be allowed if not subject to major damage by floods, if firmly anchored to prevent flotation, or if readily removable from the area within the time available after a flood warning.

F. Nonconforming Use. A structure, or the use of a structure or premises that was lawful before the passage or amendment of this Article, but which is not in conformity with the provisions of this Article, may be continued subject to the following conditions:

(1) If such structure, use, or utility service is discontinued for six (6) consecutive months, any future use of the building shall conform to this Article.

(2) If any nonconforming use or structure is destroyed by any means, including flood, it shall not be reconstructed if the cost is more than fifty (50) percent of the pre-damaged market value of the structure. This limitation does not include the cost of any alteration to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary, building, safety codes, regulations or the cost of any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places, the State Inventory of Historic Places, or local inventory of historic places upon determination.

G. Agricultural Structures and Appurtenant Structures used solely for the parking of vehicles or storage

Structures used solely for agricultural purposes in connection with the production, harvesting, storage, drying, or raising of agricultural commodities, including the raising of livestock, and appurtenant structures used solely for the parking of vehicles and storage may be constructed at-grade and wet-floodproofed provided there is no human habitation or occupancy of the structure; the structure is of single-wall design; there is no permanent retail, wholesale, or manufacturing use included in the structure; the structure meets the following floodplain management requirements; and a floodplain development permit has been issued.

Any permit granted for an agricultural or appurtenant structure shall be decided individually based on a case by case analysis of the building's unique circumstances.

In order to minimize flood damages during the 100-year flood and the threat to public health and safety, the following conditions shall be included for any permit issued for agricultural and appurtenant structures that are constructed at-grade and wet-floodproofed:

(1) All proposed agricultural or appurtenant structures shall demonstrate that no other alternate location outside of the special flood hazard area exists for the agricultural structure. Residential structures, such as farm houses, cannot be considered agricultural or appurtenant structures.

(2) Use of the structures must be limited to agricultural purposes, the parking of vehicles, or storage in any special flood hazard area only as identified on the community’s Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).
For any new or substantially damaged agricultural or appurtenant structures, the exterior and interior building components and elements (i.e., foundation, wall framing, exterior and interior finishes, flooring, etc.) below the base flood elevation, must be built with flood-resistant materials in accordance with Section 14-104.1.D(4) of this Article.

The agricultural or appurtenant structures must be adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structures in accordance with Section 14-104.1.D(1) of this Article. All of the building's structural components must be capable of resisting specific flood-related forces including hydrostatic, buoyancy, and hydrodynamic and debris impact forces.

Any mechanical, electrical, or other utility equipment must be located one and a half (1.5) feet above the base flood elevation or floodproofed so that they are contained within a watertight, floodproofed enclosure that is capable of resisting damage during flood conditions in accordance with Section 14-104.1.D(4) of this Article. The elevation shall be certified by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer.

The agricultural or appurtenant structures must meet all National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) opening requirements. The NFIP requires that enclosure or foundation walls, subject to the one percent annual chance flood event, also referred to as the 100-year flood, contain openings that will permit the automatic entry and exit of flood waters in accordance with Section 14-104.2.C of this Article.

The agricultural or appurtenant structures must comply with the floodplain management floodway encroachment provisions of Section 14-104.5.B of this Article. No permits may be issued for agricultural or appurtenant structures within any designated floodway, if any increase in flood levels would result during the one percent annual chance flood event, also referred to as the 100-year flood.

Major equipment, machinery, or other contents must be protected from any flood damage.

No disaster relief assistance under any program administered by any Federal agency shall be paid for any repair or restoration costs of the agricultural structures.

Wet-floodproofing construction techniques must be reviewed and approved by the community. The community may request approval by a registered professional engineer or architect prior to the issuance of any floodplain development permit for construction. Cost for any required professional certification to be paid by the developer/applicant.

2. **Specific Standards.** In all areas identified as numbered and unnumbered A zones, AE, and AH Zones, where base flood elevation data have been provided, as set forth in Section 14-104(1)(B), the following provisions are required:
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A. Residential Construction. New construction or substantial improvement of any residential structures, including manufactured homes, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet above base flood elevation. The elevation of the lowest floor shall be certified by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer.

B. Non-Residential Construction. New construction or substantial improvement of any commercial, industrial, or other non-residential structures, including manufactured homes, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet above the base flood elevation or, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, be dry floodproofed to a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet above the base flood elevation so that below the base flood elevation the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and with structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy. A registered professional engineer or architect shall certify that the standards of this subsection are satisfied. The elevation of the lowest floor shall be certified by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer. Such certification shall be provided to the floodplain administrator as set forth in Section 14-103(3)(G)(H)(I).

C. Require, for all new construction and substantial improvements, that fully enclosed areas below lowest floor used solely for parking of vehicles, building access, or storage in an area other than a basement and that are subject to flooding and agricultural structures and appurtenant structures uses solely for the parking of vehicles and storage as set forth in Section 14-104.1.G of this Article shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of flood waters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:

(1) A minimum of two (2) openings having a total net area of not less than one (1) square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided; and

(2) The bottom of all opening shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of flood waters.

3. Manufactured Homes.

A. All manufactured homes to be placed within all unnumbered and numbered A zones, AE, and AH zones, on the community’s FIRM shall be required to be installed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage. For the purposes of this requirement, manufactured homes must be elevated and anchored to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors.

B. Require manufactured homes that are placed or substantially improved within unnumbered or numbered A zones, AE, and AH zones, on the community’s FIRM on sites:

(1) Outside of a manufactured home park or subdivision;
(2) In a new manufactured home park or subdivision;

(3) In an expansion to and existing manufactured home park or subdivision; or

(4) In an existing manufactured home park or subdivision on which a manufactured home has incurred substantial damage as the result of a flood, be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the manufactured home is elevated a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet above the base flood elevation and be securely attached to an adequately anchored foundation system to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement. **The elevation of the lowest floor shall be certified by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer.**

C. Require that manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved on sites in an existing manufactured home park or subdivision within all unnumbered and numbered A zones, AE and AH zones, on the community's FIRM, that are not subject to the provisions of Section 14-104(3)(B) of this Article, be elevated so that either:

A. The lowest floor of the manufactured home is a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet above the base flood level; or

B. The **manufactured home chassis is supported by reinforced piers or other foundation elements of at least equivalent strength that are no less than thirty-six (36) inches in height above grade and be securely attached to an adequately anchored foundation system to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement.** **The elevation of the lowest floor shall be certified by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer.**

4. **Areas of Shallow Flooding (AO and AH Zones).** Located within the areas of special flood hazard as described in Section 14-102(1) are areas designated as AO zones. These areas have special flood hazards associated with base flood depths of one (1) to three (3) feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist and where the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate. The following provisions apply:

A. **AO Zones.**

(1) All new construction and substantial-improvements of residential structures, including manufactured homes, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number specified in feet on the community's FIRM (at least two (2) feet if no depth number is specified).

(2) All new construction and substantial improvements of any commercial, industrial, or other non-residential structures, including manufactured homes, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number specified in feet on the community FIRM (at least two (2) feet if no depth number is specified) or together with attendant utilities and sanitary facilities be completely floodproofed to that so that the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and with structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy.
(3) Adequate drainage paths shall be required around structures on slopes, in order to guide floodwaters around and away from proposed structures.

B. **AH Zones.**

(1) The specific standards for all areas of special flood hazard where base flood elevation has been provided shall be required as set forth in Section 14-104(2).

(2) Adequate drainage paths shall be required around structures on slopes, in order to guide floodwaters around and away from proposed structures.

5. **Floodway.** Located within areas of special flood hazard established in Section 14-102(1), are areas designated as floodways. Since the floodway is an extremely hazardous area due to the velocity of floodwaters that carry debris and potential projectiles, the following provisions shall apply:

A. The community shall select and adopt a regulatory floodway based on the principle that the area chosen for the regulatory floodway must be designed to carry the waters of the base flood without increasing the water surface elevation of that flood more than one (1) foot at any point.

B. The community shall prohibit any encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development within the adopted regulatory floodway unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in accordance with standard engineering practice that the proposed encroachment would not result in any increase in flood levels within the community during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

C. If Section 14-104(5)(B), is satisfied, all new construction and substantial improvements shall comply with all applicable flood hazard reduction provisions of this Article.

D. In unnumbered A zones, the community shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation or floodway data currently available from Federal, State, or other sources as set forth in Section 14-104(1)(B).

6. **Recreational Vehicles.** Require that recreational vehicles placed on sites within all unnumbered and numbered A Zones, AE, AH, and AO Zones on the community’s FIRM either:

A. Be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days, or

B. Be fully licensed and ready for highway use*; or

C. Meet the permitting, elevation, and anchoring requirements for manufactured homes of this Article.

*A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick-disconnect type utilities and security devices, and has no permanently attached additions.

14-105 **Floodplain Management Variance Procedures:**
1. **Establishment of Appeal Board.** The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hear and decide appeals and requests for variances from the requirements of this Article. All requests for appeals and variances shall follow the procedures established in Article 27.

2. **Responsibility of Appeal Board.** Where an application for a floodplain development permit is denied by the Floodplain Administrator, the applicant may apply for such floodplain development permit directly to the Appeal Board, as established above.

   The Appeal Board shall hear and decide appeals when it is alleged that there is an error in any requirement, decision, or determination made by the Floodplain Administrator in the enforcement or administration of this Article.

3. **Further Appeals.** Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Appeal Board or any taxpayer may appeal such decision to the District Court as provided in K.S.A. 12-759 and 12-760.

4. **Floodplain Management Variance Criteria.** In passing upon such applications for variances, the Appeal Board shall consider all technical data and evaluations, all relevant factors, standards specified in other sections of this Article, and the following criteria:

   A. Danger to life and property due to flood damage;
   
   B. Danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
   
   C. Susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner;
   
   D. Importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community;
   
   E. Necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable;
   
   F. Availability of alternative locations, not subject to flood damage, for the proposed use;
   
   G. Compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
   
   H. Relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program for that area;
   
   I. Safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
   
   J. Expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment transport of the flood waters, if applicable, expected at the site; and,
   
   K. Costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems; streets; and bridges.

5. **Conditions Variances:**

   A. Generally, variances may be issued for new construction and substantial-improvements to be erected on a lot of one-half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the base flood level, providing items two
ARTICLE 14  “FP” FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT REGULATIONS

(2) through six (6) below have been fully considered. As the lot size increases beyond
the one-half acre, the technical justification required for issuing the variance increases.

B. Variances may be issued for the reconstruction, rehabilitation, or restoration of structures
listed on the National Register of Historic Places, the State Inventory of Historic Places,
or local inventory of historic places upon determination, provide the proposed activity will
not preclude the structure’s continued historic designation.

C. Variances shall not be issued within any designated floodway if any significant increase
in flood discharge would result.

D. Variances shall only be issued upon a determination that the variance is the minimum
necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.

E. Variances shall only be issued upon: (a) showing of good and sufficient cause, (b)
determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to
the applicant, and (c) determination that the granting of a variance will not result in
increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense,
create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing
local laws or Articles.

F. A community shall notify the applicant in writing over the signature of a community official
that: (a) the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below base flood level will
result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as $25.00
for $100.00 of insurance coverage and (b) such construction below the base flood level
increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with the record
of all variance actions as required by this Article.

14-106 Penalties for Violation. Penalties shall be as established in Article 31 of these Regulations.

14-107 Amendments. The regulations, restrictions, and boundaries set forth in this Article may from
time to time be amended, supplemented, changed, or appealed to reflect any and all changes in the
National Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, provided, however, that no such action may be taken
until after a public hearing in relation thereto, at which parties of interest and citizens shall have an
opportunity to be heard. Notice of the time and place of such hearing shall be published in a newspaper
of general circulation in Jefferson County, Kansas. At least twenty (20) days shall elapse between the
date of this publication and the public hearing. A copy of such amendments will be provided to the
FEMA Region VII office. The regulations of this Article are in compliance with the NFIP regulations.

14-108 Definitions. Unless specifically defined below, or defined elsewhere in these Regulations,
words or phrases used in this Article shall be interpreted so as to give them the same meaning as they
have in common usage and so as to give this Article its most reasonable application.

1. 100-year Flood. See "base flood."

2. Accessory Structure. See "appurtenant structure."

3. Actuarial Rates. See "risk premium rates."


6. **Agricultural Commodities.** Agricultural products and livestock.

7. **Agricultural Structure.** Any structure used exclusively in connection with the production, harvesting, storage, drying, or raising of agricultural commodities.

8. **Appeal.** A request for review of the Floodplain Administrator’s interpretation of any provision of this Article or a request for a variance.

9. **Appurtenant Structure.** A structure that is on the same parcel of property as the principle structure to be insured and the use of which is incidental to the use of the principal structure.

10. **Area of Shallow Flooding.** A designated AO or AH zone on a community’s Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) with a one percent or greater annual chance of flooding to an average depth of one (1) to three (3) feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable and where velocity flow may be evident. Such flooding is characterized by ponding or sheet flow.

11. **Area of Special Flood Hazard.** The land in the floodplain within a community subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year.

12. **Base Flood.** The flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

13. **Basement.** Any area of the structure having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.

14. **Building.** See "structure."

15. **Chief Engineer.** The chief engineer of the Division of Water Resources, Kansas Department of Agriculture.

16. **Chief Executive Officer or Chief Elected Official.** The official of the community who is charged with the authority to implement and administer laws, Articles, and regulations for that community.

17. **Community.** Any State or area or political subdivision thereof, which has authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for the areas within its jurisdiction.

18. **Development.** Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, levees, levee systems, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations, or storage of equipment or materials.

19. **Elevated Building.** For insurance purposes, a non-basement building which has its lowest elevated floor raised above ground level by foundation walls, shear walls, posts, piers, pilings, or columns.

20. **Eligible Community or Participating Community.** A community for which the Administrator has authorized the sale of flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).
21. Existing Construction. For the purposes of determining rates, structures for which the "start of construction" commenced before the effective date of the FIRM or before January 1, 1975, for FIRM effective before that date. "existing construction" may also be referred to as "existing structures."

22. Existing Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision. A manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.

23. Expansion to an Existing Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision. The preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).

24. Flood or Flooding. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from: (1) the overflow of inland waters; (2) the unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source; and (3) the collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or other body of water as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels or suddenly caused by an unusually high water level in a natural body of water, accompanied by a severe storm, or by an unanticipated force of nature, such as flash flood, or by some similarly unusual and unforeseeable event which results in flooding as defined above in item (1).

25. Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM). An official map of a community on which the Administrator has delineated both special flood hazard areas and the designated regulatory floodway.

26. Flood Elevation Determination. A determination by the Administrator of the water surface elevations of the base flood, that is, the flood level that has a one percent or greater chance of occurrence in any given year.

27. Flood Elevation Study. An examination, evaluation and determination of flood hazards.

28. Flood Fringe. The area outside the floodway encroachment lines, but still subject to inundation by the regulatory flood.

29. Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM). An official map of a community, issued by the Administrator, where the boundaries of the flood areas having special flood hazards have been designated as (unnumbered or numbered) A zones.

30. Flood Hazard Map. The document adopted by the governing body showing the limits of: (1) the floodplain; (2) the floodway; (3) streets; (4) stream channel; and (5) other geographic features.

31. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). An official map of a community, on which the Administrator has delineated both the special flood hazard areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.
32. **Flood Insurance Study (FIS).** An examination, evaluation and determination of flood hazards and, if appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations.

33. **Floodplain or Flood-prone Area.** Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source (see “flooding”).

34. **Floodplain Management.** The operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage, including but not limited to emergency preparedness plans, flood control works, and floodplain management regulations.

35. **Floodplain Management Regulations.** Zoning Articles, subdivision regulations, building codes, health regulations, special purpose Articles (such as floodplain and grading Articles) and other applications of police power. The term describes such state or local regulations, in any combination thereof, that provide standards for the purpose of flood damage prevention and reduction.

36. **Floodproofing.** Any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures that reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, or structures and their contents.

37. **Floodway or Regulatory Floodway.** The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot.

38. **Floodway Encroachment Lines.** The lines marking the limits of floodways on Federal, State and local floodplain maps.

39. **Freeboard.** A factor of safety usually expressed in feet above a flood level for purposes of floodplain management. "Freeboard" tends to compensate for the many unknown factors that could contribute to flood heights greater than the height calculated for a selected size flood and floodway conditions, such as bridge openings and the hydrological effect of urbanization of the watershed.

40. **Functionally Dependent Use.** A use that cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water. This term includes only docking facilities and facilities that are necessary for the loading and unloading of cargo or passengers, but does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities.

41. **Highest Adjacent Grade.** The highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

42. **Historic Structure.** Any structure that is (a) listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register; (b) certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district; (c) individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or (d) individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either (1) by
an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or (2) directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

43. **Lowest Floor.** The lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area, including basement. An unfinished or flood-resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access, or storage, in an area other than a basement area, is not considered a building’s lowest floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable floodproofing design requirements of this Article.

44. ** Manufactured Home.** See definition in Article 1.

45. ** Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision.** A parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.

46. ** Map.** The Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHB M), Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), or the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBBM) for a community issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

47. ** Market Value or Fair Market Value.** An estimate of what is fair, economic, just and equitable value under normal local market conditions.

48. ** Mean Sea Level.** For purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929 or other datum, to which base flood elevations shown on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) are referenced.

49. ** New Construction.** For the purposes of determining insurance rates, structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of an initial FIRM or after December 31, 1974, whichever is later, and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. For floodplain management purposes, "new construction" means structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

50. ** New Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision.** A manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lot on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of floodplain management regulations adopted by the community.

51. ** (NFIP).** The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

52. ** Participating Community.** Also known as an “eligible community,” any community in which the Administrator has authorized the sale of flood insurance.

53. ** Permit.** A signed document from a designated community official authorizing development in a floodplain, including all necessary supporting documentation such as: (1) the site plan; (2) an elevation certificate; and (3) any other necessary or applicable approvals or authorizations from local, state or federal authorities.
54. **Person.** Any individual or group of individuals, corporation, partnership, association, or any other entity, including Federal, State, and local governments and agencies.

55. **Principally Above Ground.** Any structure that at least 51 percent of the actual cash value of the structure, less land value, is above ground.

56. **Reasonably Safe From Flooding.** Base flood waters will not inundate the land or damage structures to be removed from the SFHA and that any subsurface waters related to the base flood will not damage existing or proposed buildings.

57. **Recreational Vehicle.** A vehicle which is (a) built on a single chassis; (b) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projections; (c) designed to be self-propelled or permanently able to be towed by a light-duty truck; and (d) designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

58. **Remedy A Violation.** To bring the structure or other development into compliance with Federal, State, or local floodplain management regulations; or, if this is not possible, to reduce the impacts of its noncompliance.

59. **Risk Premium Rates.** Those rates established by the Administrator pursuant to individual community studies and investigations, which are undertaken to provide flood insurance in accordance with Section 1307 of the National Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and the accepted actuarial principles. "Risk premium rates" include provisions for operating costs and allowances.

60. **Special Flood Hazard Area.** See "area of special flood hazard."

61. **Special Hazard Area.** An area having special flood hazards and shown on an FHB, FIRM or FBFM as zones (unnumbered or numbered) A, AO, AE, or AH.

62. **Start of Construction.** Includes substantial improvements, and means the date the building permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition placement, or other improvements were within 180 days of the permit date. The **actual start** means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slabs or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, any work beyond the stage of excavation, or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling, the installation of streets and/or walkways, excavation for a basement, footings, piers, foundations, the erection of temporary forms, nor installation on the property of accessory structures, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the **actual start of construction** means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

63. **State Coordinating Agency.** The Division of Water Resources, Kansas Department of Agriculture, or other office designated by the governor of the state or by state statute at the request of the Administrator to assist in the implementation of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) in that state.
64. **Structure.** For floodplain management purposes, a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank, that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home. "Structure" for insurance purposes, means a walled and roofed building, other than a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground and affixed to a permanent site, as well as a manufactured home on a permanent foundation. For the latter purpose, the term includes a building while in the course of construction, alteration or repair, but does not include building materials or supplies intended for use in such construction, alteration or repair, unless such materials or supplies are within an enclosed building on the premises.

65. **Substantial-Damage.** Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to pre-damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

66. **Substantial Improvement.** Any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before "start of construction" of the improvement. This term includes structures, which have incurred "substantial damage," regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either (1) any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications that have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions, or (2) any alteration of a "historic structure," provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure."

67. **Variance.** A grant of relief by the community from the terms of a floodplain management regulation. Flood insurance requirements remain in place for any varied use or structure and cannot be varied by the community.

68. **Violation.** The failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

69. **Water Surface Elevation.** The height, in relation to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929 (or other datum where specified) of floods of various magnitudes and frequencies in the floodplain.
ARTICLE 15  “FRD” FLOODWATER RETARDING DAM BREACH IMPACT DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Sections:
15-101 Purpose
15-102 Findings of Fact
15-103 General Provisions
15-104 Establishment of Zoning District
15-105 Permitted Uses
15-106 Permit Required

15-101 Purpose: Certain areas of Jefferson County below Floodwater Retarding Dams (hereinafter referred to as FRD) would be subject to substantial flooding should a FRD breach occur. This could result in significant losses due to:

1. the cumulative effect of obstructions in the FRD breach impact area district causing increases in flood heights and velocities; and,

2. the occupancy of FRD breach impact area district by uses vulnerable to floods or hazardous to others which are inadequately elevated or otherwise protected from flood damage.

The FRD breach impact area district is designed to permit the gainful use of certain lands which are considered to be in the path of potential flood waters and from which structures and other valuable property use that is subject to damage by flood water should be regulated. This would permit surface runoff through such areas in the event of a FRD breach with a minimum of structural damage or property loss, and a minimum of obligation upon governmental authorities for flood or disaster assistance.

As such, this Article is intended to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare and to minimize these losses by applying the provisions of this Article to the designated areas within Jefferson County. And by taking action to:

3. Restrict or prohibit uses which are dangerous to health, safety, or property in the FRD breach impact area, or which might cause undue increase in flood heights; and,

4. Protect individuals from buying lands for the purpose of building in the FRD breach impact area which is unsuited for intended purposes because of flood hazard.

15-102 Findings of Fact:

1. The FRD breach impact area district of Jefferson County, Kansas, are subject to inundation which, in the event of a FRD breach, could result in potential loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood relief, and impairment of the tax base; all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare.

2. Such flood losses are caused by:

   a. The cumulative effect of obstructions in FRD breach impact areas causing increases in flood heights and velocities.
ARTICLE 15 “FRD” FLOODWATER RETARDING DAM BREACH IMPACT DISTRICT REGULATIONS

b. The occupancy of FRD breach impact areas by uses vulnerable to floods or hazardous to others, and which are inadequately elevated or otherwise protected from flood damages.

3. This Article uses a reasonable method of analyzing FRD breach impact flood hazards which consists of a series of interrelated steps, as follows:

a. The use of engineering calculations and breach impact studies which indicate the area and potential depth of inundation for each FRD.

b. Computation of floodway required to convey the breach flood waters without increasing flood heights more than one (1) foot at any point.

c. Delineation of breach impact area encroachment lines within which no obstruction is permitted which would cause any increase in flood height.

15-103 **General Provisions:**

1. **Land to which Regulations Apply:** This Article shall apply to all lands within the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County, Kansas, identified on the Floodwater Retarding Dam Maps as elaborated by the official Professional Engineering Breach Impact Studies. No development shall be permitted in any defined FRD breach impact area except as authorized herein.

2. **The Enforcement Officer:** The Zoning Administrator of Jefferson County, Kansas, is designated as the enforcement officer.

3. **Rules for Interpretation of District Boundaries:** The boundaries of the FRD breach impact area district shall be determined by scaling distances on the engineering Breach Impact Studies. The Enforcement Officer shall make all interpretations as to the exact location of said boundaries. In such cases where the interpretation is contested, the Board of Zoning Appeals will resolve the dispute.

4. **Existing Development:** No development or structures presently located within a known FRD breach impact area shall be relocated, extended, converted or structurally altered.

5. **Abrogation and Greater Restrictions:** It is not intended by this Article to repeal, abrogate or impair any existing easements, covenants or deed restrictions. However, where this Article imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this Article shall prevail. All other regulations inconsistent with this Article are hereby repealed to the extent of the inconsistency only.

6. **Interpretation:** In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Article shall be held to be minimum requirements and shall be liberally construed in favor of the Governing Body and Jefferson County.

7. **Warning and Disclaimer of Liability:** The degree of flood protection required by this Article is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on engineering and scientific methods of study. In the event of a FRD breach, larger floods may occur on rare occasions or the flood height may be increased by man-made or natural causes. This
Article does not imply that areas outside boundaries of the FRD breach impact area or land uses permitted within such districts will be free from flooding or flood damages. This Article shall not create liability on the part of Jefferson County or any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that may result from reliance on this Article or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder.

8. **Appeal:** Where a request for a permit to develop, build, locate, extend, convert or structurally alter any structure or building is denied by the Enforcement Officer, the applicant may appeal such decision and apply for relief to the Board of Zoning Appeals in the method provided in these Regulations for appeals.

15-104 **Establishment of Zoning District:** The mapped FRD breach impact areas within the jurisdiction of this Article are hereby divided into the following district: a floodwater retarding dam breach impact overlay district "FRD" identified on the Floodwater Retarding Dam Maps and as elaborated by the official Professional Engineering Breach Impact Studies. Within this district all uses not meeting the standards of this Article and those standards of underlying zoning districts shall be prohibited.

15-105 **Permitted Uses:** Only uses having a low flood damage potential and not obstructing flood flows shall be permitted within the Floodwater Retarding Dam Breach Impact Overlay District to the extent they are not prohibited by any other provision of these Regulations, and provided they do not require structures or storage of materials or equipment. Subject to the requirements of these Regulations, the following uses are permitted:

a. Agricultural uses.

b. Nonbuilding residential accessory uses such as lawns, gardens, parking, play and yard areas.

c. Nonresidential uses such as loading areas, parking, landing strips.

d. Public and private recreational uses such as golf courses, archery ranges, picnic grounds, parks, wildlife and nature preserves.

15-106 **Permit Required:** No person, firm or corporation shall initiate any development or cause the same to be done without first obtaining a permit as required by these Regulations.
ARTICLE 16

Sections:
16-101 Purpose
16-102 Application, Review, Approval Procedure
16-103 Development Plan
16-104 Development Plan - Planning Commission Review
16-105 Development Plan - Phasing, Time Restrictions
16-106 Remedies for Noncompliance

16-101 Purpose: The procedures and requirements set forth in this Article, or the requirements set forth elsewhere in this Code when referred to in this Article, are for the development plans required for rezonings in the “Planned” zoning districts or Conditional Use Permits designated elsewhere in this Code. These requirements are specifically intended to accommodate:

1. The planned, coordinated, and orderly development of properties classified in one of the zoning districts established herein and designated as a “Planned” district.
2. The fully planned, coordinated, and orderly development of relatively large tracts of land.
3. The conversion of relatively small parcels of land to one of the specified uses requiring a Conditional Use Permit.

The erection, construction, reconstruction, moving or altering on an individual lot or property of a single-family residential unit shall not be subject to the provisions of this Article.

The requirements and regulations herein prescribed pertaining to height, open space, setbacks, parking, loading, and signs may be adjusted or modified so that the property in question may be developed in a reasonable manner and, at the same time, will not be detrimental to the public welfare and the interests of the community, but in keeping with the general intent and spirit of these Regulations. Such adjustments or modifications may be made in the Development Plan as a part of the Conditional Use process, or may be allowed upon request of the applicant after approval by the Planning Commission and Governing Body as an amendment to a previously approved Development Plan or as a first approval of a Development Plan on properties that have never had an approved Development Plan.

16-102 Application, Review, Approval Procedure: In order to assure that proposed rezonings to a “Planned” district or uses requiring Conditional Use Permits meet the requirements of these Regulations and will be compatible with surrounding properties and uses, it is hereby required that all applications for a rezoning to a “Planned” district or a Conditional Use Permit, except those uses exempted in Section 16-101 above, include a Development Plan which must be approved as specified within this Article prior to any construction on the property.

The procedure for approval of a Development Plan shall consist of the following:

1. Application for a “Planned” district rezoning or a Conditional Use Permit, and;
2. A Development Plan.
The Development Plan shall be submitted at the time the application is submitted and no application shall be deemed complete nor set for public hearing until said Development Plan is submitted.

16-103 Development Plan: Application for a “Planned” district rezoning or a Conditional Use and Development Plan approval shall be made in accordance with the procedures outlined in Article 23 of these Regulations. The application shall include a Development Plan which describes the applicant's intentions for the use and development of the property. The Development Plan shall include and/or display the following information:

1. When deemed necessary, a topographic survey indicating the legal description, property boundary, existing contours, existing utilities and easements, and natural and manmade features of the property.

2. A Development Plan, drawn to the same scale as the topographic survey, indicating:
   a. existing contours (shown as dashed lines);
   b. proposed contours (shown as solid lines);
   c. location and orientation of all existing and proposed buildings;
   d. areas to be used for parking, including the number and arrangement of stalls;
   e. areas to be developed for screening, including the location of plant materials, and screening structures and features;
   f. pedestrian and vehicular circulation, and their relationship to existing streets, alleys and public right-of-way;
   g. points of ingress and egress;
   h. location of all existing and proposed utilities (sanitary sewage systems, water systems, storm drainage systems, gas lines, telephone lines and electrical power lines);
   i. drainage controls (retention or detention ponds);
   j. location, size and characteristics of identification and business signs;
   k. lighting layout, appurtenances, and intensity of illumination;
   l. proposed finished floor elevations of all buildings and structures.

3. A statement of intent shall accompany the Development Plan to explain the measures used to achieve compatibility of the proposed development with surrounding properties through the planning of the site and the location and design of structures.
16-104 Development Plan – Planning Commission Review: The Planning Commission shall review the application for a “Planned” district rezoning or a Conditional Use Permit, along with the Development Plan, and shall recommend approval or denial of the “Planned” district rezoning or Conditional Use Permit along with the Development Plan to the Governing Body, or may request modifications to the Development Plan as deemed necessary to carry out the spirit and intent of these Regulations. Approval by the Governing Body shall constitute approval and permanency of the Development Plan, thereby establishing the criteria for construction of the proposed development.

In the process of reviewing any Development Plan, the Planning Commission and/or Governing Body may provide approval of the Development Plan conditioned upon certain limitations or restrictions deemed necessary to protect the public interest and surrounding properties, including, if any, the following:

1. Limitations on the type, illumination and appearance of any signs or advertising structures.
2. Direction and location of outdoor lighting.
3. Arrangement and location of off-street parking and off-street loading spaces.
4. The type of paving, landscaping, fencing, screening and other such features.
5. Limitations on structural alterations to existing buildings.
6. Prohibition of use or construction of any structure to be used for a single-family dwelling, including a manufactured home.
7. Plans for control or elimination of smoke, dust, gas, noise or vibration caused by the proposed use.
8. Waiver of any standards, requirements or depiction of information required by this Article when requested by the applicant and shown to be unnecessary as applied to the specific case in question.
9. Such other conditions and/or limitations that are deemed necessary.

16-105 Development Plan - Phasing, Time Restrictions: The applicant may proceed with construction based on the entire Development Plan, or may elect to develop the property in phases. The applicant may submit the Development Plan separately for the first and each successive phase of construction, or for all of the project with a depiction of the phasing sequence; however, all Conditional Uses approved with a Development Plan shall have construction begun within one (1) year of said approval by the Governing Body. The applicant may request a one (1) year extension of this time restriction by submitting a request in writing to the Governing Body stating the reasons construction has not begun and at what time construction is expected to begin. If the Governing Body agrees, the one (1) year extension may be granted one time but shall not be granted for any longer period.

The Governing Body shall review the Development Plan and shall act on said plan in a reasonable time period. Upon approval by the Governing Body, the Development Plan shall be filed for record in the office of the Zoning Administrator. In addition, an affidavit shall be recorded with the
Jefferson County Register of Deeds indicating a Development Plan has been approved and is on record with the Zoning Administrator and that revisions or alterations to the property must be made in accordance with the Development Plan.

After the Development Plan has been approved, and when in the course of carrying out the Development Plan, minor adjustments are requested by the applicant and such adjustments conform to the minimum standards established by the approved Development Plan for building coverage, parking spaces, points of ingress and/or egress, heights, setbacks and/or other requirements, such adjustments may be made by the Zoning Administrator. If the requested adjustments are deemed by the Zoning Administrator to exceed the minimum standards established by the approved Development Plan, the revised Development Plan must be submitted to and approved by the Planning Commission and Governing Body before any further work can proceed. At no time shall the Conditional Use previously approved be subject to disapproval. The only issue in said review shall be the requested revisions to the previously approved Development Plan.

16-106 Remedies for Noncompliance: If the applicant fails to comply with any of the restrictions or limitations established with an approved Development Plan, including the time requirements herein established, the approved Development Plan shall be declared null and void and no permit for construction shall be issued until a new Development Plan has been approved following the procedures previously cited. The Conditional Use Permit shall remain in effect but shall do so without an approved Development Plan. If the approved Development Plan is voided, the Planning Commission or the Governing Body may initiate an action to have the Conditional Use permit revoked.
ARTICLE 17  
PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Sections:
17-101 Purpose
17-102 Performance Standards - Districts "AG", "RR", "SR", "R-1", "LL" and "V-1"
17-103 Performance Standards - District “CP-1”, “CP-2”, and “CP-3”
17-104 Performance Standards - District “IP-1” and “IP-2”
17-105 Performance Standards - District "AO"
17-106 Performance Standards - Conditional Uses

17-101 Purpose: The regulations set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the performance standards for uses permitted within these Regulations. The standards established herein are intended to provide guidance in the development or redevelopment of property in Jefferson County for the purpose of encouraging and requiring orderly development at a quality level generally equal to or exceeding that commonly found elsewhere in the community. The standards stated within this Article are the minimum required or maximum permitted, whichever the case may be, for the uses permitted in these Regulations.

17-102 Performance Standards - Districts "AG", "RR", "SR", "R-1", "LL" and "V-1": The following are the performance standards for the "AG" Agricultural District, "RR" Rural Residential District, the "SR" Suburban Residential District, the "R-1" Single-Family Residential District, the "LL" Single-Family Lake Lot Residential District and the "V-1" Village District.

1. Where allowed by these Regulations (by right in the "AG" Agricultural District and by accessory use in other districts), agricultural uses are permitted with no restrictions as to operation of such vehicles or machinery as are customarily incidental to such uses, and with no restrictions to the sale or marketing of products raised on the premises; provided, however, there shall be no disposal of garbage, rubbish or offal, other than regular removal, except in compliance with the Jefferson County Sanitary Code.

2. No main or accessory building or structure shall project beyond the property line. On all major streets and highways within Jefferson County, no main or accessory building or structure shall project beyond the setback lines established within these Regulations. Nothing shall be allowed to be placed in any public right-of-way without the express permission of the County.

3. Residential real estate sales offices in the "RR" Rural Residential, "SR" Suburban Residential District, "R-1" Single-Family Residential, "LL" Single-Family Lake Lot Residential District, and the "V-1" Village Districts are subject to the following standards:

   a. There shall be only one residential sales office in any one subdivision.

   b. All sales shall be limited to the sale of new properties located within that subdivision.

   c. Any sales office within a subdivision shall be located within a permanent residential structure. Manufactured homes, mobile homes, and construction trailers shall not be permitted to be used as a residential real estate sales office.
d. No additional parking facilities other than adjacent on-street parking or customary driveway parking shall be permitted.

e. Upon issuance of any final approval of construction for 90% of the lots within the subdivision, the sales office shall be terminated.

4. In order for residential-design manufactured homes, when installed, to have substantially the appearance of an on-site, conventionally built, single-family dwelling in this County, the following criteria and standards shall apply:

a. The pitch of the roof of the manufactured home has a minimum vertical rise of 2.2 inches for each 12 inches of horizontal run, and the roof is finished with a type of shingle that is commonly used in standard residential construction in the County.

b. All roof structures shall provide an eave projection of no less than one (1) foot, which may include a gutter.

c. The exterior siding consists predominantly of vinyl or metal horizontal lap siding (whose reflectivity does not exceed that of gloss white paint), wood, or hardboard, comparable in composition, appearance and durability to the exterior siding commonly used in residential construction in the County.

d. The manufactured home is set up in accordance with the recommended installation procedures of the manufacturer and the standards set by the National Conference of States on Building Codes and Standards and published in "Manufactured Home Installations, 1994" (NCS BCS A225.1); and a continuous, permanent masonry foundation or masonry curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access which may include walk-out basements and garages, is installed under the perimeter of the manufactured home.

e. Stairs, porches, entrance platforms, ramps and other means of entrance and exit to and from the manufactured home shall be installed or constructed firmly to the primary structure and anchored securely to the ground.

f. The moving hitch, wheels and axles, and transporting lights shall be removed.

5. Where permitted as an accessory use, small wind energy conversion systems shall conform to the following standards:

a. The maximum capacity of the system shall be 25 kW. There shall be no more than one (1) system on an individual property.

b. The lowest point of the rotor blades shall be at least 20 feet above ground level at the base of the tower.

c. The maximum height of the structure shall be 199 feet as measured to the top of the blade at its highest point.
d. The minimum setback shall be a distance equal to the height of the structure from all property lines.

e. Any standards proposed to exceed those stated herein shall be permitted only by the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit after proper notice and hearing as provided by these Regulations.

6. In the “RR” Rural Residential District where a structure constructed or intended for use as a shipping container, whether originally as a transportation vehicle or as a separate structure, only one (1) such structure shall be used as an accessory building. Said structures are prohibited in the “SR” Suburban Residential District, “R-1” Single-Family Residential District and the “V-1” Village District; and may be placed in any number in the “AG” Agricultural District.

17-103 **Performance Standards - Districts “CP-1”, “CP-2”, and “CP-3”**: The following are the performance standards for the "CP-1" Planned Light Commercial District, "CP-2" Planned General Commercial District and the “CP-3” Planned Highway Service Commercial District.

1. Light sources shall be controlled or hooded so that light is directed away from any adjoining residentially zoned property or public streets.

2. No smoke, radiation, vibration or concussion, or heat shall be produced that is perceptible outside a building, and no dust, fly ash, or gas that is toxic, caustic or obviously injurious to humans or property shall be produced.

3. Merchandise which may be appropriately displayed or stored outside a building shall be kept off the public sidewalks and streets, and shall not reduce the capacity of a parking lot below that specified in Article 18 herein. In addition, the outdoor storage or display area shall not occupy an area greater than thirty percent (30%) of the ground floor area of the building. Automobiles and trucks for sale may be stored or displayed outside a building, but must maintain a setback of at least ten (10) feet from a street right-of-way, or six (6) feet from a side or rear lot line.

4. Any manufacturing or assembly of products shall be entirely within a totally enclosed building.

17-104 **Performance Standards - Districts “IP-1” and “IP-2”**: The following are the performance standards in the "IP-1" Planned Light Industrial District and the “IP-2” Medium Industrial District.

1. Light sources shall be controlled or hooded so that light is directed away from any adjoining residentially zoned property or public streets.

2. No emission of air contaminants from any source within the boundaries of any lot or tract shall exceed emission rates established by the Kansas Secretary of Health and Environment pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3001 et seq., or amendments thereto, and any administrative regulations adopted thereunder.

3. No activity shall be permitted that creates any off-site electrical disturbance.
4. Areas devoted to retail sales of commodities manufactured, processed, fabricated, assembled, warehoused, or stored on the premises shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the gross floor area of the main use, and in no event shall such areas exceed 5,000 square feet.

17-105 Performance Standards - District "AO": The following are the performance standards in the "AO" Airport Overlay District.

1. Light sources shall be controlled or hooded so that light is directed away from the flight patterns around the airport and from any adjoining residentially zoned property or public streets.

2. No activity shall be permitted that creates any off-site electrical disturbance, (especially radio transmissions to or from any aircraft).

3. No emission of air contaminants from any source within the boundaries of any lot or tract shall exceed emission rates established by the Kansas Secretary of Health and Environment pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3001 et seq., or amendments thereto, and any administrative regulations adopted thereunder.

17-106 Performance Standards - Conditional Uses: The following are the performance standards for Conditional Uses authorized by these Regulations.

1. No smoke, radiation, vibration or concussion, or heat shall be produced that is perceptible outside a building, and no dust, fly ash, or gas that is toxic, caustic or obviously injurious to humans or property shall be produced.

2. For retail commercial uses, merchandise which may be appropriately displayed or stored outside a building shall be kept off the public sidewalks and streets, and shall not reduce the capacity of a parking lot below that specified in Article 18 herein. In addition, the outdoor storage or display area shall occupy an area no greater than twenty percent (20%) of the ground floor area of the building. Automobiles and trucks for sale may be stored or displayed outside a building, but must maintain a setback of at least 15 feet from a street right-of-way, or 6 feet from a side or rear lot line.

3. Any manufacturing or assembly of products shall be entirely within a totally enclosed building.

4. No emission of air contaminants from any source within the boundaries of any lot or tract shall exceed emission rates established by the Kansas Secretary of Health and Environment pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3001 et seq., or amendments thereto, and any administrative regulations adopted thereunder.

5. No activity shall be permitted that creates any off-site electrical disturbance.

6. Light sources shall be controlled or hooded so that light is directed away from any adjoining residentially zoned property or public streets.
7. For industrial uses, areas devoted to retail sales of commodities manufactured, processed, fabricated, assembled, warehoused, or stored on the premises shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the gross floor area of the main use, and in no event shall such areas exceed 5,000 square feet.
**ARTICLE 18**

Sections:
- 18-101 Parking Requirements
- 18-102 Interpretation of the Chart
- 18-103 Joint Use and Off-Site Facilities
- 18-104 Design Standards
- 18-105 Performance Standards

**18-101 Parking Requirements:** When any building or structure is hereafter erected or structurally altered to the extent of increasing the floor area by 50 percent or more, or a building or use is changed or enlarged in floor area, number of employees, number of dwelling units, seating capacity or otherwise, to create a need for an increase of 10 percent or more in the number of existing parking spaces, or any building or structure hereafter erected is converted for the uses listed in Column 1 of the chart below in any zoning district, accessory off-street parking spaces shall be provided as required in Column 2 or Column 3 or as required in subsequent sections of this Article or in these Regulations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USE OR USE CATEGORY</td>
<td>SPACES REQUIRED PER BASIC MEASURING UNIT</td>
<td>ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One family and two-family dwellings</td>
<td>2 per dwelling unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apartments</td>
<td>2 per dwelling unit or 1.5 per efficiency unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Church, temple or similar place of assembly</td>
<td>1 per 5 seats or bench seat spaces (Seats in main auditorium only)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College or high school</td>
<td>1 per 5 seats in main auditorium or 8 per classroom whichever is greater</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary or nursery school</td>
<td>1 per 10 seats - main assembly room or 1 per classroom whichever is greater</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country club or golf club</td>
<td>To be determined by the Planning Commission and Governing Body</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public library, museum art gallery, or community center</td>
<td>5 per building</td>
<td>Plus 1 additional for each 300 sq. ft. of floor area in excess of 1,000 square feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private clubs, fraternities, sororities</td>
<td>2 per 3 beds or 1 per active member, whichever is greater</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USE OR USE CATEGORY</td>
<td>SPACES REQUIRED PER BASIC MEASURING UNIT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sanitarium - nursing or convalescent home, home for the aged or similar institution</td>
<td>1 per 5 patient beds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hotel</td>
<td>1 per guest room or suite</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tourist court - motel - motor hotel or motor lodge</td>
<td>1 per sleeping room or suite</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rooming, boarding, lodging house or group home</td>
<td>2 per 3 beds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital</td>
<td>1 per 3 patient beds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office or office building, studio or clinic</td>
<td>1 per 300 square feet of floor area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funeral home</td>
<td>1 per 5 seats in auditorium or chapel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurant, tavern, drinking establishment, or other establishment for consumption</td>
<td>1 per 3 seats or seating space:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of food or beverage on the premises</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail store or personal service establishment and banks</td>
<td>1 per 200 square feet of floor area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture or appliance store, machinery, equipment, and auto and boat sales and</td>
<td>1 per 300 square feet of floor area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium, theatre, gymnasium, stadium, arena or convention hall</td>
<td>1 per 4 seats or seating space:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowling alley</td>
<td>5 per 1,000 square feet of gross floor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food storage locker</td>
<td>1 per 200 square feet customer service</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Article 18 Parking Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1: Use or Use Category</th>
<th>Column 2: Spaces Required Per Basic Measuring Unit</th>
<th>Column 3: Additional Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amusement place, dance hall, skating rink, swimming pool, auditorium or exhibition hall without fixed seats</td>
<td>1 per 100 square feet of floor area</td>
<td>Does not apply to accessory uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General service or repair establishment, printing, publishing, plumbing, heating</td>
<td>1 per 300 square feet of floor area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing or industrial establishment, research or testing lab, wholesale warehouse or similar establishment</td>
<td>2 per 1,000 square feet of floor area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 18-102 Interpretation of the Chart:

1. The use regulations for each District are not affected by arrangement of uses in the chart.

2. The parking requirements in this Article do not limit other requirements for parking contained in these Regulations.

3. The parking requirements in this Article do not limit special requirements which may be imposed in connection with Conditional Uses, Article 23.

4. Floor area, as used in the chart, shall be as defined in Article 1, Definitions.

5. Where fractional spaces result, the parking spaces required shall be construed to be the next highest whole number.

6. The parking spaces required for a use not specifically listed in the chart shall be the same as for a listed use of similar characteristics with similar demands for parking as determined by the Zoning Administrator.

7. In the case of mixed uses (uses with different parking requirements occupying the same building or premises) or in the case of joint use of a building or premises by more than one use having the same parking requirements, the parking spaces required shall equal the sum of the requirements of the various uses computed separately.

#### 18-103 Joint Use and Off-Site Facilities: All parking spaces required herein shall be located on the same lot with the building or use served, except that where an increase in the number of spaces is required by a change or enlargement of use or where such spaces are provided collectively or used jointly by two or more buildings or establishments, the required spaces may be located and maintained not to exceed 300 feet from the building served.
1. Up to 50 percent of the parking spaces required for (a) theatres, night clubs or cafes, and up to 100 percent of the parking spaces required for a church auditorium may be provided and used jointly by (b) banks, offices, retail stores, repair shops, service establishments and similar uses not normally open, used or operated during the same hours as those listed in (a); provided, however, that a written agreement is properly executed and filed as specified below.

2. In any case where the required parking spaces are not located on the same lot with the building or use served, or where such spaces are collectively or jointly provided and used, a written agreement thereby assuring their retention for such purposes shall be properly drawn and executed by the parties concerned, approved as to form by the County Counselor and shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator.

18-104 **Design Standards:**

1. An off-street parking space is an all-weather area not in a street or alley, being a minimum of 9 feet by 19 feet, exclusive of driveways or access drives, permanently reserved for the temporary storage of one motor vehicle and connected with a street or alley by an all-weather driveway which affords satisfactory ingress and egress for motor vehicles.

2. Entrances or exits for all parking facilities shall comply with the requirements of the County Engineer.

3. Screening shall be erected along any property line adjacent to or adjoining any single-family residence, two-family residence or multi-family residence to eliminate the passage of light from vehicles. Screening along side yards shall not extend nearer to the street than the front yard setback line. The installation and maintenance of required screening shall be the responsibility of the landowner whose land use necessitates the screening.

18-105 **Performance Standards:**

1. All off-street parking spaces and their access drives required for all commercial and industrial uses shall be paved with an asphalt or concrete surface if the adjoining road is also paved with asphalt or concrete. All required off-street parking spaces and their access drives shall be maintained in good condition and free of all weeds, dust, trash and other debris. Said paving shall be completed before the activity or use can commence.

   The Planning Commission may waive this requirement at the applicant's request, provided that the applicant can provide sufficient reasons and can show that such action would be in the community's best interest and would be keeping with the spirit and intent of these Regulations.

2. All off-street parking spaces, and their access drives, shall be planned and engineered to assure proper drainage of surface water. If a storm sewer is not available, positive drainage shall be provided on such lot or parcel and discharge of the same shall be through defined drainage courses. No drainage shall be directed over adjoining lands unless approved by the County Engineer.
3. The Planning Commission or the Governing Body may require plans to be prepared and presented to assure proper design and construction of any off-street parking spaces and their access drives, if conditions of the site are such that compliance with these requirements may be difficult or may pose a potential problem with adjacent properties, or if the proposed use will include parking needs for buses, tractor-trailer semis, or other such large vehicles. Additional spaces may be required or reserved to accommodate such vehicles and the Planning Commission or Governing Body may require that the site plan show the location of such spaces.

4. When located in a residential district, parking shall not be permitted within a front yard setback except in permitted driveways.

5. If lighting facilities are provided, they shall be so arranged as to deflect or direct light away from any adjacent single-family residence, two-family residence or multi-family residence.

6. Paved parking areas shall be adequately marked with at least two (2) inch wide stripes of traffic paint, for channelization and movement of vehicles.

7. No business shall be conducted on any parking lot except when conducted in compliance with these Regulations.
19-101 Requirements: Except as otherwise provided in these Regulations, when any building or structure is hereafter erected or structurally altered to the extent of increasing floor area by 50 percent or more, or any building is hereafter converted for the uses listed in Column 1 of the chart below, when such buildings contain the floor areas specified in Column 2, accessory off-street loading spaces shall be provided as required in Column 3, or as required in subsequent sections of this Article.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use or Use Category</td>
<td>Floor Area as Defined in Article 1</td>
<td>Loading Spaces Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Store, Department</td>
<td>2,000 - 10,000</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Store, Restaurant,</td>
<td>10,000 - 20,000</td>
<td>Two</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale House, Warehouse</td>
<td>20,000 - 40,000</td>
<td>Three</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair, General Service</td>
<td>40,000 - 60,000</td>
<td>Four</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing or Industrial Establishment</td>
<td>Each 50,000 over 60,000</td>
<td>One Additional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apartment Building, Motel,</td>
<td>5,000 - 10,000</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offices or Office Building</td>
<td>10,000 - 100,000</td>
<td>Two</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital or Similar</td>
<td>100,000 - 200,000</td>
<td>Three</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institution, Places of Public Assembly</td>
<td>Each 100,000 over 200,000</td>
<td>One Additional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funeral Home or Mortuary</td>
<td>2,500 - 4,000</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4,000 - 6,000</td>
<td>Two</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 10,000 over 6,000</td>
<td>One Additional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

19-102 Interpretation of the Chart:

1. The loading space requirements apply to all Districts.

2. The loading space requirements in this Article do not limit special requirements which may be imposed in connection with Conditional Uses, Article 23.

19-103 Mixed Use of One Building:

1. Where a building is used for more than one use or for different uses, and where the floor area used for each use for which loading space is required is below the minimum for required loading spaces, but the aggregate floor area used is greater than such minimum, then off-street loading space shall be provided as if the entire building were used for that use in the building for which the most spaces are required.
19-104 **Design Standards:**

1. Loading spaces shall have minimum dimensions of 12 feet by 35 feet and vertical clearance of at least 14 feet.

2. Loading spaces for a funeral home or mortuary may be reduced in size to 10 feet by 25 feet and vertical clearance reduced to 8 feet.
20-101 Purpose and Scope: The purpose of this Article is to:

1. Encourage the effective use of signs and outdoor advertising as a means of communication;
2. Maintain and enhance the aesthetic environment and the ability of Jefferson County, Kansas, to attract sources of economic development and growth;
3. Improve pedestrian and vehicular safety;
4. Eliminate excessive and confusing signage;
5. Promote compatibility of signage with nearby public and private property;
6. Enable the fair and consistent enforcement of this Article by governing the placement, use, and structural quality of outdoor signs and other advertising and identification devices together with their appurtenant and auxiliary apparatus.

It is not the purpose or intent of this article to regulate sign content protected by the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.

After the effective date of these regulations, no sign shall be erected, constructed, reconstructed or otherwise structurally altered without first obtaining a separate sign permit. Such sign permit shall be legally issued only when in compliance with the regulations set forth in this Article.

20-102 Objectives: This Article is found to be necessary and proper to the following objectives:

1. To protect the general public from damage and injury which may be caused by the faulty and unregulated construction of signs.
2. To prevent the obstruction of traffic visibility and confusion with traffic control devices resulting from improperly placed and designed signs.
3. To ensure the visual quality of signs and preserve and promote aesthetic quality in Jefferson County, Kansas.

20-103 Definitions: For the purpose of this Article, certain terms, phrases and words used throughout this Article shall have the meaning assigned them in this section:

1. General:
a. **ABANDONED SIGN:**
   (1) A sign pertaining to or associated with an event, business or purpose which is no longer ongoing and which has been inactive or out of business for a period of ninety (90) consecutive days or longer; or
   (2) A sign which contains structural components but no display for a period of ninety (90) consecutive days or longer.

b. **DAMAGED SIGN:** Any sign damaged more than fifty per cent (50%) of its value by any means.

c. **FACADE:** The entire exterior surface of a particular side of a structure or establishment to be considered in the calculation of the maximum gross surface area of a wall, roof, or projecting sign or signs.

d. **INDIRECTLY ILLUMINATED SIGN:** Any sign which is partially or completely illuminated at any time by a light source separate from the sign housing which is so shielded as to not be visible at eye level.

e. **INTERIOR SIGN:** is a sign which is not intended to be viewed from outside the property, including any signs in interior areas of stadiums, arenas, and similar structures of a recreational nature and signs in agricultural fields used to identify crop varieties. Also included in this definition are indoor signs though such signs may be visible from outside through windows or doors.

f. **MARQUEE:** A permanent roofed structure attached to and supported by the building and projecting over public property.

g. **OFF-PREMISES SIGN:** A sign that directs attention to a business, commodity, service, or entertainment not exclusively located on the premises where such sign is located or to which it is affixed.

h. **ON-PREMISES SIGN:** A sign which carries only advertisement that is incidental to a lawful use of the premises on which it is located, including signs or sign devices indicating the business transacted, services rendered, goods sold or produced on the premises, the rental or lease of products or building space, and/or name of the person, firm or corporation occupying the premises.

i. **OWNER:** Any person(s), firm(s), corporation(s), or any other legal entity having legal title to or sufficient proprietary interest in a tract of land (including leasehold interests) or a sign.

j. **SEMI-ILLUMINATED SIGN:** Any sign located on a building which building face is uniformly illuminated over its entire area, including the area of the sign, by use of electricity or other artificial light. Semi- illuminated signs shall be permitted in any location where illuminated signs are permitted.

k. **SIGN:** Any advertising device or surface placed out-of-doors, on or off premises, or placed inside a building when in view of the general public, designed to attract attention. Included in this definition of "sign" shall be any structure used for said display and all sign supports.

l. **SIGN, GROSS SURFACE AREA OF:** The gross surface area of a sign shall be the sum of all surface areas of the sign faces that are visible from the traveled way to which they face; except that ground or pole signs designed as double-faced signs shall have only one face of the sign be considered in determining the sign area. Each surface area shall include the total area within a single continuous perimeter enclosing the extreme limits of the sign elements.

m. **SIGN AREA, MAXIMUM TOTAL GROSS SURFACE AREA:** Maximum allowed square footage of sign area permitted per zoning lot.
n. **SIGN, HEIGHT:** The height of a sign as measured from the lowest adjacent grade at the foundation of the sign to the highest element of the sign.

o. **SIGN SETBACK:** The horizontal distance between a sign and a lot line(s), as measured from that part of the sign, including its extremities and supports, nearest to any point on an imaginary vertical plane projecting from said lot line(s).

![Diagram of setback distance]

p. **SIGN STRUCTURE:** An element or assemblage of elements which supports or is capable of supporting a sign. A sign structure may be free-standing, attached to a building, an integral part of the building, or combination thereof.

q. **VISIBILITY TRIANGLE:** The triangular area formed by the intersecting street right-of-way lines and a straight line joining said street right-of-way lines at points which are thirty (30) feet distant from the point of intersection, measured along said right-of-way lines.

r. **ZONING ADMINISTRATOR:** See Article 1.

2. Classification of Signs:
   a. **Functional Types of Signs:** Functional types of signs include but are not limited to the following:
      (1) **ADVERTISING SIGN:** A sign which directs the attention of the public to a business, profession, commodity, service, or entertainment conducted, sold, or furnished either on the premises where the sign is located or at a premises other than where the sign is located.
(2) **ADVERTISING DECORATION:** Various materials used for temporary display and decoration, including streamers, banners, pennants, pinwheels, commercial flags, bunting, and similar devices.

(3) **BILLBOARD:** An off-premise sign greater than thirty-two (32) square feet in area including but not limited to:
   (a) Poster panels or bulletins normally mounted on a building wall or freestanding structure with advertising copy in the form of pasted paper, vinyl, paint, or a series of lights or electronically illuminated segments.
   (b) Multi-prism signs, which are poster panels or bulletins normally mounted on a building wall or freestanding structure with advertising copy normally in the form of pasted paper or vinyl and alternating advertising message on the one (1) display area.
   (c) Painted bulletins, where the advertiser's message is painted directly on the background of a wall-mounted or freestanding display area.
   (d) Off-premise signs on motor vehicles, trailers or other structures not otherwise defined herein, when such motor vehicle, trailer or other structure is used for advertising purposes.

(4) **OFFICIAL SIGN:** A sign erected, maintained and owned by a public entity within its own jurisdiction or, for a city or affiliated entity, within three (3) miles of the city limits.

(5) **TEMPORARY SIGN:** A sign not intended or designed for permanent display.

(6) **ELECTRONIC MESSAGE BOARD:** A sign with a fixed or changeable display composed of a series of lights or composed of electronically illuminated segments that may be changed through electronic means.

b. **Structural Types of Signs:** Structural types of signs include but are not limited to the following:

   (1) **ARCH SIGN:** Any sign located at the drive entrance to a farm, ranch or rural residence, either adjacent to or arched over the drive entrance.

   (2) **AWNINGSIGN:** Any sign affixed directly on, painted on or attached to an awning.

   (3) **BANNER SIGN:** A sign of lightweight fabric or similar non-rigid material, not including paper or cardboard, which is usually temporary but may be considered permanent when affixed to a wall by a frame or to the ground by concrete anchors. Upright banner signs shall have a maximum height of twenty feet (20').

   (4) **CANOPY SIGN:** Any sign affixed directly on, painted on or attached to a canopy.

   (5) **CHANGEABLE COPY SIGN:** A sign designed to allow the changing of copy through manual or mechanical means.

   (6) **COMMERCIAL BALLOON SIGN:** An on-premises, temporary sign that is inflated and exceeds five (5) square feet in area, as measured at the largest cross-section, designed to advertise a specific product or service sold, produced or conducted on the premises. Commercial balloon signs may be tethered or mounted to a structure or the ground.

   (7) **DOUBLE-FACED SIGN:** A sign having two faces or sides designed for use as a sign message area.
(8) **GROUND SIGN:** A sign placed upon, or supported by the ground independently of any building or structure on the property. This includes a sign supported on poles or posts, the base of the face which is less than six (6) feet above ground level.

(9) **MARQUEE SIGN:** Any sign mounted on, painted on or supported by a marquee.

(10) **MONUMENT SIGN:** A free standing sign, permanently affixed to the ground, supported primarily by an internal structural framework or other solid structural feature, which may be integrated into the landscape. The maximum height from the lowest adjacent grade to the highest point of the structure shall not exceed fifteen feet (15’). The maximum width of the sign shall not exceed fifteen feet (15’)

(11) **POLE SIGN:** A sign the base of the face of which is more than six (6) feet above ground level and is supported by poles, pylons, or posts and. The maximum height of which shall not exceed thirty-five feet (35’).

(12) **PORTABLE SIGN:** An on-site sign designed in such a manner to be readily movable and not permanently attached to the property. Any non-permanent sign not classed as a temporary sign shall be deemed to be a portable sign.

(13) **PROJECTING SIGN:** Any sign that is wholly or partially attached to and dependent upon a building for support and which projects more than one (1) foot beyond the face of said building.

(14) **ROOF SIGN:** A sign mounted and supported wholly upon or over the roof of any structure.

(15) **WALL SIGN:** A sign attached to or painted on a wall in such a manner that the exposed face of the sign is in a plane approximately parallel to the plane of the wall.

**20-104 General Sign Requirements:**

1. **Traffic Safety:** No sign shall be maintained at any location where it may interfere with the view of, or where it may obstruct view of, or interfere with, mislead, or confuse traffic. No sign shall be placed in the visibility triangle as defined in these regulations, or project into said area unless the bottom edge of the projecting sign is at least ten (10) feet above the centerline grade of the intersecting streets and the sign supports are constructed to minimize the obstruction of the view of traffic.

2. **Clearance from Electrical Power Lines:** No ground, monument, or pole sign shall be located within eight (8) feet vertically and eight (8) feet horizontally of electrical wire or conductors in
free air carrying more than 48 volts, without regard to whether or not such wires or conductors are insulated or otherwise protected.

3. **Illuminated Signs:** Illuminated signs shall be shaded wherever necessary to avoid casting bright light upon property located in any residential district or upon any public street or park.

4. **Use of Spotlights and Floodlights for Illumination:** It shall be unlawful for any person to have any sign which is wholly or partially illuminated by floodlights or spotlights that interfere with the vision of pedestrians or vehicular traffic.

5. **Animated, Flashing, or Moving Signs:** No flashing signs, rotating or moving signs, animated signs, signs with moving lights, or signs which create the illusion of movement shall be permitted, including transitions on Electronic Message Board Signs. A sign whereon the current time and/or temperature is indicated by intermittent lighting shall not be deemed to be a flashing sign if the lighting changes are limited to the numerals indicating the time and/or temperature not more often than two (2) seconds. Transitions between messages on Electronic Message Board Signs that do not occur more often than every two (2) seconds and are not animated, which term shall include any movement or impression of movement, for example scrolling, fading, wheeling, bouncing, pulsing, turning, revolving, tumbling, rotating shall not be deemed to be flashing.

6. **Signs Not To Be Located Within Public Right-of-Way:** Any signs and supports which are located upon or over the public right-of-way, including streets, alleys and parkways, shall be prohibited; provided, however, the following exceptions shall be allowed:
   a. Signs and supports required by governmental authority.
   b. Signs on commercial vehicles or commercial trailers which denote the name and address of a bona fide business which owns or leases said vehicle when these vehicles are lawfully operated or parked and not used expressly for the purpose of advertising a product, service or activity.
   c. Temporary signs no larger than four (4) square feet in area the height of which is not greater than thirty (30) inches from the lowest adjacent grade at the base of the sign shall be permitted in the public right-of-way only where roads under the jurisdiction of Jefferson County intersect and shall be placed no closer to the roadway than the official sign(s) marking the name of such roads and/or the official sign directing traffic to stop or yield. Where there are no such official signs temporary signs shall be placed no closer than ten feet (10’) from the driving surface. Such signs shall be allowed from Friday to Monday only. No such signs shall be placed at the intersections of the right-of-ways between or among roads under the jurisdiction of Jefferson County and roads under the jurisdiction of the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) unless documentation from KDOT allowing the sign is provided. **Such signs shall be removed by their installer.**
   d. Temporary political signs no larger than four (4) square feet in area the height of which is not greater than thirty (30) inches from the lowest adjacent grade at the base of the sign shall be permitted in the public right-of-way only during the 45-day period prior to any election and the two-day period following any such election where roads under the jurisdiction of Jefferson County intersect and shall be placed no closer to the roadway than the official sign(s) marking the name of such roads and/or the official sign directing traffic to
stop or yield. Where there are no such official signs temporary political signs shall be placed no closer than ten feet (10') from the driving surface.

7. **Obstruction to Exit**: No sign shall be erected so as to obstruct any fire escape, required exit, window, or door opening intended as a means of egress.

8. **Obstruction to Ventilation**: No sign shall be erected which interferes with any opening required for ventilation.

9. **Signs on Trees, Utility Poles, or Official Signs**: No sign shall be attached to a tree or utility pole whether on public or private property, likewise no temporary signs shall be attached or affixed to any official sign.

10. **Corner and Through Lots**: On corner and through lots, each lot line that abuts a street or highway shall be considered a separate street frontage. On corner and through lots, restrictions that are phrased in terms of "signs per zoning lot" shall be deemed to permit the allowable number of signs facing each street or highway that abuts the lot.

11. **Maintenance Required**: Signs shall be maintained so as to be structurally sound and in a safe condition, and shall be kept in a state of un-deteriorated appearance by means of painting, sealing or coating and repair or replacement of damaged parts, panels or lights. In addition, the premises surrounding all ground signs shall be maintained by the owner thereof in a sanitary and uncluttered condition, free and clear of all noxious substances, rubbish, litter and weeds.

12. **Clearance Drop Zone for Pole Signs**: Pole signs shall be located so as to provide a clearance drop zone in all directions such that the pole sign would fall on the property on which it is located. This requires that the pole sign be setback from all property lines a minimum distance equal to the height of the pole sign. Signs may be placed closer only when an engineering study stamped by an engineer registered with the State of Kansas is provided to Staff showing the placement is such that the sign is designed not to fall into the public right-of-way or onto an abutting property.

13. **Classification of Signs**:

   a. **Functional Types**:
      (1) Advertising Sign
      (2) Advertising Decoration Sign
      (3) Billboard Sign
      (4) Electronic Message Board
      (5) Temporary Sign

   b. **Structural Types**:
      (1) Arch Sign
      (2) Awning Sign
      (3) Canopy Sign
      (4) Changeable Copy Sign
      (5) Commercial Balloon Sign
      (6) Ground Sign
      (7) Marquee Sign
(8) Monument Sign
(9) Pole Sign
(10) Portable Sign
(11) Projecting Sign
(12) Roof Sign
(13) Wall Sign

20-105 Procedural Requirements:

1. Permit: Except for signs listed in section 20-105(6) of this section, a sign permit shall be obtained from the Zoning Administrator prior to the construction, erection, and remodeling, relocating, expanding, or structural alteration of any sign. Fees for sign permits shall be as established by resolution of the Governing Body.

2. Application for Permit: Application for a permit shall be made in writing upon forms provided by the Zoning Administrator and shall contain, or have attached, such information as the Zoning Administrator shall deem necessary to show full compliance with this and all other applicable laws and regulations of Jefferson County, Kansas. This may include drawings indicating the sign location, dimensions, construction and structural design. If the Zoning Administrator deems it necessary, he may also require that a licensed engineer furnish information concerning structural design of the sign and the proposed attachments. No sign permit shall be issued until the appropriate fees have been paid.

3. Issuance of Permit: Upon the filing of an application for a sign permit, the Zoning Administrator or designate shall examine such plans and specifications, along with the premises upon which it is proposed to erect the sign, and other pertinent data, to determine if the provisions of the Sign Regulations of Jefferson County, Kansas, are complied with. If all such requirements are met, the permit shall be issued. If the work authorized by such permit is not started within 90 days from the date of its issuance, such permit shall become null and void. The issuance of the Sign Permit as required by these Regulations shall not act in lieu of any other permits or fees required by any other provisions of these Regulations or any other rules or regulations applicable to such sign and its placement.

4. Permit Revocation: If the Zoning Administrator shall find that any sign subject to this Article is unsafe or structurally unsound, is a menace to the public, or has been constructed or erected or is being maintained in violation of the provisions of this Article, written notice shall be given to the owner, occupant, or person-in-charge, specifying the problem. If such person fails to remove or alter the sign so as to comply with the provisions of this Article within thirty (30) days of such notice, the Zoning Administrator may cause such sign to be removed or altered to comply with this Article.

5. Sign Removal:
   a. All abandoned signs and their supports shall be removed within thirty (30) days from the date of notification of abandonment by the Zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator may grant a time extension not exceeding an additional thirty (30) days for an abandoned, non-damaged sign. All signs structurally damaged shall be repaired or removed within thirty (30) days of the date of notification by the Zoning Administrator.
b. If the owner, occupant, or person-in-charge, after due notice, fails or refuses to correct a violation of this Article, the Zoning Administrator shall cause such signs and their supports to be demolished and removed. If such sign cannot be demolished because it is painted on a building or other non-sign structure, such sign shall be painted over or removed by sandblasting.

c. When in the opinion of the Zoning Administrator any sign is in such condition as to constitute an imminent hazard requiring immediate action to protect the public, he may erect barricades or cause the sign to be taken down, repaired, shored, or otherwise made safe without delay. Such action, under such circumstances, may be taken without prior notice to or hearing of the owner, agents, lienholders, and occupants.

d. Any cost incurred by the County associated with the demolition, removal or repair of any sign under the provisions of this Article shall be levied, certified, and collected as a special assessment against the lot or tract of ground upon which the sign was located. Said assessment, if not paid when due, shall be certified to the County Clerk for collection with other special assessments.

6. Exemptions from Permits: The following signs shall be exempt from paying fees and obtaining a sign permit; however such signs shall be subject to the sign regulations, to the extent such sign regulations do not conflict with state or federal law. (This exemption shall not be construed as relieving the owner of the sign from the responsibility of meeting the structural and maintenance requirements as specified in these regulations):

   a. Advertising decoration signs, and any interior signs.
   b. Signs placed in or upon windows of a commercial or industrial building, whether painted or attached, so long as 50% of the window area remains uncovered.
   c. Temporary signs as outlined in this article for the individual zoning districts.
   d. Political signs.
   e. No more than one (1) nonelectrical sign per building or occupant not exceeding two (2) square feet in area.
   f. Signs of a duly constituted governmental body, including directional signs for public buildings and uses, and other instructional or regulatory signs.
   g. Advertising decorations, temporarily displayed during special event periods only, such as grand openings, holidays, carnivals and the like, with a limit of twelve (12) such events and a total time limitation of eight (8) weeks within any calendar year for any business or institution.
   h. Flags or emblems of a government or of a political, civic, philanthropic, educational or religious organization, displayed on private property.

7. Exemption from Fees: Signs for public, educational, charitable, or other 501(c)(3) Tax Exempt institutions shall be exempt from paying fees associated with a sign permit when located on the premises of such institution; however, a permit shall be obtained. This exemption shall not be construed as relieving the owner of the sign from the responsibility for its meeting the location, structural, and maintenance requirements as specified in these Regulations. Temporary signs as outlined in this Regulation are exempt from sign permit fees, however special event or conditional use permit fees may apply.

20-106 Design and Construction Standards: All letters, figures, characters, or representations in cutout or irregular form maintained in conjunction with, attached to, or superimposed upon any sign shall be safely and securely built or attached to the sign's structure.
20-107 District Regulations:

1. Agricultural and Single-Family Residential Districts: The following types of signs, along with applicable size, height, and setback requirements in districts zoned "AG", "RR", "SR", "R-1", "LL" and "V-1", are permitted:
   a. Functional Types:
      (1) Advertising Sign
      (2) Advertising Decoration Sign
      (3) Official Sign
      (4) Temporary Sign
   b. Structural Types:
      (1) Arch Sign
      (2) Ground Sign
      (3) Wall Sign
   c. Number of Signs Permitted: Except as otherwise provided in section 20-107.1.d(5), no more than two (2) ground signs, two (2) wall signs, and two (2) arch signs shall be permitted for each zoning lot having frontage on a public right-of-way. This provision shall not apply to signs that are exempt from permitting under section 20-105.6.
   d. Maximum Gross Surface Area:
      (1) Advertising Sign: Eight (8) square feet per sign for ground and wall signs and thirty-two (32) square feet per sign for arch signs.
      (2) Advertising Decoration Sign: Eight (8) square feet per sign.
      (3) Official Sign: One hundred (100) square feet per sign.
      (4) Off-Premise Sign: Eight (8) square feet per sign. However, the maximum size of the sign at those locations subject to the Highway Beautification Act of Kansas shall conform to the requirements of the Kansas Department of Transportation.
      (5) Temporary Signs: Non-exempt temporary signs shall be permitted as follows:
         (a) No more than two (2) signs at a time up to six (6) square feet in size per zoning lot shall be allowed without a special use permit.
         (b) Temporary signage in excess of the limits outlined above may be authorized via conditional use or special event permit.
   e. Maximum Height:
      (1) Arch Signs: Fifteen (15) feet.
      (2) Ground Signs: Six (6) feet.
      (3) Wall Signs: No portion of a wall sign shall be higher than the height of the top or ends of the wall section to which the sign is attached or affixed. In no case shall the sign be permitted to be placed on the roof.
   f. Required Setback: Unless otherwise provided within this Article, no sign shall project beyond the property line of the lot on which it is located along all street frontages; nor closer than ten (10) feet from any side or rear property line.
   g. Illumination: No sign shall be illuminated internally or otherwise emit light, however signs may be lighted indirectly with incandescent, fluorescent, or LED lights so long as illumination is not directed at abutting properties including those properties across any abutting right-of-way(s).
2. **Commercial Office District:** The following types of signs, along with applicable size, height, and setback requirements in the districts zoned "CP-1", "CP-2" and "CP-3", are permitted:

   a. **Functional Types:**
      (1) Advertising
      (2) Advertising Decoration Sign
      (3) Billboard Sign, subject to the provisions of Section 20-107(9) herein
      (4) Electronic Message Board Sign
      (5) Official Sign
      (6) Temporary Sign

   b. **Structural Types:**
      (1) Awning and Canopy Sign
      (2) Commercial Balloon Sign
      (3) Changeable Copy Sign
      (4) Ground Sign
      (5) Marquee Sign
      (6) Monument Sign
      (7) Pole Sign
      (8) Projecting Sign
      (9) Wall Sign

   c. **Number of Signs Permitted:** The following standards shall apply.
      (1) **Awning and Canopy Signs, Marquee Signs, Projecting Signs, and Wall Signs:** No limit on the number of individual signs allowed on each building elevation having street frontage or fronting on a parking area; however the total area covered shall not be greater than twenty percent (20%) of each building elevation or more than two hundred (200) square feet in area, whichever is less.

      (2) **Electronic Message Board (EMB) Signs:** No more than one (1) wall mounted and one (1) free standing EMB shall be permitted per zoning lot. Such signs shall not exceed one hundred (100) square feet in area and shall be equipped with automatic dimming technology or shall be set to not be brighter than 0.3 Foot candles above night time ambient lighting at one hundred (100) feet with an all-white screen for multi-colored signs and solid message for single-color signs as measured by an illuminance meter accurate to two (2) decimal places.

      (3) **Off-Site Advertising or Billboard Signs:** See section 20-107(9) of this Article.

      (4) **Commercial Balloon Signs:** See section 20-107(8) of this Article.

      (5) **Ground Signs, Monument Signs, and Pole Signs:** Lots with 200 feet or less of public street frontage shall be permitted one ground sign, one monument sign, and one pole sign. Lots with more than 200 feet of public street frontage shall be permitted more than one ground sign, one monument sign, and one pole sign provided that a minimum separation of 150 feet shall be maintained between ground or pole signs on the same zoning lot. Further, a minimum separation of 50 feet shall be maintained between ground or pole signs on adjoining lots along the same public street frontage.

   d. **Maximum Gross Surface Area:** The combined area of all signs, including temporary signage, shall not exceed two (2) square feet of area for each lineal frontage foot on the zoning lot, provided no single sign shall exceed a gross surface area of two hundred (200) square feet. In addition, the maximum size of the sign at those locations subject to the Highway Beautification Act of Kansas shall conform to the requirements of the Kansas Department of Transportation.
e. **Maximum Height**: No sign shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height, except for the following conditions:
   
   (1) **Wall Signs**: No portion of a wall sign shall be higher than the height of the top or ends of the wall section to which the sign is attached or affixed. In no case shall the sign be permitted to be placed on the roof.

f. **Required Setback**: Unless otherwise provided within this Article, no sign shall project beyond the property line of the lot on which it is located along all street frontages; nor closer than five (5) feet from any side or rear property line.

  g. **Illumination**: Illumination shall be permitted so long as illumination is screened from any abutting residential properties including residential properties across abutting right-of-ways.

3. **Industrial Districts**: The following types of signs, along with applicable size, height, and setback requirements in districts zoned "IP-1" and "IP-2" are permitted:

   a. **Functional Types**:
      
      (1) Advertising
      (2) Advertising Decoration Sign
      (3) Billboard Sign, subject to the provisions of Section 20-107(9) herein
      (4) Electronic Message Board Sign
      (5) Official Sign
      (6) Temporary Sign

b. **Structural Types**:

   (1) Awning and Canopy Sign
   (2) Commercial Balloon Sign
   (3) Changeable Copy Sign
   (4) Ground Sign
   (5) Marquee Sign
   (6) Monument Sign
   (7) Pole Sign
   (8) Projecting Sign
   (9) Wall Sign

c. **Number of Signs Permitted**: The following standards shall apply.

   (1) **Awning and Canopy Signs, Marquee Signs, Projecting Signs, and Wall Signs**:
       
       No limit on the number of individual signs allowed on each building elevation having street frontage or fronting on a parking area; however the total area covered shall not be greater than twenty percent (20%) of each building elevation or more than three hundred (300) square feet in area, whichever is less.

   (2) **Electronic Message Board (EMB) Signs**: No more than one (1) wall mounted and one (1) free standing EMB shall be permitted per zoning lot. Such signs shall not exceed one hundred (100) square feet in area and shall be equipped with automatic dimming technology or shall be set between dusk and dawn to not be brighter than 0.3 Foot candles above night time ambient lighting at one hundred (100) feet with an all-white screen for multi-colored signs and solid message for single-color signs as measured by an illuminance meter accurate to two (2) decimal places.

   (3) **Off-Site Advertising or Billboard Signs**: See section 20-107(9) of this Article.

   (4) **Commercial Balloon Signs**: See section 20-107(8) of this Article.

   (5) **Ground Signs, Monument Signs, and Pole Signs**: Lots with 200 feet or less of public street frontage shall be permitted one ground sign, one monument sign, and
one pole sign. Lots with more than 200 feet of public street frontage shall be permitted more than one ground sign, one monument sign, and one pole sign provided that a minimum separation of 150 feet shall be maintained between ground or pole signs on the same zoning lot. Further, a minimum separation of 50 feet shall be maintained between ground or pole signs on adjoining lots along the same public street frontage.

d. **Maximum Gross Surface Area**: The combined area of all signs, including temporary signage, shall not exceed two (2) square feet of area for each lineal frontage foot on the zoning lot, provided no single sign shall exceed a gross surface area of three hundred (300) square feet. In addition, the maximum size of the sign at those locations subject to the Highway Beautification Act of Kansas shall conform to the requirements of the Kansas Department of Transportation.

e. **Maximum Height**: No sign shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height, except for the following conditions:

   (1) **Wall Signs**: No portion of a wall sign shall be higher than the height of the top or ends of the wall section to which the sign is attached or affixed. In no case shall the sign be permitted to be placed on the roof.

f. **Required Setback**: Unless otherwise provided within this Article, no sign shall project beyond the property line of the lot on which it is located along all street frontages; nor closer than ten (10) feet from any side or rear property line.

g. **Illumination**: Illumination shall be permitted so long as illumination is screened from any abutting residential properties including residential properties across abutting right-of-ways.

4. **Conditional Uses and Special Events**: A property with an approved conditional use permit shall be subject to the provisions of these sign regulations unless an alternative sign provision is expressly permitted within the conditional use permit. Temporary signage otherwise prohibited by these regulations may be authorized by Special Event Permit.

5. **Portable Signs**: Portable signs shall be prohibited.

6. **Commercial Balloon Signs**: Where permitted, commercial balloon signs shall be subject to the following provisions:

   a. Commercial balloon signs shall be limited to one balloon sign per zoning lot at any given time.

   b. Commercial balloon signs shall be limited to a maximum of 160 square feet in area as measured at the largest cross section.

   c. Commercial balloon signs shall be limited to seven (7) day permits issued no more than four (4) times per calendar year.

   d. Commercial balloon signs shall be limited in height to a maximum of forty-five (45) feet above grade when mounted or tethered on a roof or structure, and to twenty-five (25) feet above grade when mounted on or tethered to the ground.

   e. Commercial balloon signs shall be located no closer than one hundred (100) feet to the nearest lot line of any “RR”, “SR”, “R-1”, “LL” or “V-1” zoning district.

   f. Commercial balloon signs must be anchored and/or tethered in accordance with the commercial balloon sign manufacturer’s recommendations.

   g. Commercial balloon signs must be deflated and properly secured when wind speeds exceed forty (40) miles per hour or the manufacturer’s maximum wind speed, whichever is less.
h. Commercial balloon signs shall be located no closer than five hundred (500) feet to any hospital helicopter landing pad.

i. Commercial balloon signs shall be located in accordance with all applicable Federal Aviation Administration regulations.

j. Any gas used in commercial balloon signs must be non-combustible.

k. Commercial balloon signs shall be fire retardant.

l. Commercial balloon signs shall be located no closer than the height of the commercial balloon sign plus ten (10) feet from any electric power transmission line.

7. **Off-Site Advertising or Billboard Signs:** Off-Site Advertising or Billboard signs shall be permitted only on property in the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County when said sign is identified on an approved development plan associated with a Conditional Use Permit, or on property zoned “CP-1”, “CP-2”, “CP-3”, “IP-1” or “IP-2”.

a. All off-site advertising or billboard signs shall:
   
   (1) Be located a minimum of seventy-five (75) feet from a residential structure.

   (2) Be erected so that all elements of the sign and its structure remain on or over the lot on which the sign is constructed. No portion of any billboard sign shall encroach upon or over, or project over any public right-of-way.

   (3) Have a maximum height of thirty-five (35) feet.

   (4) Be free-standing structures only.

   (5) Be limited to one advertising face per direction.

   (6) Be lighted, if requested, so that the lighting is shielded as not to produce intensive or excessive light or glare on adjacent property or roadways.

b. In addition to the requirements of 20-107(7)(a) above, off-site advertising or billboard signs erected along or intended to be viewed from US 24, US 59, K-4, K-16, K-76, K-92, K-192, K-237, or K-245 shall be subject to the following additional requirements:

   (1) The gross surface area of any off-site advertising or billboard sign shall not exceed 800 square feet, not including cut-outs and embellishments, which may not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the face area of such signs. In addition, the maximum vertical dimension of such shall be twenty (20) feet and the maximum horizontal dimension of an off-site advertising or billboard sign shall be sixty (60) feet, including cut-outs and embellishments.

c. In addition to the requirements of 20-107(7)(a) above, off-site advertising or billboard signs erected along or intended to be viewed from the rural major collector and/or rural minor collector roads in the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County shall be subject to the following additional requirements:

   (1) The gross surface area of any off-site advertising or billboard sign shall not exceed one hundred sixty (160) square feet, not including cut-outs and embellishments, which may not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the face area of the sign. In addition, the maximum vertical dimension of such signs shall be ten (10) feet and the maximum horizontal dimension of such shall be twenty (20) feet. The total maximum height of the structure shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

   (2) There shall be a minimum separation of 1,320 feet between all off-site advertising or billboard signs along the paved roads on the County Highway System.

   (3) Off-site advertising or billboard signs may be located on property in any zoning district by the approval of a Conditional Use, provided the zoning lot on which it is located is at least forty (40) acres in size.
d. Off-site advertising or billboard signs proposed to be erected along or intended to be viewed from rural local roads shall be allowed only upon approval of a Conditional Use Permit for such off-site advertising or billboard sign following the procedures for Conditional Use Permit approval contained within these Regulations.

20-108 Nonconforming Signs: Every sign legally in existence at the time these Sign Regulations become effective may continue in existence subject to the following:

1. It shall not be altered structurally or moved unless it is made to comply with the provisions of these Regulations. However, the changing of the movable parts of an existing sign that is designed for such changes, or the repainting or changing of display matter shall not be deemed a structural alteration.

2. The lawful use of a sign existing on the effective date of these Regulations, although such sign does not conform to the provisions hereof, may continue; but if usage of such sign is discontinued for a period of six months, any future use of such sign shall be in conformity with the provisions of these Regulations.

3. No sign which has been damaged by fire, wind, explosion, or act of God to the extent that 50 percent or more of the sign is destroyed, shall be restored except in conformity with these Regulations. Any sign which has been damaged to an extent less than 50 percent may be restored to its condition which existed as a nonconforming use prior to its damage.
### DISTRICT Height, Area and Bulk Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISTRICT</th>
<th>Maximum Height of Building</th>
<th>Minimum Yard Requirement (Feet)</th>
<th>Minimum Lot Dimensions (Feet)</th>
<th>Minimum Lot Area Square Feet (Acres)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Feet Stories Front Side⁴ Rear Width Depth</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;AG&quot; Agricultural</td>
<td>- - 50 30 30 660 660</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,742,400 (40)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;RR&quot; Rural Residential</td>
<td>35 2.5 50 20 30 330 330</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>435,600 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;SR&quot; Suburban Residential</td>
<td>35 2.5 25 10 20 165 250</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>43,560 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;R-1&quot; Single Family Residential</td>
<td>35 2.5 25 10 20 100 150</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20,000 (0.46)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;LL&quot; Single Family Lake Lot Residential</td>
<td>35 2.5 30 10 30 50 100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,000 (0.11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;V-1&quot; Village District</td>
<td>35 2.5 15 10 15 - - -</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;CP-1&quot; Planned Light Business</td>
<td>30 2 20 20 20 165 200</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>43,560 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;CP-2&quot; Planned General Commercial</td>
<td>35 3 20 20 20 165 200</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>43,560 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;CP-3&quot; Planned Highway Service Commercial</td>
<td>35 2.5 20 20 20 250 300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>87,120 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;IP-1&quot; Planned Light Industrial</td>
<td>30 2 20 15 20 250 300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>87,120 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;IP-2&quot; Planned Medium Industrial</td>
<td>30 2 20 15 20 250 300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>87,120 (2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) A side yard shall be provided on each side of the lot. The dimension given is for one side only.

(B) "AG" and "RR" District lot depth to width ratio shall not be exceed 4:1. All other Districts shall not exceed a 3:1 depth to width ratio.

(C) No building is permitted to be constructed in any easement.

REVISED: Per Resolution adopted on Sept. 14, 2015
ARTICLE 22  SUPPLEMENTARY HEIGHT, AREA AND BULK REGULATIONS

Sections:
22-101 Application
22-102 Modification of Height Regulations
22-103 Modification of Area Regulations

22-101 Application: The regulations set forth in this Article qualify or supplement the district regulations appearing elsewhere in these Regulations.

22-102 Modification of Height Regulations:

1. The height regulations as prescribed in these Regulations shall not apply to the following buildings or structures where permitted by these regulations:

   Agricultural Buildings and Structures
   Belfries
   Chimneys
   Church Spires
   Conveyors
   Cooling Towers
   Elevator Penthouses
   Fire Towers
   Flag Poles
   Grain Elevators
   Lighting Poles or Standards
   Monuments
   Ornamental Towers and Spires
   Small Wind Energy Conversion Systems
   Smoke Stacks
   Stage Towers or Scenery Lofts
   Tanks
   Water Towers

   Provided, however, that the setbacks of the structures from all lot lines are equal to the height of the structures.

2. Public or semi-public service buildings, hospitals, institutions, or schools, when permitted, may be erected to a height not exceeding 75 feet, when the required side and rear yards are increased by at least 1 foot for each 1 foot of additional building height above the height regulations for the district in which the building is located.

22-103 Modification of Area Regulations:

1. Yards, generally:
   a. Except as herein provided for accessory buildings and structures, whenever a lot abuts upon a public alley, one-half of the alley width may be considered as a portion of the required yard.
b. Every part of a required yard shall be open to the sky, except as authorized by this Article. Ordinary projections of sills, awnings, canopies, belt courses, air conditioning units, chimneys, cornices, and ornamental features may project to a distance not to exceed 24 inches into a required yard setback.

c. In the event that a lot is to be occupied by a group of two or more related buildings to be used for residential, school, institutional, hotel, or motel purposes, there may be more than one main building on the lot where such buildings are arranged around a court having a direct street access; provided, however:

(1) That said court, between buildings that are parallel or within 45 degrees of being parallel, shall have a minimum width of 30 feet for 1-story buildings, 40 feet for 2-story buildings, and 50 feet for 3-story buildings, and, in no case may such buildings be closer to each other than 15 feet;

(2) Where a court having direct street access is more than 50 percent surrounded by a building, the minimum width of the court shall be at least 20 feet for 1-story buildings, 30 feet for 2-story buildings, and 40 feet for 3-story buildings.

d. Where a lot is used for a commercial or industrial purpose, more than one main building may be located on the lot, but only when such buildings conform to all open space requirements on the lot.

2. Accessory Buildings and Structures:

a. Except as herein provided, no accessory building shall project into a required yard setback along any street.

b. Filling station pumps and pump islands may occupy the required yards; provided, however, that they are not less than 15 feet from the property line, and further provided that canopies and other similar coverings over the pumps and pump islands shall have at least 14 feet of vertical clearance and shall not project beyond the property line.

c. Accessory, open and uncovered swimming pools and permanent barbecue grills may occupy a required rear yard, provided they are not located closer than 5 feet to the side or rear lot line. No alley may be used in meeting this requirement.

d. Accessory storm caves which are not a part of the main building may occupy a required rear yard, provided they are not located closer than 5 feet to the side or rear lot line. No alley may be used in meeting this requirement.

3. Front Yards:

a. When an official line has been established for the future widening or opening of a street or major thoroughfare upon which a lot abuts, then the depth of a front or side yard shall be measured from such official line to the nearest line of the building.

b. On double frontage lots, the required front yard shall be provided on each street frontage.
c. Open, unenclosed porches, platforms, or paved terraces, not covered by a roof or canopy and which extend or project into the front and side yard shall not extend or project into the required front yard more than 10 feet or into the required side yard more than 6 feet.

d. Where 25 percent or more of the street frontage within 330 feet of the property in question is improved with buildings that have a front yard (with a variation of 6 feet or less) that is greater or less than the required front yard in the district, no building shall project beyond the average front yard so established.

4. **Side Yards**: The minimum depth of side yards for schools, colleges, libraries, churches, community houses, and other public and semi-public buildings in "SR" Suburban Residential, "R-1" Single-Family Residential, “LL” Single-Family Lake Lot, and “V-1” Village districts shall be 25 feet, except where a side yard is adjacent to a lot used for commercial or industrial purposes, in which case the depth of the yard shall be as required in the district in which the building is located.

5. **Rear Yards**: Open or lattice-enclosed fire escapes, outside stairways and balconies opening upon fire towers, and the ordinary projections of chimneys and flues may project into the required rear yard for a distance of not more than 5 feet, but only where the same are so placed as not to obstruct light and ventilation.

6. **Corner Visibility**: No sign, fence, wall, hedge, planting, or other obstruction, extending to a height in excess of 3 feet above the established street grade measured from the crown of the street, shall be erected, planted, or maintained in such a manner as to materially impede vision within the visibility triangle area of a corner lot.

7. **Easements**: No building, either a main or an accessory building, shall be constructed, moved, or altered so as to encroach onto or within a platted or recorded easement.
ARTICLE 23  SUPPLEMENTARY USE REGULATIONS; CONDITIONAL USES; ACCESSORY USES; PROHIBITED USES

Sections:
23-101 Conditional Uses - Purpose and Intent
23-102 Application of Conditional Uses
23-103 Qualification of Existing Conditional Uses
23-104 Additions and Changes to Conditional Uses
23-105 Conditional Uses Enumerated
23-106 Continuance of a Conditional Use
23-107 Accessory Uses
23-108 Eligibility for Accessory Use
23-109 Accessory Uses Allowed
23-110 Specialty Accessory Uses
23-111 Prohibited Uses
23-112 Sexually Oriented Businesses

23-101 Conditional Uses - Purpose and Intent: The establishment of virtually all land uses except agricultural and traditional single-family residential, in most cases, are not appropriate in the bulk of unincorporated portion of Jefferson County; especially those land uses that are of an extremely sensitive nature due to the intensity or environmental impacts associated with the normal operation of the business or activity. However, it is recognized that it may be acceptable, on a case-by-case, site-by-site basis, to permit the development of such land uses where conditions warrant and adequate safeguards are taken to mitigate any of the potential problems associated with said development. Therefore, in order to develop any land use other than agricultural, traditional single-family residential or commercial and/or industrial in the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County outside the designated areas near the incorporated cities, a Conditional Use Permit issued in accordance with these Regulations shall be required.

It is the intent of this Article to require a Conditional Use Permit for all proposed land uses, except those specifically prohibited herein or allowed as a permitted use in one of the established zoning districts. As such, it is acknowledged that any property owner may seek a Conditional Use Permit for any of the types of land uses indicated herein for any property within the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County. The subsequent approval of such request by the Governing Body is a purely discretionary act that will be decided based upon the facts and circumstances discovered in the review of each application. There is no implied "right" for any person or landowner to obtain a Conditional Use Permit for any use on any property.

It is also the intent of this Article to allow the issuance of Conditional Use Permits that provides for more than one use on any property; provided the range or type of uses is clearly delineated within the Conditional Use Permit, the other relevant facts have been evaluated, and the approval is consistent with the spirit and intent of this Article and these Regulations. (For example: a Conditional Use Permit could be approved for a "strip shopping center" in a location where transportation and adequate water and sewage disposal services are available. The Conditional Use Permit could indicate a range of "retail and/or service businesses" as being appropriate for this location and included in the Permit.)

23-102 Application of Conditional Uses: Before the location or establishment of any land use requiring a Conditional Use Permit, or before any change or use of the premises existing at the time of the effective date of these Regulations or permitted as herein provided is made, a Development Plan in sufficient detail and a statement as to the proposed use of the buildings, structures, and premises shall be submitted to the Planning Commission as specified in Article 16 of these...
Regulations. The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing following the provisions also outlined in Article 30 of these Regulations and shall review such Development Plan and statements and shall, after a careful study of the effect that such buildings, structures, or uses will have upon the surrounding property, submit a recommendation to the Governing Body.

Following receipt of the Planning Commission's recommendation, the Governing Body may, within the specifications herein provided, permit such buildings, structures, or uses; provided that the public health, safety, morals, and general welfare will not be adversely affected, that ample off-street parking facilities will be provided, that the transportation and utility services are appropriate for the level and intensity of the proposed development, and that necessary safeguards will be provided for the protection of surrounding property, persons, and of neighborhood values. In this regard, the Governing Body may impose reasonable conditions on the approval of a Conditional Use Permit including, but not limited to, those items identified in Article 16 of these Regulations.

23-103 Qualification of Existing Conditional Uses: Properties with land uses operating under an existing Conditional Use approved prior to the adoption of these Regulations, or that were zoned and used as commercial or industrial under the previous Zoning Regulations, shall be permitted to continue, but with an unapproved Conditional Use Permit. Changes in the building(s), operation(s) or use(s) of said properties shall be treated as requiring an amendment to said unapproved Conditional Use Permit and considered as provided Section 23-102 herein. This shall also be the case of those uses established with a Conditional Use Permit which will now be included in an area zoned commercial or industrial.

23-104 Additions and Changes to Conditional Uses: All subsequent requests for additions and structural alterations to Conditional Uses approved by the Governing Body shall be considered in the same procedure as outlined in Section 23-102 herein.

23-105 Conditional Uses Enumerated: The following Conditional Uses are some of the uses that may be approved by the Governing Body as provided in this Article. Other land uses may also be permitted by Conditional Use Permit except those specifically listed as permitted uses in the zoning districts or as prohibited uses in these Regulations. Those uses listed below will not require a Conditional Use Permit if located in an area designated in a commercial or industrial zone as established by these Regulations.

1. Airports, aviation fields, helio-ports, and/or landing fields, either publicly or privately held.
2. Bed and breakfast facility.
3. Boat sales and service, including storage yard.
4. Buildings, structures or premises for public utility services or public service corporations; including but not limited to, water treatment plants, wastewater treatment plants, pump stations, filter beds, water towers, substations, electric transmission lines, reservoirs, and utility maintenance shops and yards.
5. Bus barns or lots.
6. Cemeteries, mausoleums or crematories for the disposal of the dead.
7. Ceramic, pottery or concrete ornament product processing, sales and/or yard.
8. Churches and church-related facilities including camps, schools, retreat centers and similar facilities; publicly-owned and operated community buildings, art gallery, museums and libraries.

9. Commercial and/or retail stores and activities not otherwise prohibited by these Regulations.

10. Commercial offices and office parks.

11. Commercial parking lots.

12. Commercial stockyard or feedlot.

13. A Commercial Wind Energy Conversion System, subject to the following:
   a. Wind Energy Conversion System shall meet the following setback requirements:
      (1) The height of the Wind Energy Conversion System plus 50 feet from public roads.
      (2) A distance equal to twice the Wind Energy Conversion System height from a residential structure.
   b. Maintaining continuous liability insurance coverage in an amount not less than $1,000,000.00 with the County named as an additional insured. In lieu of such coverage the permit holder may provide an indemnification agreement satisfactory to the County.

14. Any small Wind Energy Conversion System proposed to exceed the Performance Standards as stated within these Regulations.

15. Convenience food stores.

16. Contractor's shop and/or yard, including construction equipment and/or material storage areas.

17. Drinking establishments, taverns, membership clubs, or other places that serve alcohol for consumption on the premises on property zoned “CP-2” or “CP-3” only.

18. Drive-in and drive-through establishments.

19. Drive-in theatres.

20. Dwellings for resident night watchmen and caretakers employed on the premises of a business.

21. Exposition centers and/or buildings.

22. Explosives, fireworks, ammunition, black powder, or similar material wholesale sales, storage, warehousing, and/or manufacturing.

23. Fairgrounds.
24. Farm machinery sales and service, including storage yard.

25. Fire stations.

26. Grain elevators and its accessory activities including, but not limited to, bulk fuel storage facilities, ammonia storage, tire repair facilities, etc.

27. Greenhouses, nurseries and/or hydroponic farms operated as a retail business.

28. Group Boarding Home, Child Care Center, Preschool, Detention Center, or Residential Center, except as permitted by K.S.A. 12-736 as amended, provided:
   a. The applicant shall submit, as a part of the application, the plans for the proposed facility giving the type of services to be rendered, the number of persons to be placed in the facility, the number of staff to be employed and other information that will help in determining the extent of services to be provided.
   b. A report from the Jefferson County Health Officer shall be submitted by the applicant, giving the current status of the applicant's license to operate the proposed facility and listing all requirements yet to be met in order for the proposed facility to be granted authorization to begin its operations.
   c. Off-street parking at a rate of one space per employee plus two additional spaces for guests.
   d. When operated out of an existing or proposed residential structure, the following standards shall be met:
      (1) That only one nonilluminated ground or wall sign not more than 4 square feet in area is used to advertise the home occupation.
      (2) Outside play areas shall be fenced.

29. Hospitals, nursing or convalescent homes, congregate care facilities and retirement housing.

30. Hospital or clinic for large or small animals, provided, such hospital or clinic and treatment rooms shall be maintained within a completely enclosed, soundproof building, and that such hospital or clinic shall be operated in such a way as to produce no objectionable odors outside its walls.

31. Hotels, motels, and motor hotels.

32. Judicial centers, jails, penal or correctional institutions.

33. Junkyard.

34. Keeping of exotic birds and/or animals on any tract of land, whether in a building or not.

35. Keeping of farm animals such as horses, ponies, cows, hogs, pigs, sheep, and/or chickens on a lot or tract of less than three (3) acres. However, on properties in Improvement Districts
or in subdivisions with active home owners associations the boards of such may authorize the keeping of chickens without a conditional use permit by resolution or amendment to applicable covenants.

36. Kennels, either boarding or breeding, provided:
   a. All kennel buildings, runs and open areas shall be located at least 200 feet from property line.
   b. All kennel runs or open areas shall be screened around such areas or at the property line. Such screening may be densely planted evergreen foliage or a solid wall or fence of masonry, wood or metal, designed so as to reduce noise and prevent the distraction or excitement of the animals.
   c. Open pens shall not be required to be served by sanitary sewer facilities unless soil conditions will not support adequate percolation.

37. Laboratories; research, experimental, and/or testing.

38. Lawn and garden supply sales and service, including storage yards.

39. Manufactured home and recreational vehicle sales and service, including display yard.

40. Manufactured home as a single-family dwelling on an individual lot in the "V-1" Village District only.

41. Manufactured home parks, subject to the standards established in Article 24 of these Regulations.

42. Manufactured home subdivisions, subject to the standards established in Article 25 of these Regulations.

43. Manufacturing, processing, fabrication and assembling of any commodity except junk or salvage.

44. Membership clubs, including private clubs as defined by K.S.A. 41-2601 et seq, and subsequent amendments.

45. Mortuaries and attendant accessory activities and facilities.

46. Motor vehicle sales, service and repair.

47. Multi-family dwellings, including two-family dwellings, townhouses, garden apartments, condominiums; provided, consistent with single-family residential developments, the provision of adequate public water and sewer service, along with other public infrastructure, is necessary in order for development of said dwellings to be permitted. In addition, the introduction of accessory apartments for extended family members in accessory buildings on the same lot; provided ownership and all services for such unit are maintained in the name of the owner of the principle building and/or occupant.
ARTICLE 23  SUPPLEMENTARY USE REGULATIONS; CONDITIONAL USES; ACCESSORY USES; PROHIBITED USES

49. Parks and playgrounds.

50. Printing, publishing, and engraving firms, including newspaper publishing; provided said operations are principally retail businesses.

51. Quarrying, mining, and removal of sand, gravel, stone, coal or topsoil and the processing of the same, including asphalt and concrete plants, provided:

   a. All quarries and mining operations and asphalt and concrete plants shall be screened by a method approved by the Governing Body when the same are within ¼ mile of any residential dwelling.

   b. The applicant shall provide an approvable method for dust abatement on all unpaved interior roads if any part of the operation is located within 1/4 mile of any residential dwelling.

   c. Where applicable, a maintenance agreement between the applicant and the County shall be required to maintain the roads that provide the ingress/egress to the operation.

   d. All areas quarried or mined shall not endanger the lateral support of abutting or adjoining properties. A minimum setback of 100 horizontal feet from any road right-of-way and 30 horizontal feet from all other property lines, measured on the surface, must be maintained free of any quarrying or mining activity, either surface or subsurface. The setback areas may be used for the erection of berms or other screening features required by the Conditional Use Permit.

   e. A plan for reclamation of the site shall be prepared and submitted as a part of the application. The plan shall indicate a timetable for the reclamation to the proposed use of the site and a general plan of the proposed use. The reclamation plan submitted shall be binding only to the extent that said plan shows the intent of the applicant for reclamation. The actual reclamation plan may be amended at such time that the applicant is ready to begin such reclamation; however, the amended plan must be approved by the Governing Body before reclamation work may begin. Said approval of a revised reclamation plan shall require a public hearing under the same procedure as the original Conditional Use Permit.

   f. No building, equipment, quarry products or other materials shall be erected or stored within 100 feet of any property or right-of-way line.

   g. A copy of the annual survey of mining operations, as required to be filed by State law with the State, shall also be filed with the Governing Body. Said annual survey applies only to underground mining activities, not to open pit mines or quarries.

52. Radio or television broadcasting towers and/or stations, microwave transmitting and/or receiving towers and/or stations, commercial telecommunication towers, or any tower or other similar structure 50 feet or more in height; whether publicly or privately owned, provided:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article 23</th>
<th>Supplementary Use Regulations; Conditional Uses; Accessory Uses; Prohibited Uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a.</td>
<td>The location of every tower must be such that it is at least an equal distance from all property lines as it is in height.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b.</td>
<td>Every commercial telecommunication tower shall be designed to provide co-location with a minimum of forty-eight (48) antennas and their attendant cables.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c.</td>
<td>No new commercial telecommunication tower location shall be approved unless the applicant shall show there is not sufficient or usable space on existing or approved towers in the same service area. Such verification shall be in the form of written correspondence from the owner of such towers or structures of their unavailability. At a minimum, the service area for every tower shall be three (3) miles from the tower location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d.</td>
<td>All lighting necessary to comply with the FAA lighting requirements shall consist of dual lighting structures with day time strobe lights on medium intensity and night time red lights only. No high intensity strobos or night time strobos shall be permitted. Further, all towers requiring lighting shall provide battery backup or other alternative power source to assure lighting operations during times of power outages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e.</td>
<td>Any communication tower that is unused for a period of twelve (12) months or more shall be declared abandoned and shall be notified of the necessity of removing the tower and appurtenances and reclaiming the lands as provided herein.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f.</td>
<td>A plan for reclamation of the site shall be prepared and submitted as a part of the application. The plan shall indicate a timetable for the reclamation of the proposed use of the site upon the removal of the tower. The applicant shall also provide financial security if a form acceptable to the County to assure the reclamation of the property shall occur in conformance with the reclamation plan. Financial security provided to the landowner is sufficient, provided it names the County as well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53.</td>
<td>Recreational or sports-related activity or facility, whether publicly or privately owned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54.</td>
<td>Recreational vehicle park or campground, provided:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a.</td>
<td>The tract to be used as a recreational vehicle park or campground shall not be less than two (2) acres in area. Under no circumstances shall a manufactured home be parked in a recreational vehicle park or campground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b.</td>
<td>The minimum area for a space for parking one trailer or recreational vehicle shall be 1,400 square feet, with minimum dimensions of 35 feet by 40 feet and with corners of each site visibly marked by a permanent marker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c.</td>
<td>The number and location of access drives shall be controlled for traffic safety and protection of surrounding properties; provided that no individual space shall be designed for direct access to a street outside the boundaries of the recreational vehicle park or campground, and that all interior access drives shall be at least 20 feet in width. All interior access drives and parking areas shall be paved with concrete or asphaltic concrete paving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d.</td>
<td>The recreational vehicle park or campground shall contain community facilities,</td>
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</table>
including play space, utility rooms, parking and access roads. In addition, every recreational vehicle park or campground shall contain at least one (1) service building and shall provide one (1) additional service building for each 100 spaces. Each service building shall:

(1) Be located within three hundred (300) feet of the recreational vehicle park or campground;

(2) Be of permanent construction;

(3) Have one (1) flush-type toilet, one (1) lavatory, and one (1) shower or bathtub for females; and one (1) flush-type toilet; one (1) lavatory, and one (1) shower or bathtub for males for each thirty (30) spaces. All lavatories, bathtubs, and showers shall be connected with both hot and cold running water;

(4) Have an accessible, adequate, safe and potable supply of cold water;

(5) Comply with all applicable adopted building codes regarding the construction of buildings and the installation of electrical, plumbing, heating and air-conditioning systems; and,

(6) Be maintained in a clean, sanitary condition and kept free of any condition that will menace the health of any occupants of the public or will constitute a menace.

e. The recreational vehicle park or campground shall be surrounded by an open space 50 feet wide along the street frontage with an arterial highway or section line road, and 25 feet wide along all other lot lines or street frontages. Screening at least six (6) feet in height shall be provided between the recreational vehicle park or campground and any adjoining residential area.

f. No recreational vehicle shall be parked closer than 25 feet to any part of any other trailer or service building and no part of a trailer or recreational vehicle shall extend closer than 5 feet to the boundaries of the individual space.

g. Off-street parking spaces for motor vehicles shall be provided in the ratio of one parking space per individual space; said spaces to be located in convenient location to individual spaces.

h. In a residential district, accessory signs, in addition to internal directional signs, shall be limited to one flat or detached sign, with sign area limited to 25 square feet. Said sign may be illuminated.

i. Proper provision shall be made for public water supply, sanitary sewage disposal, fire protection, refuse collection, laundry, toilet and bathing facilities. All shall be indicated on a site plan of the proposed trailer park and shall be installed and/or constructed in accordance with all other state and/or local laws and regulations. A sewage dump station shall be provided within every recreational vehicle park or campground.
j. The proposed recreational vehicle park or campground shall comply with all provisions of this and other federal, state and/or local laws and regulations.

55. Restaurants.

56. Riding academies, stables and/or show arenas, indoor or outdoor rodeo arenas and/or facilities.

57. Sanitary landfills, hazardous waste disposal facilities, construction/demolition landfills, industrial landfills, or other such similar areas not prohibited by law.

58. Schools, preschools or kindergartens, either publicly or privately owned or operated.

59. Sexually oriented businesses in the “CP-1”, “CP-2”, “CP-3”, “IP-1” or “IP-2” zoning district only.

60. Truck stops and/or truck terminals.

61. Warehousing, wholesaling and storage of any commodity except junk or salvage.

62. Zoos, commercial aquariums, or aviaries.

63. Any other use not specifically listed as a permitted and/or accessory use in any district in these Regulations, or as a prohibited use.

23-106 **Continuance of a Conditional Use**: A Conditional Use Permit shall be allowed to continue, unless specified otherwise as a condition of its original authorization, as long as all conditions placed on it are met. However, if that particular use ceases to exist for a period of one (1) year, it will forfeit its Development Plan and will not be allowed to exist again unless a new application is made, a public hearing held, and a new Development approved in conformance with the requirements of these Regulations. The County may initiate an action to remove the Conditional Use, but must follow the same procedures as followed to establish the Conditional Use originally.

23-107 **Accessory Uses**: Buildings and structures may be erected and land may be used for purposes which are clearly incidental to, and customarily and commonly associated with the main permitted use of the premises. Such accessory buildings and uses shall be so constructed, maintained and conducted as to not produce noise, vibration, concussion, dust, dirt, fly ash, odor, noxious gases, heat or glare which is injurious, damaging, unhealthful or disturbing to adjacent property or the users thereof, and shall be on the premises of the main use.

23-108 **Eligibility for Accessory Use**: The determination of the eligibility of a proposed use as an accessory use shall be made by the Zoning Administrator.

23-109 **Accessory Uses Allowed**: Accessory uses shall be allowed; provided, said accessory uses shall be limited to those specified herein for the various zoning classifications:

1. In District "AG" Agricultural, the following, or similar accessory uses are allowed:

   a. Open or enclosed storage of farm materials, products or equipment; but not junk.
b. Any and all farm buildings, including, but not limited to, barns, stables, sheds, toolrooms, shops, bins, tanks and silos.

c. The use of a manufactured home as an accessory dwelling on land used for agricultural purposes when used by persons employed thereon, including their families. At no time shall a manufactured home or the land upon which it sits be intended and/or used as a rental unit in the "AG" District.

d. Fuel storage, tanks and dispensing equipment for fuels used solely for a farming operation. No retail sales of such fuels shall be allowed as an accessory use.

e. Wholesale or retail sales of agricultural products grown or raised on the premises or by the farm operator.

f. A hobby activity operated by the occupant of the premises purely for personal enjoyment, amusement or recreation.

g. Home occupations.

h. Accessory buildings and uses commonly associated with residential activity including, but not limited to, the following:

   Private garages  
   Guest houses  
   Home barbecue grills  
   Small storage sheds  
   Satellite dish antennas  
   Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces

i. Small wind energy conversion systems.

j. Storage buildings, including those originally designed or intended for use as a transportation vehicle or shipping structure.

2. In District "RR" Rural Residential, "SR" Suburban Residential, "R-1" Single-Family Residential, “LL” Single-Family Residential Lake Lot and "V-1" Village District only the following accessory uses are allowed:

a. Accessory buildings and uses commonly associated with residential activity, including, but not limited to, the following:

   Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces  
   Fences or walls  
   Flag poles  
   Gates or guard houses for subdivisions  
   Guest houses  
   Home barbecue grills  
   Parabolic and satellite dish-type antennas  
   Play equipment  
   Private garages and carports
ARTICLE 23    SUPPLEMENTARY USE REGULATIONS; CONDITIONAL USES; ACCESSORY USES; PROHIBITED USES

Servants quarters
Small storage sheds
Solar collectors
Swimming pools
Television and radio receiving antennas less than 50 feet in height

No accessory building or use shall occupy a required front yard (except basketball goals, flag poles and fences as permitted.)

b. A hobby activity may be operated as an accessory use by the occupant of the premises purely for personal enjoyment, amusement or recreation.

c. In the "RR" Rural Residential District and "SR" Suburban Residential District on lots three (3) acres or larger, agricultural activities may be conducted as accessory activities, such as growing of crops, pasturage of animals, growing of hay, or other similar activities. However, at no time shall such activity be classified or permitted as the primary usage of the land; said usage being as a residential home site in either of the zoning districts.

d. Home occupations such as, but not limited to, the following:

   Accountant
   Architect
   Artist
   Attorney
   Author or writer
   Chiropractor
   Clergyman
   Cosmetologist
   Counselor
   Dentist
   Engineer
   Home crafts
   Insurance Agent
   Osteopath
   Photographer
   Physician
   Planner
   Real Estate Agent
   Seamstress/Dressmaker
   Secretary/Typist
   Teaching or instruction provided not more than 3 students are taught at any one time and not more than 12 students per day

The following conditions and restrictions shall apply to such customary home occupations:

(1) That the home occupation shall be carried on wholly within a main building or
structure, or within a permitted accessory building or structure, provided that
the primary use of the main building or structure is clearly the dwelling used
by the person as his or her private residence.

(2) That no person other than members of the household living on the premises
and one (1) outside person shall be employed.

(3) That only one non-illuminated ground or wall sign not more than 4 square feet
in area is used to advertise the home occupation.

(4) That no display or storage of equipment or materials outside of a building or
structure shall be permitted.

(5) That no equipment or machine is used in such activities that is perceptible off
the premises by reason of noise, smoke, dust, odor, heat, glare, radiation,
electrical interference or vibration.

(6) That off-street parking and loading shall be provided and that no generation
of substantial volumes of vehicular or pedestrian traffic or parking demand
shall be permitted.

f. Small wind energy conversion systems.

g. Storage buildings, including those originally designed or intended for use as a
transportation vehicle or shipping structure in property zoned “RR” Rural Residential.
Storage buildings shall be subject to all setback requirements of the district and shall
be limited to placement of one (1) structure originally designed or intended as a
transportation vehicle or shipping structure.

3. In Districts "CP-1" Planned Light Commercial, "CP-2" Planned General Commercial, and
"CP-3" Planned Highway Service Commercial Districts, only the following accessory uses
are allowed:

a. Awnings.

b. Parking areas, loading areas, and/or private garages for motor vehicles.

c. Exterior lighting, including floodlighting.

d. Radio, television, and/or microwave antennas or towers, provided such shall not
exceed 50 feet in height.

e. Fences or walls, including security or screen fences or walls.

f. Flagpoles, cooling towers and other similar uses.

g. Food service and vending machines for tenants.

h. Solar collectors.

i. Parabolic and satellite dish-type antennas.
j. Storage buildings, including those originally designed or intended for use as a transportation vehicle or shipping structure. Storage buildings shall be subject to all setback requirements of the district in which it is located.

k. Washing and other motor vehicle cleaning shall be permitted as an accessory use in service stations, provided such washing and cleaning shall not utilize more than two car stalls or more than 30 percent of the floor area in any one station, shall be a part of the main building, shall not be equipped to handle anything larger than a one ton truck, and shall not be open for use during hours when the service station is closed. Such washing and cleaning operation shall utilize the same entrance drives as the service station and may use coin-operated or attendant-operated equipment, but not continuous line or conveyor type washing equipment.

l. Material storage yards, in connection with retail sales of products sold on the premises, where storage is incidental to the approved occupancy of a building, provided all products and materials used or stored are in a completely enclosed building or enclosed by a masonry wall, fence or hedge no less than 6 feet in height. Storage of all materials and equipment shall not exceed the height of said wall or fence. Storage of motor vehicles used in connection with the permitted trade or business is permitted within the walls, but not including storage of heavy equipment such as road-building or excavating equipment.

4. In Districts "IP-1" Planned Light Industrial, and "IP-2" Planned Medium Industrial, only the following accessory uses are allowed:

a. Awnings.

b. Parking areas, loading areas and/or private garages for motor vehicles.

c. Exterior lighting, including floodlighting.

d. Fences or walls, including security or screen fences or walls.

e. Loading equipment.

f. Parabolic and satellite dish-type antennas.

f. Radio, television and/or microwave antennas or towers, provided such shall not exceed 50 feet in height.

h. Gate houses.

i. Employee recreation facilities.

j. Storage buildings, including those originally designed or intended for use as a transportation vehicle or shipping structure. Storage buildings shall be subject to all setback requirements of the district in which it is located.

23-110 Specialty Accessory Uses: The following uses, activities, or items shall be the accessory
uses or restrictions allowable:

1. **Construction Sites:** Construction and hauling trailers may be used as a temporary construction office on the site of a construction project, provided such construction or hauling trailer is removed upon completion of the project.

2. **Recreational Vehicles and Trailers:**
   a. Recreational vehicles may be parked in a recreational vehicle park or campground. Recreational vehicles or equipment may also be stored within any "RR", "SR", "R-1", "LL", or "V-1" District, provided; said recreational vehicle or recreational equipment, as defined in these Regulations, is stored within an enclosed structure (which structure otherwise conforms to the requirements of these Regulations), or may be permanently parked upon the private property of the premise if said recreational vehicle or recreational equipment is not parked within the front yard; within the required yard along any public street; or within 10 feet of side or rear lot line.

   b. At no time shall a permanently or temporarily parked or stored recreational vehicle or item of recreational equipment be occupied or used for living, sleeping, or housekeeping purposes, except in a recreational vehicle park, or as a permitted temporary dwelling on a lot on which a valid Zoning Certificate is issued for construction of a dwelling on said lot.

   c. The provisions of these Regulations regarding recreational vehicles do not apply to those businesses displaying recreational vehicles or recreational equipment for sale or service when said business is properly located.

23-111 **Prohibited Uses:** After the effective date of these Regulations:

1. No mobile home, as defined in these Regulations, shall be moved, relocated, or otherwise placed on any property in the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County, including within any Manufactured Home Park or Manufactured Home Subdivision.

2. No manufactured home or mobile home shall be used for any purpose other than as a residential dwelling as permitted within these Regulations. At no time shall a manufactured home or mobile home be permitted to be converted to a storage unit, office or any other such use, except when used as a permitted accessory use in this Article.

3. No mobile home or manufactured home originally built to be a single-wide unit shall be attached or connected to any other mobile home or manufactured home, or to any other structure or building. This shall not prohibit reasonable, aesthetically designed stoops, porches, decks, carports or the like from being built onto or adjacent to an approved manufactured home.

4. No property shall be used as junkyard, sanitary landfill, construction/demolition landfill, industrial landfill, hazardous or toxic waste storage facility, or other similar use or activity, including as an accessory use to another principal use, unless such use or activity has been approved by the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit as provided within these Regulations.
5. No structure constructed or intended for use as a shipping container, whether originally as a transportation vehicle or as a separate structure, shall be used as a dwelling in any zoning district unless plans for such use designed by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Kansas are approved by the Jefferson County Board of County Commissioners, and such structure is placed or anchored to a permanent foundation. Furthermore, no such structure shall be used as a storage container on property zoned “SR” Suburban Residential District, “R-1” Single-Family Residential District, “LL” Single-Family Lake Lot Residential District, or “V-1” Village District. All other such placements where allowed shall be in conformance with the restrictions within these Regulations.

6. No application for a Conditional Use Permit shall be considered and no Conditional Use Permit shall be issued for any person on any property which proposes as the only use the placement of an advertising sign or billboard. Further, an advertising sign or billboard permitted as an accessory structure in an approved Conditional Use Permit shall not be built, used or remain in use unless the principal use and/or structure on the property is first built and/or currently used. Upon the cessation of the principal use and/or structure on the property, the advertising sign or billboard shall lose its standing as an accessory structure and must be removed. At no time shall an advertising sign or billboard first established under these regulations gain standing as a non-conforming use since the placement and continued use of such advertising sign or billboard is accessory to another principal structure or use.

23-112 Sexually Oriented Businesses:

1. **Purpose:** It is a purpose of these Regulations to regulate sexually oriented businesses in order to promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the citizens of the County, and to establish reasonable and uniform regulations to prevent the deleterious secondary effects of sexually oriented businesses within the County. The provisions of these Regulations have neither the purpose nor effect of imposing a limitation or restriction on the content or reasonable access to any communicative materials, including sexually oriented materials. Similarly, it is neither the intent nor effect of these Regulations to restrict or deny access by adults to sexually oriented materials protected by the First Amendment, or to deny access by the distributors and exhibitors of sexually oriented entertainment to their intended market. Neither is it the intent nor effect of these Regulations to condone or legitimize the distribution of obscene material.


*Doctor John’s*, *Inc. v. Wahlen*, 542 F.3d 787 (10th Cir. 2008); *Moody v. Bd. of Comm’rs of County of Shawnee*, 237 Kan. 67 (1985); *DPR, Inc. v. City of Pittsburg*, 24 Kan. App. 2d 703 (1998); *Abilene Retail #30, Inc. v. Bd. of Comm’rs of Dickinson County*, 492 F.3d 1164 (10th Cir. 2007); *Doctor John’s, Inc. v. City of Roy*, 465 F.3d 1150 (10th Cir. 2006); *Heideman v. South Salt Lake City*, 165 Fed. Appx. 627 (10th Cir. 2006); *Heideman v. South Salt Lake City,*

the Board of Commissioners finds:

a. Sexually oriented businesses, as a category of commercial uses, are associated with a wide variety of adverse secondary effects including, but not limited to, personal and property crimes, prostitution, potential spread of disease, lewdness, public indecency,
obscenity, illicit drug use and drug trafficking, negative impacts on surrounding properties, urban blight, litter, and sexual assault and exploitation. Alcohol consumption impairs judgment and lowers inhibitions, thereby increasing the risk of adverse secondary effects.

b. Sexually oriented businesses should be separated from sensitive land uses to minimize the impact of their secondary effects upon such uses, and should be separated from other sexually oriented businesses, to minimize the secondary effects associated with such uses and to prevent an unnecessary concentration of sexually oriented businesses in one area.

c. Each of the foregoing negative secondary effects constitutes a harm which the County has a substantial government interest in preventing and/or abating. This substantial government interest in preventing secondary effects, which is among the County’s rationales for these Regulations, exists independent of any comparative analysis between sexually oriented and non-sexually oriented businesses. Additionally, the County’s interest in regulating sexually oriented businesses extends to preventing future secondary effects of either current or future sexually oriented businesses that may locate in the County. The County finds that the cases and documentation relied on in this Section are reasonably believed to be relevant to said secondary effects.

The County hereby adopts and incorporates herein its stated findings and legislative record related to the adverse secondary effects of sexually oriented businesses, including the judicial opinions and reports related to such secondary effects.

3. **Definitions:**

a. “Sexually Oriented Business” has the same meaning as in K.S.A. 12-770 except that the term “adult cabaret” has the meaning provided in this Section. To the extent that the definitions in K.S.A. 12-770, or the definition of “adult cabaret” in this Section, employ a term not defined in K.S.A. 12-770 but that is defined in this Section, the definition in this Section shall provide the meaning for that term.

b. “Adult Cabaret” means a nightclub, bar, juice bar, restaurant, bottle club, or similar commercial establishment, regardless of whether alcoholic beverages are served, which regularly features live semi-nude conduct. No establishment shall avoid classification as an adult cabaret by offering or featuring nudity.

c. “Characterized by” means describing the essential character or quality of an item. As applied in this Section, no business shall be classified as a sexually oriented business by virtue of showing, selling, or renting materials rated NC-17 or R by the Motion Picture Association of America.

d. “Instruments, devices or paraphernalia which are designed for use in connection with specified sexual activities” shall not be construed to include devices primarily intended for protection against sexually transmitted diseases or for preventing pregnancy.

e. “Regularly” means the consistent and repeated doing of an act on an ongoing basis.

f. “Specified Sexual Activity” means any of the following:
(i) intercourse, oral copulation, masturbation or sodomy; or
(ii) excretory functions as a part of or in connection with any of the activities described in (i) above.

4. **Location of Sexually Oriented Businesses:**

a. Sexually oriented businesses shall not be required to obtain a conditional use permit under these Regulations.

b. It shall be unlawful to establish, operate, or cause to be operated a sexually oriented business unless said sexually oriented business is at least:

   (1) 1,000 feet from any parcel occupied by another sexually oriented business or by a business licensed to sell alcohol at the premises;
   (2) 1,000 feet from any parcel zoned RR, SR, R-1, LL, or V-1;
   (3) 1,000 feet from any parcel occupied by a house of worship, public or private elementary or secondary school, public park or recreational area, or library; and
   (4) 1,000 feet from any residential structure on a parcel that is not zoned RR, SR, R-1, LL, or V-1.

c. For the purpose of this section, measurements shall be made in a straight line in all directions without regard to intervening structures, objects, or municipal boundaries within the County, from the closest part of any structure, including signs and roof overhangs, used in conjunction with the sexually oriented business to the following:

   (1) the closest point on a property boundary or right-of-way associated with any of the land use(s) identified in subsection (b)(1)-(3) above; and
   (2) the closest point of any residential structure on a parcel that is not zoned RR, SR, R-1, LL, or V-1.

d. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Regulations, a nonconforming sexually oriented business, lawfully existing in all respects under law prior to the effective date of this section, may continue to operate for one (1) year following that date in order to make a reasonable recoupment of its investment in its current location. At the conclusion of said one (1) year, the use will no longer be recognized as a lawful nonconforming use, provided that a nonconforming sexually oriented business may apply for one or more six-month extensions of the original one-year period upon a showing of financial hardship. An application for an initial extension based upon financial hardship ("hardship exception") shall be made at least sixty (60) days before the conclusion of the aforementioned one-year (1-yr.) period. If a hardship extension is granted, subsequent applications for hardship extensions shall be made at least sixty (60) days before the conclusion of the nonconforming sexually oriented business’s current extension period.

e. **Procedure for seeking hardship extension.** An application for a hardship extension
shall be filed in writing with the Zoning Administrator, and shall include evidence of purchase and improvement costs, income earned and lost, depreciation, and costs of relocation. The Zoning Administrator shall schedule a public hearing on the application before the Board of Zoning Appeals to occur within forty (40) days after the Zoning Administrator’s receipt of the application. Within ten (10) days after receiving the application and not less than twenty (20) days prior to the date of such public hearing, the Zoning Administrator shall publish notice of the time and place of the public hearing in the official County paper. The Zoning Administrator shall also notify all property owners in the notification area (within 1,000 feet of the sexually oriented business, but extending only 200 feet into an incorporated city) by first class U.S. mail, postage prepaid, of the application for a hardship extension and of the time and place of the public hearing on the application.

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall issue a written decision within ten (10) days after the public hearing on the application for a hardship extension. The hardship extension shall be granted upon a showing that the nonconforming sexually oriented business is unable to recoup its investments, made prior to the effective date of this section, in its current location unless the hardship extension is granted.
Sections:
24-101 Purpose
24-102 Use Regulations
24-103 Development Plan Approval and Manufactured Home Park Permit Procedures
24-104 Lot Area and Yard Requirements
24-105 Performance Standards
24-106 Permits for Placements of Manufactured Homes
24-107 Structural Quality of Manufactured Homes
24-108 Penalty for Noncompliance

24-101 Purpose: The standards, regulations and restrictions set forth in this Article are the standards, regulations and restrictions for Manufactured Home Parks as authorized in Article 23 of these Regulations. These standards, regulations and restrictions are intended to accommodate the grouping of manufactured home sites for use under a rental or lease arrangement. The planning requirements in this Article are intended to provide a safe and healthful living environment and to assure the mutual compatibility of manufactured home parks with adjoining land uses.

24-102 Use Regulations: Whenever a Conditional Use Permit has been granted under the provisions and procedures outlined in Article 23 authorizing a Manufactured Home Park; no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered within the land or premises so authorized as a Manufactured Home Park, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Manufactured homes located in Manufactured Home Parks used exclusively for single-family occupancy.
2. Residential-design manufactured home.
3. Service buildings common to Manufactured Home Parks which provide such services as storm shelters, laundry facilities, sanitary facilities, recreational facilities, park management buildings, maintenance buildings and community buildings.
4. No part of any Manufactured Home Park shall be used for nonresidential purposes except such uses that are required for the direct servicing and well-being of Park residents and for management and maintenance of the Park. However, this shall in no way prohibit the sale of a manufactured home affixed to a manufactured home pad and connected to the appropriate utilities by the owner of said manufactured home.

24-103 Development Plan Approval and Manufactured Home Park Permit Procedures: The construction, alteration or extension of any Manufactured Home Park shall not be permitted unless a Manufactured Home Park permit has been issued by the Zoning Administrator in the name of the person proposing the specific construction, alteration or extension. No permit for a Manufactured Home Park shall be issued until the Development Plan has been approved as provided in Article 16.

1. Development Plan Approval: Application for a Conditional Use Permit for a Manufactured Home Park and development plan approval shall be made in accordance with the procedures outlined in Article 23 of these Regulations. The application shall include a Development Plan prepared at a scale of 1"=100’ and shall include, either
displayed on or attached to the Development Plan and in addition to the information required in Article 15, the following information:

a. Name and address of the owner/applicant.

b. Location and legal description of the Manufactured Home Park.

c. Topographic survey of the property with contour intervals of 2 feet, natural features and existing utilities.

d. The area and dimensions of the tract of land proposed for the Manufactured Home Park.

e. The number, location and dimensions of all manufactured home lots, including proposed setbacks of manufactured homes from the Park's exterior property lines and setbacks on individual lots.

f. The location and width of roadways and walkways.

g. The number, location and size of all parking stalls and parking areas.

h. Plans for the water supply, refuse and sewage disposal facilities, electrical service and gas service, including the location of riser pipes and other utility hookups.

i. The location of water, sewer, gas, electrical, and other utility lines and easements protecting these utilities.

j. Plans for controlling surface drainage.

k. The location of recreation areas, storm shelters, storage areas, laundry areas, and other facilities and/or service buildings common to the Manufactured Home Park.

l. The location and description of the lighting system.

m. Plans for screening through the use of plant material, fencing and other landscaping structures and features.

n. Other information as may be requested by the Planning Commission or the Governing Body.

The Planning Commission shall review the Development Plan as part of the review of the Conditional Use Permit request and include its recommendations regarding the approval or denial of the Development Plan to the Governing Body with the recommendations concerning the Conditional Use Permit, or may request such modifications to the proposed Development Plan as are deemed necessary to carry out the spirit and intent of this Article. Approval by the Governing Body shall constitute approval and permanency of the Development Plan.
ARTICLE 24
MANUFACTURED HOME PARK STANDARDS

2. Application for a Manufactured Home Park Permit: Application for a Manufactured Home Park permit to construct, alter or extend any Manufactured Home Park shall be made to the Zoning Administrator. The application shall be accompanied by the following information:

   a. Engineering plans and specifications of the water supply and distribution system approved by the water supplier, or the documentation for the proposed individual water supply system.

   b. Plans and specifications for the proposed on-site wastewater disposal systems, including location plans for each proposed lot for said systems and their relationship to any proposed on-site water wells.

   c. Plans and specifications for the lighting and electrical systems.

   d. Plans and specifications for gas lines.

   e. Plans and specifications for streets.

All review comments regarding engineering aspects from the Jefferson County Health Department, Kansas State Department of Health and Environment, County Engineer and other appropriate persons and agencies shall be directed to the Zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator shall issue a Manufactured Home Park permit when he or she is assured that the construction, alteration or extension shall be in compliance with the Development Plan as approved by the Governing Body and the provisions of this Article. No Manufactured Home Park permit shall be issued for the alteration or extension of an existing Manufactured Home Park, whether same is conforming or nonconforming to these Regulations, unless the entire Manufactured Home Park is brought to the standards established in these Regulations.

24-104 Lot Area and Yard Requirements: The location of manufactured homes, common facilities and service buildings should be arranged within the Manufactured Home Park in a manner which provides optimum open space and accessibility and compatibility of uses. Likewise, the size and orientation of individual lots within a Manufactured Home Park should be designed to provide maximum outdoor living area and a compatible relationship between the manufactured home, parking, storage building area, utility corridor and outdoor living space. The following minimum requirements shall be observed in all Manufactured Home Parks:

1. Manufactured Home Park:

   a. Size: A Manufactured Home Park shall be at least five (5) acres.

   b. Density: A Manufactured Home Park shall not be developed at a gross density greater than seven (7) manufactured homes for every one (1) net acre of land, excluding road rights-of-way and common open spaces within the Manufactured Home Park.
c. **Yard Requirement:** No part of any manufactured home or other building or structure shall be located within 50 feet of any public road right-of-way, nor within 25 feet of any exterior property line of the Manufactured Home Park.

2. **Individual Manufactured Home Lot:**

   a. **Lot Area:** Each manufactured home lot to be occupied by a single-wide unit shall consist of at least 4,500 square feet, with a minimum width of 45 feet and a minimum length of 100 feet. Each manufactured home lot to be occupied by a double-wide unit shall consist of at least 5,000 square feet, with a minimum width of 55 feet and a minimum length of 90 feet.

   b. **Front Yard:** Each lot shall have a front yard of at least 20 feet measured from the edge of the pavement to the closest point of the lower face of the manufactured home. The front yard may be reduced to 10 feet when on-street parking is provided along the same side of the street.

   c. **Side Yard:** Each lot shall have a side yard on both sides of the manufactured home. The combined total side yard requirement shall be 25 feet with the minimum side yard being 10 feet. There shall be a minimum separation between manufactured homes on adjoining lots of 25 feet.

   d. **Rear Yard:** Each lot shall have a rear yard of at least 15 feet.

   e. **Maximum Height:** No manufactured home or other building or structure shall exceed 20 feet in height.

**24-105 Performance Standards:** Minimum requirements pertaining to structural, design, utility service, and maintenance features within a Manufactured Home Park shall be as follows:

1. **Utilities:** Sanitary sewer and water facilities shall be provided for each lot within the Manufactured Home Park. All manufactured homes within the Manufactured Home Park shall be served by a central water supply and by a public sanitary sewer system.

   All utility lines shall be placed underground and there shall be no overhead wires or support poles except those required for street or other lighting purposes.

2. **Streets:** All internal streets shall be asphalt or concrete surface and shall be durable and well drained under normal use and weather conditions. The surface shall be maintained free of cracks, holes and other hazards by the Manufactured Home Park management. All internal streets shall be owned and maintained by the owner of the Manufactured Home Park.

   Grades of all streets shall be sufficient to insure adequate surface drainage. Grades shall not exceed 8 percent.

   Minimum pavement widths shall be as follows:
a. Entrance streets and all other streets with parking allowances on both sides of the street shall be a minimum of 42 feet in width.

b. Streets with parking allowance on one side only shall be a minimum of 32 feet in width.

c. Streets with no parking allowance shall be a minimum of 24 feet in width.

3. Manufactured Home Pad: A concrete pad shall be provided on every manufactured home lot to accommodate the manufactured home and its attached accessory structures. The pad shall be graded to insure adequate surface drainage. Anchoring facilities for the placement and tie-down of the manufactured home to secure it against accidental uplift, sliding, rotation and over-turning shall be installed before any manufactured home is occupied.

4. Recreation: One or more recreation areas shall be provided within every Manufactured Home Park. The size of such recreation area(s) shall not be less than 10 percent of the gross area of the Manufactured Home Park and shall be located so as to be easily accessible to all Park residents. Recreation areas shall be maintained by the Park management and may include space for community building(s) and community use facilities such as indoor recreation, meeting rooms and similar uses.

5. Parking: Adequate parking shall be provided for the use of Park residents and guests. Each manufactured home lot shall have parking for at least two (2) motor vehicles. The parking spaces may be provided on-street or off-street. A parking space shall be a minimum of 9 feet by 19 feet.

6. Skirting: Skirting of a durable type of material and construction shall be installed on each manufactured home to enclose the open space between the bottom of the manufactured home floor and the grade level of the manufactured home pad. Such skirting shall be constructed of noncombustible material consistent with the exterior surface of the manufactured home and maintained in a manner to enhance the appearance of the Manufactured Home Park.

7. Screening: Effective screening shall be provided along the boundary lines of the Manufactured Home Park to serve as a buffer through the use of plantings, berms or other landscaping features.

8. Lighting: Adequate lighting shall be provided for all streets, walkways, service buildings and other facilities subject to nighttime use.

9. Common Storm Shelter Facility: A common storm shelter facility capable of providing adequate shelter from severe weather for all Manufactured Home Park residents shall be provided. The minimum size shall be fifteen (15) square feet of space within the storm shelter for each manufactured home lot within the Park. The storm shelter shall be located in as centralized location as possible to minimize the time required to reach the shelter.
10. **Storage Lot:** All Manufactured Home Parks shall have an area or areas set aside for the storage of boats, boat trailers, hauling trailers, motor vehicles, snowmobiles, and other equipment for seasonal or periodic use to be non-commercially operated and for the exclusive use of residents of the Manufactured Home Park. Such items listed above shall not be stored upon a manufactured home lot nor upon the streets within a Manufactured Home Park.

Storage lots shall be screened in accordance with Section 24-105(7) herein.

11. **Lot Identification:** Each manufactured home lot within the Manufactured Home Park shall be addressed in an orderly fashion and in a secure and consistent manner throughout the Manufactured Home Park. The address shall be displayed on the lot and be visible at all times.

All items listed above shall comply, where applicable, with all other rules and regulations governing any portion of the development of said Manufactured Home Park.

**24-106 Permits for Placements of Manufactured Homes:** The initial placement, relocation, alteration or replacement of all manufactured homes within the Manufactured Home Park shall require a permit as specified within these Regulations. Responsibility for obtaining the required permit rests solely with the owner/operator of the Manufactured Home Park and not with the owner of the manufactured home. Failure to obtain the required permit shall subject the owner and/or operator to the provisions of Section 24-108 below.

**24-107 Structural Quality of Manufactured Homes:** All manufactured homes proposed to be placed in a Manufactured Home Park in Jefferson County, Kansas, shall have been manufactured in compliance with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards (24 CFR 3280 et seq) promulgated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the owner must show verification of such to the Zoning Administrator to assure said Administrator of compliance with these Regulations.

**24-108 Penalty for Noncompliance:** Failure on the part of a Manufactured Home Park owner and/or operator to comply with the provisions and standards of this Article shall make said owner and/or operator subject to the penalties outlined in Article 31 of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 25
MANUFACTURED HOME SUBDIVISION STANDARDS

Sections:
25-101 Purpose
25-102 Use Regulations
25-103 Supplementary Use Regulations
25-104 Development Plan Approval and Platting Procedures
25-105 Lot, Area and Yard Requirements
25-106 Performance Standards
25-107 Structural Quality of Mobile Homes

25-101 Purpose: The regulations, restrictions, requirements and standards set forth in this Article, or set forth elsewhere in these Regulations when referred to in this Article, are the regulations, restrictions, requirements and standards for Manufactured Home Subdivisions as authorized in Article 23 of these Regulations by the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit. A Manufactured Home Subdivision is intended to accommodate manufactured homes on legally subdivided lots deeded to individual property owners. The planning requirements of this Article are intended to provide a safe and healthful living environment and to assure the mutual compatibility of manufactured home subdivisions with adjoining land uses.

25-102 Use Regulations: In a Manufactured Home Subdivision established with a Conditional Use Permit as authorized in Article 23 of these Regulations, no building, structure, land or premises shall be used and no building or structure shall be hereafter erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or altered within said Manufactured Home Subdivision, except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Manufactured homes used exclusively for single-family occupancy and in accordance with the provisions of these Articles.

2. Residential-design manufactured homes.

3. Service buildings, recreational facilities, maintenance buildings, community buildings and similar uses and buildings which exclusively serve the Manufactured Home Subdivision when held in common ownership by the property owners within the Manufactured Home Subdivision through a homeowners association or other similar organization.

4. Any use permitted or authorized in the "R-1" Single-Family Residential District.

25-103 Supplementary Use Regulations: The Supplementary Uses, including permitted Accessory Uses, shall be the same as permitted or authorized for the "R-1" Single-Family Residential District as found in Article 5 of these Regulations.

25-104 Development Plan Approval and Platting Procedures: The construction, alteration or extension of any Manufactured Home Subdivision shall not be permitted unless a Development Plan has been approved as part of the approval of the Conditional Use Permit and unless the property in question has been platted in accordance with the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations.

1. Development Plan Approval: Application for a Conditional Use Permit for a Manufactured Home Subdivision and Development Plan approval shall be in accordance with the procedures outlined in Article 23 of these Regulations. The application shall
include a Development Plan prepared at a scale of 1" = 100' and shall include, either displayed on or attached to the Development Plan and in addition to the information required in Article 16, the following information:

a. Name and address of the owner/applicant.

b. Location and legal description of the Manufactured Home Subdivision.

c. Topographic survey of the property with contour intervals of 2 feet, natural features and existing utilities.

d. The area and dimensions of the tract of land proposed for the Manufactured Home Subdivision.

e. The number, location and dimensions of all manufactured home lots, location of riser pipes and/or other utility hookups.

f. The location and width of all streets and walkways.

g. The number, location and size of all parking stalls and parking areas.

h. Plans for the water supply, refuse and sewage disposal facilities, electrical service and gas service.

i. The location of water, sewer, gas, electrical, and other utility lines and easements protecting these utilities.

j. Plans for controlling surface drainage.

k. The location of recreation areas, storage areas, laundry areas, and any other facilities and service buildings common to the Manufactured Home Subdivision.

l. The location and description of the lighting system.

m. Plans for screening through the use of plant materials, berming or other landscaping structures and/or features.

n. Other information as may be requested by the Planning Commission or the Governing Body.

The Planning Commission shall review the Development Plan as part of the review of the Conditional Use Permit request, and include its recommendations regarding the approval or denial of the Development Plan to the Governing Body with the recommendations concerning the Conditional Use Permit, or may request modifications to the proposed Development Plan as are deemed necessary to carry out the spirit and intent of this Article. Approval by the Governing Body shall constitute approval and permanency of the Development Plan.
2. **Platting Requirements:** The construction, alteration or extension of any Manufactured Home Subdivision shall be subject to the provisions and requirements of the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations. No building shall be permitted in a Manufactured Home Subdivision until a final plat has been approved in accordance with said Subdivision Regulations, after the approval of a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Article 23 of these Regulations. For the purpose of the Subdivision Regulations, the Development Plan of the Manufactured Home Subdivision may represent the preliminary plat and approval of the Development Plan shall constitute approval of the preliminary plat. No additional fees will be required when the above rule is applied for a Development Plan/ preliminary plat of a Manufactured Home Subdivision, however, all final plat requirements of the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations must be complied with.

25-105 **Lot, Area and Yard Requirements:** The location of manufactured homes, common facilities and service buildings should be arranged within the Manufactured Home Subdivision in a manner which provides optimum open space, accessibility and compatibility of uses. Likewise, the size and orientation of individual lots within a Manufactured Home Subdivision should be designed to provide maximum outdoor living area and a compatible relationship between the manufactured home, parking, storage building area, utility corridor and outdoor living space. The following minimum requirements shall be observed in a Manufactured Home Subdivision:

1. **Manufactured Home Subdivision:**
   a. **Density:** A Manufactured Home Subdivision shall not be developed at a gross density greater than 1 manufactured home lot per 10,000 square feet, excluding road rights-of-way and common open spaces.
   b. **Area:** A Manufactured Home Subdivision shall provide a minimum of 5 acre of gross subdivision area with all individual lots meeting the standards established in this Article.

2. **Individual Manufactured Home Lot:**
   a. **Lot Area:** Each lot shall consist of at least 10,000 square feet.
   b. **Front Yard:** Each lot shall have a front yard of at least 30 feet measured from the front lot line to the closest point of the face of the manufactured home or any accessory structure.
   c. **Side Yard:** Each lot shall have a side yard of at least 10 feet on both sides of the manufactured home.
   d. **Rear Yard:** Each lot shall have a rear yard of at least 20 feet.
   e. **Maximum Height:** No manufactured home or accessory building shall exceed 20 feet in height.
   f. **Lot Dimensions:** The minimum width of a lot shall be 100 feet. The minimum depth of a lot shall be 100 feet.
25-106 Performance Standards: Design and construction standards for streets and all utilities, except water and sewage disposal, shall comply with the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations. Additional minimum requirements pertaining to structural, design, utility service and maintenance features within the Manufactured Home Subdivision shall be as follows:

1. Utilities: All manufactured homes within the Manufactured Home Subdivision shall be served by a public water supply.

   All manufactured homes within the Manufactured Home Subdivision shall be served by a public sanitary sewer system.

   All utility lines shall be placed underground and there shall be no overhead wires or support poles except those required for street or other lighting purposes.

2. Streets: All internal streets within the Manufactured Home Subdivision shall comply with the requirements of the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations.

3. Parking: Adequate parking shall be provided for the use of subdivision residents and guests. Each lot within the subdivision shall have off-street parking space for at least two (2) motor vehicles. Each parking space shall be a minimum of 9 feet by 24 feet.

4. Skirting: Skirting of a durable type of material and construction shall be installed on each manufactured home to enclose the open space between the bottom of the manufactured home floor and the grade level of the manufactured home site. Such skirting shall be constructed of noncombustible material consistent with the exterior surface of the manufactured home and maintained in a manner to enhance the appearance of the Manufactured Home Subdivision. This rule shall not apply if the manufactured home is placed on a permanent foundation on the manufactured home lot.

5. Screening: Effective screening shall be provided along the boundary lines of the Manufactured Home Subdivision to serve as a buffer through the use of plantings, berms or other landscaping features.

6. Lighting: Adequate lighting shall be provided for all streets, walkways, service buildings and other facilities subject to nighttime use.

   All items previously cited, and any other issue concerning the placement of the manufactured home, shall comply, where applicable, with all other rules and regulations governing any portion of the development of the Manufactured Home Subdivision.

25-107 Structural Quality of Manufactured Homes: All manufactured homes proposed to be placed in a Manufactured Home Subdivision in Jefferson County, Kansas, shall have been manufactured in compliance with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards (24 CFR 3280 et seq) promulgated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the owner must show verification of such to the Zoning Administrator to assure said Administrator of compliance with these Regulations.
ARTICLE 26
NONCONFORMING USES

Sections:
26-101 Nonconforming Lots of Record
26-102 Nonconforming Use of Land
26-103 Nonconforming Use of Structures
26-104 Discontinuance of Nonconforming Uses
26-105 Destruction of a Nonconforming Use
26-106 Intermittent Use
26-107 Existence of a Nonconforming Use

26-101 Nonconforming Lots of Record:

1. In Certain Residential Districts:
   a. In the "R-1" Single Family Residential and "V-1" Village districts, notwithstanding the regulations imposed by any other provision of these Regulations, a single-family detached dwelling which complies with the restrictions in Section 26-101-1.b., below, may be erected or expanded on a lot that is not less than 25 feet in width and that consists entirely of a tract of land that:
      (1) Has less than the prescribed minimum lot area, width or depth, or all three, and,
      (2) Is shown by a recorded plat or deed to have been owned separately and individually from adjoining tracts of land at a time when the creation of a lot of such size and width at such location would not have been prohibited by any zoning regulations, and,
      (3) Has remained in separate and individual ownership from adjoining tracts of land continuously during the entire time that the creation of such lot has been prohibited by the applicable zoning regulation or regulations.
   b. Construction permitted by Section 26-101-1.a., above, shall comply with all of the regulations (except lot area, width and depth) applicable to single-family dwellings in the zoning district in which the lot in question is located; provided, however, that the following front and side yard requirements shall apply in place of the front and side yard requirements otherwise applicable:
      (1) The dwelling shall provide a yard on each side of the dwelling.
      (2) The dwelling shall provide a front yard equal to either the required front yard or the established front yard as provided by these Regulations. In no case shall an expansion be allowed to encroach into the required front yard greater than what exists for the existing structure.
      (3) The sum of the widths of the two side yards on each lot shall be not less than the smaller of:
         (a) Twenty-five percent of the width of the lot, or
(b) The minimum total for both side yards prescribed by the bulk regulations for said zoning district, and,

(c) No side yard shall be less than 10 percent of the width of the lot, and in no case less than 3 feet.

26-102 Nonconforming Use of Land: Where open land is being used as a nonconforming use at the time of the enactment of these Regulations, and such use is the principal use and not accessory to the main use conducted in a structure, such use may be continued; provided, such nonconforming use shall not be extended or enlarged, either on the same or adjoining property. The protection afforded to nonconforming use of land by this section applies only to such land held under ownership or lease agreement for said activity on or before the effective date of these Regulations, but shall not apply to new lands purchased or leased after said date. In addition, said protection shall not apply to any activities not legal under the terms of the regulations which these Regulations replace.

26-103 Nonconforming Use of Structures: Except as otherwise provided herein, the lawful use of a structure existing on the effective date of these Regulations may be continued although such use does not conform to the provisions hereof. Whenever a nonconforming use has been changed to a conforming use, such use shall not thereafter be changed to a nonconforming use. The nonconforming use of a structure may be hereafter extended throughout those parts of a structure which were lawfully and manifestly arranged or designed for such use at the time of the enactment of these Regulations.

26-104 Discontinuance of Nonconforming Uses: No land or structure or portion thereof used in whole or in part for a nonconforming use which remains idle or unused for a continuous period of six (6) months, whether or not the equipment, fixtures, improvements or facilities are removed, shall again be used except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which such land or structure is located.

26-105 Destruction of a Nonconforming Use: No structure which has been damaged by any cause whatsoever to the extent of more than 50 percent of the fair market value of the structure, immediately prior to damage, shall be restored except in conformity with the provisions of these Regulations, and all rights as a nonconforming use are terminated. If a structure is damaged by less than 50 percent of the fair market value, it may be repaired or reconstructed and used as before the time of damage, provided, that such repairs or reconstruction be substantially completed within twelve (12) months of the date of such damage.

26-106 Intermittent Use: The casual, intermittent, temporary or illegal use of land or structures shall not be sufficient to establish the existence of a nonconforming use. The existence of a nonconforming use on the part of a lot or tract shall not be construed to establish a nonconforming use on the entire lot or tract.

26-107 Existence of a Nonconforming Use: Whether a nonconforming use exists shall be a question of fact and shall be decided by the Zoning Administrator, subject to appeal to the Board of Zoning Appeals after public notice and hearing and in accordance with the rules of the Board and of these Regulations.
ARTICLE 27  BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS

Sections:
27-101 Organization and Procedure
27-102 Powers and Duties
27-103 Variances
27-104 Special Exceptions
27-105 Special Yard and Height Exceptions
27-106 Guidelines for Conditions
27-107 Application
27-108 Stay of Proceedings
27-109 Public Hearing
27-110 Findings and Records of Proceedings
27-111 Lapse of Special Exceptions or Variances
27-112 Decisions of the Board

27-101 Organization and Procedure: The Board of Zoning Appeals, as established by the Governing Body by separate resolution, shall administer the details of the application of these Regulations in accordance with the general rules set forth herein. The Board may adopt rules and regulations as it may deem necessary to effectuate the provisions of these Regulations.

27-102 Powers and Duties:

1. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall have the following powers:

   a. In accordance with the specific provisions of this Article, to authorize upon appeal of specific cases such variance from the terms of these Regulations as will not be contrary to the public interest where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of these Regulations would result in unnecessary hardship, and so that the spirit of these Regulations shall be observed and substantial justice done.

   b. To hear and decide those special exceptions to the terms of these Regulations upon which such Board is required to pass under these Regulations.

   c. The Board may conduct an initial review of cases, prior to a full hearing on the merits, to determine the issue of the Board’s jurisdiction.

   d. To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative official in the enforcement of these Regulations. However, no hearing on the merits shall be required in cases in which the Board determines from an initial review that it lacks jurisdiction. Such cases shall include the following:

      (1) Cases in which appeals are not timely filed;

      (2) Cases in which an administrative official is implementing rulings previously issued by the Board of Zoning Appeals or the Planning Commission; and,

      (3) Cases in which an administrative official makes a decision unrelated to the administration of the planning and zoning regulations.
2. The Zoning Administrator shall have the following powers and duties:
   a. To act as the agent of the Board.
   b. To receive all documents and materials incident to variance appeals, special exceptions and appeals of an administrative official enforcing these Regulations.
   c. To transmit complete appeals to the Board.
   d. To refuse to submit to the Board any appeals which are incomplete or defective. “Incomplete or defective” appeals shall include, but not be limited to: incomplete appeals forms, failure to utilize the required appeal form and failure to pay the docket fee.
   e. To advise the Board in which the Board’s jurisdiction may be an issue.

27-103 Variances: The Board of Zoning Appeals shall have the power to grant the following variances:

1. A variation in the bulk requirements in any district so as to relieve practical difficulties or particular hardships in cases, when and where, by reason of exceptional narrowness, shallowness or shape of a specific piece of property, or by reason of exceptional topographical conditions or other extraordinary or exceptional situations or conditions of such piece of property, the strict application of each regulation or restriction would result in peculiar and exceptional practical difficulties to, or exceptional hardship upon the owner of such property. Such variance shall comply, as nearly as possible, in every respect with the spirit, intent and purpose of these Regulations; it being the purpose of this provision to authorize the granting of variation only for reasons of demonstrable and exceptional hardship as distinguished from variations sought by applicants for purposes or reasons of convenience, profit, or caprice. Such variance shall be granted only when public safety and welfare are secured, and substantial justice done.

2. A request for a variance may be granted in such case, upon a finding by the board that ALL of the following conditions have been met:
   a. The variance requested arises from such condition which is unique to the property in question and which is not ordinarily found in the same zone or district; and is not created by an action or actions of the property owner(s) or of the applicant;
   b. The granting of the variance will not adversely affect the rights of adjacent property owners or residents;
   c. The strict application of the provisions of the zoning regulations of which variance is requested will constitute unnecessary hardship upon the property owner represented in the application;
   d. The variance desired will not adversely affect the public health, safety, order, convenience, prosperity, or general welfare, and;
   e. That granting the variance desired will not be opposed to the general spirit and intent of these Regulations.
27-104 Special Exceptions: In order to provide for adjustment in the relative locations of uses and buildings of the same or different classifications, to promote the usefulness of these Regulations as an instrument for fact finding, interpretation, application, and adjustment, and to supply the necessary elasticity to its efficient operation; special exceptions are hereby permitted by the terms of this Article. The following buildings and uses are permitted as special exceptions if the Board of Zoning Appeals finds that in its opinion, as a matter of fact, such exceptions will not adversely affect the uses of adjacent and neighboring property permitted by these Regulations:

1. Replacing a nonconforming mobile home or manufactured home with a newer and/or larger manufactured home on the same lot; provided, said reestablished manufactured home, if approved, shall be set up in accordance with these Regulations and be properly skirted within 60 days of the placement of said manufactured home.

2. A manufactured home or recreational vehicle on an individual lot on an emergency basis on any lot where the permanent dwelling unit has been destroyed by fire, storm or other such calamity and the dwelling unit has been rendered uninhabitable, and where the placement of the manufactured home or recreational vehicle will be for a period longer than one (1) year. The placement of the manufactured home or recreational vehicle for a period not greater than one (1) year is allowed under these conditions by the issuance of an administrative permit by the Zoning Administrator under Section 28-111 of these Regulations.

3. Placing a manufactured home as a second home on a lot under instances of extreme hardship or necessity as determined by the Board, provided:
   a. The applicant shall clearly state the hardship or reason of necessity for requesting the Special Exception.
   b. The Special Exception may be permitted for a period of up to three (3) years and may be renewed for successive three (3) year periods; provided, however, that at such time as the hardship or reason of necessity shall cease to exist, the Special Exception shall become null and void and said manufactured home shall be forthwith removed.
   c. Such manufactured home shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition and shall comply with the Jefferson County Sanitary Code and all other applicable adopted codes and procedures of Jefferson County.

4. A nonconforming commercial use to extend to the entire lot or a larger portion of the lot where there is now a commercial use on a portion of the lot.

5. A nonconforming commercial use on a lot between two lots which are used commercially.

6. A nonconforming use now existing in any part of a building to be extended vertically or laterally to other portions of the building. In a building now occupied by a nonconforming commercial or industrial use, an additional use of the same classification in the remainder of the building.
7. The extension of an existing nonconforming building and the existing use thereof, upon the lot occupied by such building at the time of the passage of these Regulations; or the erection of an additional building upon the lot owned at the time of the passage of these Regulations by a nonconforming commercial or industrial establishment and which additional building is a part of such establishment.

8. Where a use district boundary line crosses a lot, a use of either classification on the whole lot within 100 feet of said district boundary line.

9. Off-street parking areas, adjacent to or at a reasonable distance from the premises on which parking areas are required by the parking regulations of these Regulations where practical difficulties, including the acquisition of property, or undue hardships are encountered in locating such parking areas on the premises and where the purpose of these Regulations to relieve congestion in the streets would be best served by permitting such parking off the premises.

10. The placement of a manufactured home or a mobile home on any property for use as an office, storage unit or other use different from its original design as a residence. This does not apply to the placement of “prefabricated structures” which are designed as portable offices, portable classrooms and the like.

27-105 Special Yard and Height Exceptions: The following special yard exceptions, limited as to location and especially in locations described below in this section, are permitted by these Regulations if the Board of Zoning Appeals finds that in its opinion, as a matter of fact, such exception will not substantially affect adversely the uses of adjacent and neighboring property permitted by these Regulations and provided such exceptions are approved by the Board:

1. An exception in the yard regulations on a lot where, on the adjacent lot, there is a front, side or rear yard that does not conform with the yard regulations.

2. A yard exception on a corner lot, or lots opposite or adjoining permanent open spaces, including parks and playgrounds.

3. An exception in the depth of the rear yard on a platted lot in a block where there are nonconforming rear yard conditions.

4. An exception where there are irregularities in depths of existing front yards on a street frontage on the side of a street between two intersecting streets, so that any one of the existing depths shall, for a building hereafter constructed or extended, be the required minimum front yard depth.

27-106 Guidelines for Conditions: Where, in these Regulations, special exceptions are permitted, provided they are approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals where the Board is authorized to decide appeals or approve certain uses, and where the Board is authorized to approve variances; such approval, decision, or authorization shall be limited by such conditions as the case may require, including, if necessary, any of the following specifications:

1. No outside signs or advertising structures except professional or directional signs.

2. Limitations of signs as to size, type, color, location or illumination.
3. Amount, direction, and location of outdoor lighting.

4. Amount and location of off-street parking and loading space.

5. Maintenance requirements including cleaning and painting of buildings, structures or facilities.

6. Type of roof (i.e., gable, flat, etc.).

7. Construction design and type of construction materials to be used.

8. Whether the buildings, if multiple buildings are proposed, can be connected or not.

9. Exit, entrance, door and window locations.

10. The type and amount of paving, landscaping, fencing, screening and other such features.

11. Hours of operation, including limitations on nighttime hours.

12. Limitations on structural alterations to existing buildings.

13. Plans for the control or elimination of smoke, dust, gas, noise or vibration caused by the proposed use.

14. Such other conditions and/or limitations that are deemed necessary.

27-107 Application: Written application for a variance, a special exception, or an appeal referred to in this Article shall be filed with the Board or its agent, upon forms and in a manner prescribed by the Board. Said application shall be submitted within 30 days of the action requiring said variance, special exception or appeal.

27-108 Stay of Proceedings: Upon the application for an appeal of an order, requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative official in the enforcement of these Regulations, said application shall stay all legal proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from unless the Zoning Administrator certifies to the Board, after the application for appeal has been filed with him, that by reason of facts stated in the certificate the stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life or property. In such case the proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order which may be granted by the Board, or by a court of competent jurisdiction on application, on notice to the Zoning Administrator and on due cause shown.

27-109 Public Hearing:

1. The Board may conduct an initial review in cases on the limited issue of jurisdiction. If the Board determines it does not have jurisdiction, no hearing on the merits is necessary. Cases in which no jurisdiction exists include the instances in Section 27-102(1)(a)(1) through (3). The Board’s ruling of no jurisdiction is appealable to a court of competent jurisdiction. In the event the Board rules that is has jurisdiction, a hearing on the merits shall proceed.
2. The Board shall hold a public hearing on each complete application for an appeal, decision, variance or special exception for which it has jurisdiction. Applications for a variance or special exception must be accompanied with a list of property owners, and their addresses, within 1,000 feet of the property for which the variance or special exception is being sought, except the notification area need only extend 200 feet into an incorporated city when said property is near or abuts said incorporated city. Upon special direction, the applicant shall provide a certified list of the owners of record of said lands at the time of the filing of the application, otherwise the Zoning Administrator shall compile said list from the records of Jefferson County, Kansas. On all applications, notice of the time and place of the public hearing shall be published once in the official County paper not less than 20 days prior to the date of such public hearing. In addition, for all applications for a variance or special exception all property owners in the notification area shall be notified by first class U.S. mail, postage prepaid, of such public hearing and be given an opportunity to attend and be heard regarding such application for a variance or special exception.

27-110 Findings and Records of Proceedings: The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hold the public hearing at such prescribed time and place and shall make its findings and determinations in writing within a reasonable time from the date of filing of the application, and shall forthwith transmit a copy thereof to the applicant. The Board shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions, which shall be a public record.

27-111 Lapse of Special Exceptions or Variances: After the Board of Zoning Appeals has approved a special exception or granted a variance, the special exception or variance so approved or granted shall lapse after the expiration of one (1) year if no substantial construction or change of use has taken place in accordance with the plans for which such special exception or variance was granted, and the provisions of these Regulations shall thereafter govern.

27-112 Decisions of the Board: In exercising the foregoing powers, the Board of Zoning Appeals, in conformity with the provisions of this Article, may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision or determination, and to that end shall have all the powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken; may attach appropriate conditions and may issue or direct the issuance of a permit. Any person, official or governmental agency dissatisfied with any order or determination of the Board of Zoning Appeals may bring an action in the District Court of Jefferson County, Kansas, to determine the reasonableness of any such order or determination within thirty (30) days of the rendering of the order or determination by said Board of Zoning Appeals.
Sections:
28-101 Enforcement
28-102 Zoning Certificate
28-103 Application for Zoning Certificate
28-104 Fees
28-105 Issuance of Zoning Certificate
28-106 Revocation of Zoning Certificate
28-107 Stop Order
28-108 Period of Validity
28-109 Certificate of Occupancy
28-110 Reports
28-111 Administrative Permit
28-112 Vesting of Development Rights

28-101 Enforcement: It shall be the duty of the Zoning Administrator to enforce the provisions of these Regulations and to refuse to issue any certificate for any building, or for the use of any premises, which would violate any of the provisions of these Regulations. It shall also be the duty of all officers and employees of Jefferson County, Kansas, to assist the Zoning Administrator by reporting any seeming violation in new construction, reconstruction or land use. In case any building is erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, altered, repaired or converted or any building or land is used in violation of these Regulations, the Zoning Administrator is hereby authorized and directed to institute any appropriate action to put an end to such violation.

28-102 Zoning Certificate: No building, structure, or addition thereto constructed, built, moved, remodeled or reconstructed after the effective date of these Regulations shall be occupied or used for any purpose; and no land vacant on the effective date of these Regulations shall be used for any other purpose; and no use of any land or structure shall be changed to any other use, unless a zoning certificate shall first be obtained from the Zoning Administrator certifying that the proposed use or occupancy complies with all the provisions of these Regulations. No agricultural use or farm dwelling proposed to be established shall be required to pay any fee for said certificate.

28-103 Application for Zoning Certificate: The application for a zoning certificate shall be made on forms provided by the Zoning Administrator and shall be accompanied by a site plan of the real estate upon which said application is made. Said site plan shall be drawn to scale showing the following items:

1. Legal description of the real estate involved.
2. Location and size of all buildings, structures, yards and open space.
3. Width and length of all entrances and exits to and from said real estate.
4. All adjacent and adjoining roads or highways.
5. Sufficient grades and elevations to establish the proper placement of buildings, adequate sewage disposal systems, the proper drainage of the property, and the applicability of possible floodplains.
6. Location and specifications of all signs, lighting, fencing, screening, landscaping and other such site improvements.

Site plans so furnished shall be filed by the Zoning Administrator and shall become a permanent record. A record of all zoning certificates shall be kept on file in the Office of the Zoning Administrator.

28-104 Fees: An application for a zoning certificate shall be accompanied by such fee as shall be officially specified by resolution of the Governing Body from time to time.

28-105 Issuance of Zoning Certificate: A zoning certificate shall be either issued or refused by the Zoning Administrator within 10 working days after the receipt of the application thereof, or within such further period as may be agreed to by the applicant. When the Zoning Administrator refuses to issue a zoning certificate, the applicant shall be advised of the reasons for the refusal in writing.

28-106 Revocation of Zoning Certificate: A zoning certificate issued in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations may be revoked by the Zoning Administrator if he finds that prior to the completion of the structure for which the permit was issued there is a departure from the approved plans, specifications and/or requirements or conditions required under the terms of the zoning certificate, or the same was issued under false representation, or that any other provisions of these Regulations are being violated.

28-107 Stop Order: Failure, refusal or neglect of any property owner, or his authorized representative, to apply for and secure a valid zoning certificate, including the payment of the prescribed fee, shall be reason for the issuance of a "stop order" by the Zoning Administrator; provided said owner or authorized representative shall have been notified in writing at least 48 hours prior to the issuance of said stop order that he is in violation of regulations of the County. Said stop order shall be posted on or near the property in question, in a conspicuous place and no further construction shall proceed. Where such construction has proceeded without filing for and receiving a valid permit, the fee for the issuance of a subsequent zoning certificate shall be quadrupled.

28-108 Period of Validity: A zoning certificate shall become null and void ninety (90) days after the date on which it is issued unless within such ninety (90) day period construction, building, moving, remodeling or reconstruction of a structure is commenced or a use is commenced. A zoning certificate shall expire upon issuance of a certificate of occupancy as specified herein, or within one (1) year from the date of issuance of the certificate, regardless of the state of completion of the construction authorized by said certificate. Any construction not completed when a zoning certificate expires shall cease and no new construction may commence until such time as a newly issued zoning certificate is issued in conformance with this Article and these Regulations.

28-109 Certificate of Occupancy: No new or existing building or structure shall be occupied or used, and no change in the character or use of land or of a building shall occur, until a certificate of occupancy has been issued by the Zoning Administrator certifying that such building or use complies with all requirements of these Regulations and other applicable Jefferson County rules and regulations.
28-110 **Reports:** The Zoning Administrator shall periodically report in writing to the Governing Body and Planning Commission a summary of all zoning certificates and certificates of occupancy issued during the preceding period, giving details of any permitted variations, as well as the current status of all applications in process for amendments, conditional uses, appeals, and variances. Such report shall include comments on any problems encountered in the administration of these Regulations which may need correction by amendment to these Regulations.

28-111 **Administrative Permit:** A manufactured home or recreational vehicle on an individual lot may be authorized by the Zoning Administrator, on an emergency basis for a period not to exceed one (1) year, on any lot where the permanent dwelling unit has been destroyed by fire, storm or other such calamity and the dwelling unit has been rendered uninhabitable. If the authorization for the emergency placement of such manufactured home or recreational vehicle unit lasts longer than one (1) year, a Special Exception may be granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals for an additional period of time, provided, the procedures for approval of Special Exceptions outlined in Article 27 herein are followed.

28-112 **Vesting of Development Rights:** In conformance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-764, and any subsequent amendments, the following shall apply:

1. The rights of landowners of properties platted or subdivided for residential development shall be protected for use of said land for the intended residential purposes for a period of five (5) years from the time in which such property was first platted or subdivided, provided:
   a. Verifiable evidence is presented showing the date in which said plat or subdivision of land was first created. Acceptable evidence shall be: signed and sealed certificates or plats of survey from a Registered Land Surveyor showing the several lots proposed to be created, either dated or dated and recorded with the Register of Deeds; recorded Restrictive or Protective Covenants for the development; recorded deeds conveying land; or recorded Affidavits of Equitable Interest on contracts for deed for said tracts of land.
   b. Within said five (5) year period actual sales occur resulting in separate owners on the tracts of land.
   c. The division of land was legally done in conformance with the then Jefferson County Zoning and Subdivision Regulations.

2. Except for lots in a recorded plat, any remaining contiguous tracts of land within the area divided under this rule held in common ownership at the conclusion of said five (5) year period shall be considered an unplatted lot and subsequent divisions of said lot shall be in conformance with the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations then in effect.

3. Properties divided or platted for any use other than agricultural or residential purposes shall not be permitted to develop or further develop except in conformance with these Regulations and the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations. Persons who obtain a validly issued permit under the previous Jefferson County Zoning Regulations shall be permitted to develop the property so long as the permit issued under the previous Jefferson County Zoning Regulations does not expire. Failure to start construction under said permit before the expiration of the permit shall not protect the owner from the provisions of these Regulations or the Jefferson County Subdivision Regulations then in effect.
ARTICLE 29
SPECIAL EVENTS

Sections:
29-101 Purpose and Intent
29-102 Special Event Defined
29-103 Special Events Not Requiring a Permit
29-104 Special Events Subject to an Administrative Permit
29-105 Special Events Subject to Governing Body Approval
29-106 Application and Fee

29-101 Purpose and Intent: The purpose and intent of this Article is to provide for the temporary use of land for special events in a manner consistent with its normal use and beneficial to the general welfare of the public. Furthermore, it is the intent of this Article to protect nearby property owners, residents and businesses from special events which may be disruptive, obnoxious, unsafe or inappropriate given site conditions, traffic patterns, land use characteristics, and the nature of the proposed use. Finally, it is the intent of this Article to preserve the public health, safety and convenience.

29-102 Special Event Defined: The term "special event" shall mean a temporary, short-term use of land or structures, not otherwise included as a permitted or accessory use by these Regulations, for one or more of the following types of activities:

1. Type 1. Fund-raising or non-commercial events for nonprofit religious, educational, or community service organizations; including any on-site signs and structures in conjunction with the event.

2. Type 2. Temporary banners attached to the wall of a building or placed across street rights-of-way.

3. Type 3. Promotional activities or devices intended to attract attention to a specific place, business, organization, event or district, such as signs, searchlights or balloons.

4. Type 4. Commercial activities intended to sell, lease, rent or promote specific merchandise, services or product lines, such as a tent sale, trade show, or product demonstration.

5. Type 5. Seasonal sales for Farmer's Markets, Produce Stands, Christmas Tree Sales area, and other similar agricultural product sales.

6. Type 6. Public or private events intended primarily for entertainment or amusement, such as concerts, festivals, carnivals, circuses or parades, or as temporary "one-time" activities of a generally short duration, particularly such activities as "locational" work by film companies. Additionally, the temporary placement of a portable asphalt or concrete plant and attendant materials and equipment during construction work on any public road.

The term "special event" shall not include amusement enterprises, garage sales at an individual residence, transient merchants, or off-site promotional signs.

29-103 Special Events Not Requiring a Permit: Special events meeting the Type 1 definition are allowed without a Special Event Permit, provided all of the following performance standards are met:

1. The special event is conducted entirely on private property owned or leased by the
sponsoring organization as a permanent facility.

2. Any structure used in conjunction with the special event shall meet all applicable yard setbacks, shall be the subject of a valid zoning certificate, and shall be promptly removed upon cessation of the event.

3. The special event shall be restricted to hours of operation between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m., to a maximum duration of four (4) days, and to a maximum frequency for similar events of two (2) times per calendar year.

29-104 Special Events Subject to an Administrative Permit: Special events meeting the following standards may be issued a Special Event Permit administratively by the Zoning Administrator. In administering the provisions of this section, the Zoning Administrator shall be guided by applicable County policies as adopted by the Governing Body. Any applicant denied a Special Event Permit shall be notified in writing of the reasons for the denial and of the opportunity to appeal the denial to the Governing Body.

1. Special events meeting the Type 2 definition may be permitted administratively by the Zoning Administrator, provided that all of the following performance standards are met:
   a. An application is made and a fee paid in accordance with Section 29-106.
   b. No more than one banner will be displayed when attached to the wall of a building.
   c. The banner shall not be more than 40 square feet in size.
   d. The banner will be displayed for a maximum duration of fifteen (15) days per permit.

2. Special events meeting the Type 3 or Type 4, or Type 5 definitions, and Type 1 events not meeting the standards of Section 29-103, may be permitted administratively by the Zoning Administrator subject to the prior review and approval of special arrangements for traffic and crowd control by the Sheriff, Fire Chief of the appropriate Fire District, and Road and Bridge Superintendent. No such administrative permit shall be issued unless all of the following performance standards are met:
   a. An application is made and a fee paid in accordance with Section 29-106.
   b. The special event will not cause undue traffic congestion or accident potential given anticipated attendance and the design of adjacent streets, intersections and traffic controls.
   c. The activity shall not cause the overcrowding of parking facilities given anticipated attendance and the possible reduction in the number of available spaces caused by the event itself.
   d. The special event shall not endanger the public health, safety, or welfare given the nature of the activity, its location on the site, and its relationship to parking and access points.
   e. The special event shall not impair the usefulness, enjoyment or value of adjacent
property due to the generation of excessive noise, dust, smoke, odor, glare, litter or visual pollution. Specific mitigation measures shall be presented.

f. Any structure used in conjunction with the special event shall meet all sight distance requirements, shall be the subject of a valid zoning certificate, and shall be promptly removed upon the cessation of the event.

g. The special event shall be conducted on private property where the property owner has granted the appropriate permission.

h. The duration and hours of operation of the special event shall be consistent with the intent of the event and the surrounding land uses

1. Seasonal sales for Farmer’s Markets, Produce Stands, Christmas Tree Sales area, and other similar agricultural product sales shall be for either; a time span not to exceed 90 consecutive days a year; or no more than two (2) days per week for 24 consecutive weeks.

2. For Type 1, Type 3 and Type 4 Special Events the permit shall be for no more than ten (10) consecutive days.

29-105 Special Events Subject to Governing Body Approval: Any special event not meeting the criteria of Sections 29-103 or 29-104 may be granted a Special Event Permit by the Governing Body. Such permit may be subject to such conditions and safeguards as the Governing Body may deem necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare. These conditions may include, but shall not be limited to:

1. Restrictions on the hours of operation, duration of the event, size of the activity, or other operational characteristic.

2. The posting of a performance bond to help ensure that the operation of the event and the subsequent restoration of the site are conducted according to Governing Body expectations.

3. The provision of traffic control or security personnel to increase the public safety and convenience.

4. Obtaining liability and personal injury insurance in such form and amount as the Governing Body may find necessary to protect the safety and general welfare of the community.

29-106 Application and Fee:

1. No Special Event Permit shall be issued until an application has been submitted to the Zoning Administrator and the appropriate fee paid. The application shall be made on forms provided by the Zoning Administrator, and shall be accompanied by the following items as applicable:

   a. A letter from the applicant describing the proposed event, the hours of operation, the duration of the event, anticipated attendance, and any structures, signs or attention-attracting devices used in conjunction with the event.

   b. A sketch plan showing the location of the proposed activities, structures and signs in relation to existing buildings, parking areas, streets and property lines.

   c. A letter from the property owner or manager, if different from the applicant, agreeing to the special event.
2. Each application for a Special Event Permit shall be accompanied by an application fee, except that such fee shall be waived for any applicant registered with the State of Kansas as a nonprofit organization. The fees shall be as established by the Governing Body by separate resolution.

3. The Special Event Permit shall be posted on the site for the duration of the event.
ARTICLE 30 AMENDMENTS

Sections:
30-101 Who May Petition or Apply
30-102 Procedures for Consideration of Request for Amendments, Revisions or Changes
30-103 Referral of Amendments to Cities
30-104 Posting of Sign
30-105 Factors to be Considered
30-106 Traffic and/or Other Studies
30-107 Limitations on Reapplication for Amendments

30-101 Who May Petition or Apply: Applications for amendments, revisions or changes in the Zoning District Boundary Maps in effect for Jefferson County, Kansas, or for a Conditional Use Permit as authorized by Article 23, may be made by any person who owns the land for which such an amendment, revision, change or Conditional Use Permit is sought, or by the owner’s agent as defined by these Regulations. If such application is made by the owner’s agent, said agent shall enter upon the application the name and current mailing address of the owner and shall submit written authorization to act as agent for said owner prior to the setting of any public hearing. Applications for amendments, revisions or changes to the Zoning Regulations, the Zoning District Boundary Maps and/or Conditional Use Permits may also be made by the Planning Commission or the Governing Body; provided, such proposed amendments, revisions, changes, or Conditional Use shall first be submitted to the Planning Commission for public hearing, recommendation and report and the final decision is made by the Governing Body.

30-102 Procedures for Consideration of Request for Amendments, Revisions or Changes: All applications or requests for amendments, revisions or changes to the Zoning Regulations, the Zoning District Boundary Maps or for a Conditional Use Permit shall be made to the Zoning Administrator on such forms as provided and acceptable to the Zoning Administrator. The payment of the application fee, as established by the Governing Body by separate resolution, shall be made at the time of the submission of the application. Immediately upon receipt of an application for rezoning or Conditional Use by the owner, or his agent, and the payment of the appropriate fee, the Zoning Administrator shall note thereon the date of filing and make a permanent record thereof. An application shall be deemed complete when the Zoning Administrator has received: a completed application form, any required development plan, the application fee, and such other documents necessary to process the application without further delay.

If the application concerns property located within the notification area of any city within Jefferson County as specified in Section 30-103 herein then the application shall be submitted to that city as specified herein. Upon expiration of the review and comment period for said city as specified in Section 30-103, the Zoning Administrator may then process the application hearing by the Jefferson County Planning Commission.

All such proposed applications for amendment, revisions or changes to the Zoning Regulations and/or for a Conditional Use shall be submitted to the Planning Commission for recommendation. The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing thereon and shall cause a written summary to be made of the proceedings. Notice of such hearing shall be published once in the official county newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the hearing. Said notice shall fix the time and place for such hearing, shall give the name and address of the applicant, and shall contain a statement regarding the proposed changes in regulations or restrictions, or in the boundary or classification of any zone or district, or the requested Conditional Use.
If the application is not a general amendment, revision or change to the Zoning Regulations, but is for a rezoning or Conditional Use Permit affecting specific property, the property affected shall be designated by legal description and a general description sufficient to identify the property under consideration. In addition to such publication notice, written notice of such proposed rezoning and/or Conditional Use shall be mailed by First Class U.S. mail, postage prepaid, at least 20 days before the public hearing to all owners of record of lands located within at least 1,000 feet of the area proposed to be altered; provided, said notice shall extend only 200 feet in those areas where the notification area extends within the corporate limits of a city. All notices shall include a statement that a complete legal description is available for public inspection in the office of the Zoning Administrator. When the notice has been properly addressed and deposited in the mail, failure of a party to receive such notice shall not invalidate any subsequent action taken by the Planning Commission or Governing Body. Upon special direction, the applicant shall provide a certified list of the owners of record of said lands at the time of the filing of the application, otherwise the Zoning Administrator shall compile said list from the records of Jefferson County, Kansas.

In the case of an application by the Planning Commission or the Governing Body, all the above stated requirements shall be followed except:

1. No fee shall be required.

2. If the application is for an amendment or revision to the text of the Zoning Regulations, notice of the public hearing shall not be required to be mailed to all affected persons; therefore, a certified list of the owners of land shall not be required.

The Planning Commission shall hold the public hearing at the place and time so stated within the legal notice. The hearing may be adjourned from time to time, and at the conclusion of the same, the Planning Commission shall take action on the request by preparing a recommendation either to approve, approve with conditions as authorized by these Regulations, or disapprove the application by a majority of the members of the Planning Commission present and voting at the hearing. When the Planning Commission fails to make a recommendation on an application, the Planning Commission shall be deemed to have made a recommendation of disapproval. Any such hearing may, for good cause at the request of the applicant, or in the discretion of the Planning Commission, be continued.

When the Planning Commission submits a recommendation of approval or disapproval of such amendment, revision, change or Conditional Use Permit and the reasons therefore, the Governing Body may: 1) adopt such recommendation by resolution; 2) override the Planning Commission's recommendation by a 2/3 majority vote of the membership of the Governing Body; or 3) return such recommendation to the Planning Commission with a statement specifying the basis for the Governing Body's failure to approve or disapprove. If the Governing Body returns the Planning Commission's recommendation, the Planning Commission, after considering the same, may resubmit its original recommendation giving the reasons therefore or submit a new and amended recommendation. Upon the receipt of such recommendation, the Governing Body, by a simple majority thereof, may adopt, may revise or amend and adopt, or may disapprove such recommendation by resolution, or it need take no further action thereon. If the Planning Commission fails to deliver its recommendation to the Governing Body following the Planning Commission's next regular meeting after receipt of the Governing Body's report, the Governing Body shall consider such course of inaction on the part of the Planning Commission as a resubmission of the original recommendation and proceed accordingly. The proposed amendment, revision, change, or Conditional Use Permit, if approved with or without conditions,
shall become effective upon publication of the adopting resolution.

If such amendment or Conditional Use Permit affects the boundaries of any zone or district, the resolution shall describe the boundaries as amended, or if provision is made for the fixing of the same upon the official maps which has been incorporated by reference, the amending resolution shall define the change or the boundary as amended, shall order the official maps be changed to reflect such amendment or Conditional Use, shall amend the section of the resolution incorporating the same and shall reincorporate such maps as amended.

Regardless of whether or not the Planning Commission approves or disapproves a proposed zoning amendment, supplement, change, or Conditional Use Permit, if a protest against an amendment, supplement, change or Conditional Use Permit is filed in the office of County Clerk within 14 days after the date of the conclusion of the public hearing pursuant to the publication notice, duly signed and acknowledged by the owners of record of 20 percent or more of any property proposed to be rezoned, or by the owners of record of 20 percent or more of the total area required to be notified of the proposed amendment, supplement, change or Conditional Use of a specific property, excepting public streets and highways, the resolution of approval shall not be passed except by three-fourths majority vote of the Governing Body.

30-103 Referral of Amendments to Cities: In order to protect the area around all incorporated cities within Jefferson County from untimely, premature, or inappropriate development, all proposed changes in a zoning district (rezonings) or requests for a Conditional Use Permit within the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County and within the designated notification area of all cities within Jefferson County shall be submitted to said city for official review and recommendation. The notification area for each city shall be described by complete and accurate legal description prepared by the city and shall be mutually agreed upon by said city and Jefferson County. Such area shall not exceed that area a city would be able to include within its Zoning Ordinance as outlined in Kansas statutes; however, it shall be limited in scope to what can be reasonably serviced by an extension of the city water and/or sewer services. The notification area may be revised by mutual agreement at any time.

The Zoning Administrator shall submit the application, along with all supporting documentation and any development plans, to the appropriate city once the application has been determined to be complete. The application shall not be set for public hearing by the Jefferson County Planning Commission until the expiration of the review and comment period provided herein for said city; however, the required notices may be published to set the public hearing as soon after the expiration of the 30-day review and comment period as is practical.

Said city shall review such proposed rezoning or Conditional Use request and, within 30 days of receipt thereof, may submit a written recommendation regarding said application to the Jefferson County Planning Commission; or may appear before the Jefferson County Planning Commission and present its recommendation in person; or may elect to make no comments regarding said request. Any recommendation submitted may be from either the Planning Commission or the Governing Body, whichever said city so chooses.

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Regulations or of state law; and in addition to all other rights granted to the applicant and to adjoining landowners; in the event a city recommends that a rezoning or Conditional Use proposed within said notification area be denied; then a resolution of approval of such request shall not be passed except by three-fourths majority vote of the Board of County Commissioners.
30-104 **Posting of Sign**: Each applicant for a rezoning and each applicant for a Conditional Use Permit shall, within 48 hours of filing such application, place a sign upon the lot, tract or parcel of land for which the application was filed. Said sign shall be furnished by the Zoning Administrator to the applicant and the applicant shall firmly affix and attach the sign to a wood or metal backing or frame and place the sign as hereinafter set forth.

Said sign shall be maintained and kept in place by the applicant until final disposition of such application, or until withdrawal of the application. The sign shall be removed by the applicant after final action on the application.

The bottom of said sign shall be a minimum of two (2) feet above the ground line. Said sign shall be placed within five (5) feet of the street right-of-way line, in a position on such lot, tract or parcel of land as to have no visual obstructions thereto and to be readily seen by passersby. If the lot, tract or parcel of land has more than one (1) street abutting thereto, signs shall be placed facing all street frontages.

Failure to comply with this requirement shall not deprive the Planning Commission of its jurisdiction or affect any decision, but may be due cause for the Planning Commission to refuse to hear the application or to adjourn the hearing or to require further notice.

30-105 **Factors to be Considered**: 

1. When a proposed amendment would result in a change of the zoning classification of any specific property, the recommendation of the Planning Commission, accompanied by a copy of the record of the hearing, shall contain statements as to the present classification, the classification under the proposed amendment, the reasons for seeking such reclassification, a summary of the facts presented, and a statement of the factors upon which the recommendation of the Planning Commission is based using the following guidelines:

   a. Whether the change in classification would be consistent with the intent and purpose of these Regulations;

   b. The character and condition of the surrounding neighborhood and its effect on the proposed change;

   c. Whether the proposed amendment is made necessary because of changed or changing conditions in the area affected, and, if so, the nature of such changed or changing conditions;

   d. The current zoning and uses of nearby properties, and the effect on existing nearby land uses upon such a change in classification;

   e. Whether every use that would be permitted on the property as reclassified would be compatible with the uses permitted on other property in the immediate vicinity;

   f. The suitability of the applicant's property for the uses to which it has been restricted;
g. The length of time the subject property has remained vacant or undeveloped as zoned; provided, the use of land for agricultural purposes shall be considered as viable use of the land and not be considered as allowing the land to be vacant or undeveloped;

h. Whether adequate sewer and water facilities, and all other needed public services including transportation, exist or can be provided to serve the uses that would be permitted on the property if it were reclassified;

i. The general amount of vacant land that currently has the same zoning classification proposed for the subject property, particularly in the vicinity of the subject property, and any special circumstances that make a substantial part of such vacant land available or not available for development;

j. The recommendations of permanent or professional staff;

k. Whether the proposed amendment would be in conformance to and further enhance the implementation of the Comprehensive Plan;

l. Whether the relative gain to the public health, safety, and general welfare outweighs the hardship imposed upon the applicant by not upgrading the value of the property by such a reclassification; and,

m. Such other factors as may be relevant from the facts and evidence presented in the application.

2. Because of particular conditions associated with their activities, certain uses which might have an adverse effect upon nearby properties or upon the character and future development of a district are not permitted outright in districts, but are permitted as Conditional Uses when their proposed location is supplemented by additional requirements so as to make the use requested compatible with the surrounding property, the neighborhood and the zoning jurisdiction.

In approving a Conditional Use, the minimum requirements of approval for all similar types of permitted uses in the same district must be met unless otherwise reduced by specific reference in the recommendation of the Planning Commission or the approval of the Governing Body. The requirements may be made more stringent if there are potentially injurious effects which may be anticipated upon other property and the neighborhood or contrary to the welfare and convenience of the public.

The Planning Commission may recommend approval of a Conditional Use, and the Governing Body may approve such Conditional Use, using the following factors as guidelines:

a. Whether approval of the Conditional Use would be consistent with the intent and purpose of these Regulations;

b. Whether the location of the proposed use is compatible to other land uses in the surrounding neighborhood;
c. Whether the proposed use places an undue burden on the existing transportation and service facilities in the area affected and, if so, whether such additional transportation and service facilities can be provided;

d. Whether the proposed use is made necessary or desirable because of changed or changing conditions in the area affected;

e. The length of time the subject property has remained vacant or undeveloped as zoned; provided, the use of land for agricultural purposes shall be considered as viable use of the land and not be considered as allowing the land to be vacant or undeveloped;

f. Whether the applicant's property is suitable for the proposed use;

g. The recommendations of permanent or professional staff;

h. Whether the proposed Conditional Use would be in conformance to and further enhance the implementation of the Comprehensive Plan;

i. Whether the relative gain to the public health, safety, and general welfare outweighs the hardship imposed on the applicant by not upgrading the value of the property by approving the proposed Conditional Use; and,

j. Whether the proposed Conditional Use, if it complies with all the conditions upon which the approval is made contingent (as authorized in Article 22 of these Regulations), will not adversely affect the property in the area affected.

k. Such other factors as may be relevant from the facts and evidence presented in the application.

30-106 Traffic and/or Other Studies: In the case of an application for rezoning of land or for a Conditional Use Permit for a use which may, in the opinion of the Planning Commission or Governing Body, substantially change traffic patterns, create traffic congestion, and/or have a perceived impact on the community of such magnitude warranting special study, either the Jefferson County Planning Commission or Governing Body may require that the applicant procure the services of a competent professional consultant or expert for the purpose of preparing such traffic and/or other studies deemed necessary.

A traffic study must address how the traffic generated by the proposed development will be handled on the site; how vehicular ingress and egress from the site onto public roads will function; and, show that no undue burden will be placed upon the existing public road system. The study shall include recommendations of the on-site and off-site improvements necessary to achieve appropriate levels of traffic safety.

The other studies shall address the substance of the concern and/or impacts and shall identify the extent of such impacts and any and all mitigation remedies possible to lessen those impacts on the neighborhood and/or citizens and taxpayers of Jefferson County, Kansas.
The results of the traffic study and/or other studies shall be used in determining the impact of the proposed rezoning or conditional use permit and guide the development of a recommendation or decision regarding the same, including requirements of construction and/or installation of the recommended improvements outlined with the traffic study or such other studies.

30-107 **Limitations on Reapplication for Amendments:** Whenever an application for amendment, supplement, change, rezoning or Conditional Use Permit has been denied by the Governing Body, such application or one substantially similar shall not be reconsidered sooner than one (1) year after the said denial.
ARTICLE 31
INTERPRETATION, CONFLICT, REMEDIES AND PENALTY

Sections:
31-101 Interpretation and Conflict
31-102 Remedies Available
31-103 Penalty

31-101 Interpretation and Conflict: In interpreting and applying the provisions of these Regulations, they shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety, convenience, comfort, prosperity, or general welfare. It is not intended by these Regulations to interfere with, or abrogate or annul any easements, covenants or other agreement between parties. Where the conditions or requirements imposed by the provisions of these Regulations are either more restrictive or less restrictive than comparable conditions or restrictions imposed by any other provision of any other applicable law, ordinance, resolution, rule or regulation of any kind, the regulations which are more restrictive and impose higher standards or requirements shall apply.

If any property is not given a zoning classification on the Zoning District Boundary Maps because of error or omission, such property shall be classified "AG" Agricultural until changed by amendment, unless authorized by these Regulations.

31-102 Remedies Available: In case any building or structure is or is proposed to be erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, altered, converted, or maintained, or any building, structure, or land is or is proposed to be used in violation of these Regulations, the Zoning Administrator, County Attorney, or other appropriate authority of Jefferson County, Kansas, may, in addition to all other remedies, institute injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, relocation, alteration, conversion, maintenance, or use, or to correct or abate such violation, or to prevent the occupancy of a building, structure or land as authorized by K.S.A. 12-760, and amendments thereto.

31-103 Penalty: Any person or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of these Regulations or fail to comply herewith, or with any of the requirements thereof; or who shall build or alter any building in violation of any detailed statement or plan submitted and approved hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be liable to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500.00) and/or imprisonment for not more than six (6) months for each offense and each day such violation shall be permitted to exist shall constitute a separate offense. The owner of any building or premises or part thereof, where anything in violation of these Regulations shall be placed, or shall exist, and any architect, builder, contractor, agent, person, or corporation employed in connection therewith, and who assisted in the commission of any such violation, shall be guilty of a separate offense and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to the same fine as hereinbefore provided.
Sections:
32-101 Validity
32-102 Accrued Rights and Liabilities Saved
32-103 Severability
32-104 Effective Date
32-105 Repealing Clause

32-101 Validity: If any section, paragraph, subdivision, clause, phrase, or provision of these Regulations shall be adjudged invalid or held unconstitutional the same shall not effect the validity of these Regulations as a whole or any part or provision thereof, other than the part so decided to be invalid or unconstitutional. All regulations or parts of regulations in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

32-102 Accrued Rights and Liabilities Saved: The repeal of the existing Zoning Regulations provided in Section 32-105 herein shall not affect any rights accrued, fines, penalties, forfeitures, or liabilities incurred thereunder, or actions involving any of the provisions of said Regulations or parts thereof. Said Regulations below repealed are hereby continued in force and effect, after the passage, approval and publication of these Regulations, for the purpose of such rights, fines, penalties, forfeitures, liabilities or actions thereof.

32-103 Severability: Each article, section and subdivision or a section of these Regulations are hereby declared to be independent of every other article, section, or subdivision or section, so far as inducement for the passage of these Regulations is concerned.

32-104 Effective Date: These Regulations, being designated as the "Zoning Regulations of Jefferson County, Kansas," shall be in full force and effect within the unincorporated portion of Jefferson County, Kansas, from and after its passage and publication in accordance with K.S.A. 12-3301 through 12-3305.

32-105 Repealing Clause: These Regulations repeal all other rules, regulations and/or resolutions of Jefferson County, Kansas, addressing matters contained within these Regulations in their entirety to the extent said rules, regulations and/or resolutions conflict.